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නි.මට්ටම	විෂය අන්තර්ගතය	ඉගෙනුම් ඵල	ක්‍රියාකාරකම	No of perio ds	planning		Actual		Others
					start date	end date	start date	end date	
	8.2 Describes the main components of the relational database model	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relations / Tables <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attributes / Columns Tuples / Rows Relationships Types of Constraints <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A NOT NULL Constraint A Unique Constraint A Primary Key Constraint A Foreign Key Constraint A (Table) Check Constraint 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Defines relations / tables Names and describes main components of a relational database Describes the relationships in terms of relational database model Briefly explains the types of constrains 	4					

	<p>8.3 Analyzes the main components of a database system</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Base Management System • Data definition language (DDL) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Introduction to SQL o Classification of SQL o Creating, using relational database using DDL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Creating table ▪ Alter table <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inserting and deleting attributes - Adding and deleting foreign key and primary key • Data manipulation Language (DML) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o DML Features in SQL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Inserting, modifying, retrieving, updating deleting data o Select Query <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Extracting rows and columns from single table ▪ Extracting rows and columns from multiple tables using inner join operation ▪ Insert Query ▪ Update Query ▪ Delete Query 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lists and briefly describes the component of a database system • Describes the database management system • Defines SQL • Distinguishes between DDL vs. DML • Uses appropriate SQL commands for creating and using database • Uses appropriate commands to create tables with suitable fields and data types • Sets primary key and foreign key while creating table • Uses primary key and foreign key after completion of a table • Hi Creates relationships among tables • Uses appropriate SQL commands to Insert and delete columns, delete foreign key / primary key and to drop table • Uses appropriate SQL commands to drop database • Uses appropriate commands to Insert, 	14					
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			modify retrieve, update and delete data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses appropriate DML commands to query data according to the requirements 						
	8.4. Designs the conceptual schema of a database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ER (Entity Relationship) diagrams <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Entities, attributes o Entity identifiers o Relationships o Cardinality • Introduction to EER (Extended ER) diagrams 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes ER diagram • Describes the components of an ER diagram (entities, attributes) • Describes entity identifiers • Lists and describes relationships • Describes cardinality • Identifies the requirements of a given scenario • Selects entities, attributes and according to the requirement • Draws the ER diagram • Explains the EER diagrams 	12					

	8.5 Designs the logical schema of a database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of the logical schema • Database schema design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Relational schema o Relation instances o Candidate key o Primary key o Alternate key o Foreign key • Domain 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defines logical schema of a database • Describes relational schema • Describes relational instances • Briefly describes Candidate key, primary key, alternate key and foreign key 	6					
	8.6 Transforms ER diagrams to logical schema	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Entity transformation • Attribute transformation • Relationship transformation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes the methods of transformation ER diagram to logical schema • Transforms ER diagrams (entity, attribute, relationships) to logical schema 	6					
	8.7 Normalizes database schema to improve performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Need for normalization- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Redundancies and anomalies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Insert ▪ Update ▪ Delete • Functional dependencies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Full dependency o Partial dependency o Transitive dependency • Levels of normalization <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Zero normal form o First normal form o Second normal form o Third normal form 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes the functional dependencies and categorizes them • Describes abnormalities of an improperly designed table when modifying in terms of insert, update and delete • Describes the zero normal form • Explains the abnormalities which are reduced after the first normal form • Lists the conditions for executing the second normal form 	6					

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explains the abnormalities which are reduced after the second normal form Explains the abnormalities which are reduced after the third normal form 						
Competency 9 : Develops algorithms to solve problems and uses python programming language to encode algorithms	9.1 Uses problem-solving process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the problem Defining the problem and boundaries Planning solution Implementation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describes the steps of problem solving process Implements the solution 	2					
	9.2 Explores the top down and stepwise refinement methodologies in solving problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modularization Top down design and stepwise refinement Structure charts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses stepwise refinement methodology to solve problems Draws structure charts to illustrate a solution for a system 	4					

	9.3 Uses algorithmic approach to solve problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Algorithms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Flow charts o Pseudo codes o Hand traces 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Briefly describes algorithms Identifies the standard symbols used to draw flow charts Draws flow charts to illustrate solutions to a given problem Writes pseudo codes to illustrate solutions to a given problem Uses hand traces to verify the solutions 	6					
	9.4 Compares and Contrasts different programming paradigms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evolution of programming languages Programming paradigms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Imperative languages o Declarative languages o Object oriented languages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describes the evolution of programming language in terms of generations Compares and contrasts imperative, declarative, object oriented languages 	2					
	9.5 Explores the need of program translation and the type of program translators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Need of program translation Source program Object program Program translators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Interpreters o Compilers o Hybrid approach Linkers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describes the need of translation of a program Compares the source and object program Lists and briefly describes the types of program translators Briefly describes the function of linkers 	2					

