

MADAWASKA SCHOOL DEPARTMENT POWER MATH STANDARD

OA.O

"Students can use multiplication or division to solve equations or word problems involving missing numbers and/or a letter standing for an unknown quantity. Example: $(35 \times B = 140)$ " CC: 4.OA.2

| Home or SCHOOL Learn IT | Home or SCHOOL PRACTICE IT | Information For FOR PARENTS |
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| <p>Videos:</p> <p>What is a variable?</p> <p>Simple equations</p> <p>Describing steps when solving problems</p> <p>Operations and algebraic thinking</p> <p>Thinking of operations and algebraic thinking</p> <p>Algebraic thinking</p> <p>Numbers & algebraic thinking</p> | <p>Practice material is on the counter in back of classroom. (Remember: Any time that you are not sure or that you are confused, go back and listen to the videos.)</p> <p>Note: You cannot move on to the next level if you don't know your times tables and how to divide.</p> <p>Practice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work on the practice sheets. Get the answer sheet in the folder and correct your answers. Go back and fix your mistakes, if needed. • Make sure you show your work. • You don't need to do all the practice sheets before taking a prove-it. | <p>Students make drawings to represent word problems (e.g., Gus has two trees in his yard. The first tree is 18 feet tall and the second tree is 6 feet tall. How many of the second tree would equal the height of the first tree?) Students label drawings with measurements and write equations to represent the comparisons (e.g., $18 \div 3 = 6$). Using the same drawings students write a multiplication problem to represent the missing factor in the multiplicative comparison (e.g., $6 \times n = 18$).</p> <p>Students write equations to represent word problems (e.g., Henry is 9 years older than William. William is 4. William is two times older than Lisa.). Students discuss and write equations to determine Henry's age and Lisa's age (e.g., $4 + 9 = \text{Henry}$, Henry is 13 years old. $4 \div 2 = \text{Lisa}$. Lisa is 2 years old.) Students explain why addition solved one equation and division solved the other equation.</p> |

These activities can be done as often as you want. These are to practice your skills.

- [Word problems](#)
- **Not ready yet.** Go on [IXL](#) and do some word problems. (You can go on this as often as you want.)
- Go to auto-scored quizzes at www.multiplication.com

Activities: (on Friday)

- Multiplication game, “I have.... who has?”, in small group. (material for this activity is on the counter underneath the board)
- “Roll and Answer” activity with a partner. You have to roll 2 dice, find the sum, and answer the problem that matches the sum that you rolled. Write your answer in the box. Correct your answers from the binder.
- Multiplicative Comparison cards
- Task cards

Prove it: You have to take 3 different “prove-its”. See Mrs. Daigle when you are ready. If you don’t pass on your “prove-it”,

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| | you have to go back and practice some more. | |
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