	<p>9.6 Explores integrated development environment (IDE) to identify their basic features</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic features of IDE • Instructions to use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Opening and saving files o Compiling, executing programs • Debugging facilities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic features of IDE • Instructions to use <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Opening and saving files o Compiling, executing programs • Debugging facilities 	4					
	<p>9.7 Uses an imperative programming language to encode algorithms</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Structure of a program • Comments • Constants and Variables • Primitive data types • Operator categories <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Arithmetical, relational, logical, bitwise • Operator precedence • Input / output <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Input from keyboard o Output to standard devices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifies the structure of a program • Uses comments to identify the usage of code for future reference • Uses constants and variables in a program • Learning outcomes • Periods • o Output to standard devices appropriately • Identifies the primitive data types of a given program language • Identifies and uses operators in a program • Identifies precedence of operators • Writes programs with the facilities of input from keyboard and output to standard devices 	10					

	9.8 Uses control structures in developing programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Control Structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Sequence o Selection o Repetition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Iteration ▪ Looping 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly describes control structures • Lists and briefly describes the types of control structures • Uses control structures appropriately in programming • Applies nested control structures in programs 	12						
	9.9 Uses sub-programs in programming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of subprograms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Built in o User defined <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Structure ▪ Parameter passing ▪ Return values ▪ Default values ▪ Scope of variables 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly describes the functions • Lists and briefly describes the types of functions • Identifies the structure of a function • Compares local and global variables • Identifies the behavior of a variable in terms of life time • Identifies the need of return values and writes functions to obtain the appropriate return value • Writes functions using relevant parameters and arguments • Uses user defined functions 	10						

	9.10 Uses data structures in programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Strings o Lists o Tuples o Dictionaries 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly explains the use of data structures • Uses relevant data structures in programming 	8						
	9.11 Handles files and databases in programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • File handling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Basic file operations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses basic file operations (open, close, read write and append) 	6						
	9.12 Manages data in databases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connecting to a database • Retrieve data • Add, modify and delete data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Embeds SQL statements in programming languages to retrieve, add, modify and delete data 	4						

	9.13 Searches and sorts data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Searching techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Sequential search • Sorting techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Bubble sort 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses sequential searching technique appropriately • Implements bubble sort technique appropriately 	4						
Competency 10: Develops websites incorporating multi-media technologies (using HTML 5)	10.1 Explores the need for web	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The world wide web (www) • Types of web sites <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Information, news o Personal, educational, commercial, Research o Web portals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes www • Analyses the systematic arrangements of contents and structure of a web 	8						
	10.2 Analyses user requirements (multimedia contents)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining the objectives of a website • Contents to be displayed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creates effective and appropriate information layout of a website • Identifies the web pages of a website • Identifies the contents of a web page • Identifies navigation structure 	4						

	<p>10.3 Identifies appropriate HTML tags to design a single web page</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building blocks of a web page <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Page definition <html> </html> o Head section <head></head> <title></title> o Body section <body></body> • Background color o Text formatting <h1>...<h6> tags <p></p>
 Underline, bold, italic – Size and color • Adding comments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyses the arrangement of contents of a web page • Analyses the organization of contents in a web page • Creates a simple web page 	4					
	<p>10.4 Uses HTML to create linked web pages</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contents of a website <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Home page o Linked pages o Hyperlink <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Different sections of the same page(book mark) ▪ Different pages of a same site(local link) ▪ Pages of different sites (External link) • Lists <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Ordered lists o Unordered lists o Definition lists • Image • Tables <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o <table></table> o <th></th> o <tr> </tr> o <td></td> o <caption> oMerging columns and rows • Multimedia objects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explains hypertext markup language • Identifies the standards of HTML • Saves the source document with suitable extensions • Designs the web page by inserting appropriate multimedia objects according to user requirements • Organizes data using lists and tables in the web page • Links pages and multimedia objects to the web page 	16					

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Audio o Video 							
	10.5 Uses Style sheet to change the appearance of web pages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to style sheet • CSS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Syntax, comments • CSS selectors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o element, id, class, group • Ways of inserting CSS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Internal, external, inline • Appearance formatting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Background (color, image) o Text and fonts o Links o Lists o Tables 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly explains style sheet and its usage • Uses the comments and correct syntax in CSS • Uses appropriate selectors to select elements in CSS • Inserts CSS in HTML web pages to improve the appearance • Applies various CSS formatting in HTML web pages to improve the appearance 	8					
	10.6 Uses an authoring tool to create web pages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to web authoring tools 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly explains web authoring tools • Creates web pages using a web authoring tool 	10					
	10.7 Creates dynamic web pages using PHP and MySQL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to dynamic web pages • Embedding PHP code into web page <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Variables o Arrays o Control structures o Functions o Database connectivity o Working with databases • Forms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Input element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Type attribute ▪ Name attribute 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defines dynamic web pages • Creates data source and enters data • Creates PHP code to save/retrieve data to and from MySQL • Develop simple web based information systems 	6					

		<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Value attributeo Text input (Password)o Radio buttonso Check boxo Selectiono Submit buttonso Reset buttono Action attributeo Method attribute<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Get▪ Posto Grouping form data using <fieldset> tago Saving form data into database• Creating data source and entering data• Creating PHP code to retrieve data from MySQL database• Set form values using retrieved data								
	10.8 Publishes and maintains web sites	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Local publishing<ul style="list-style-type: none">o Own computer, intranet• Internet publishing<ul style="list-style-type: none">o Connecting to the web Service providero Publishing web Pages on web server• Factors affecting performance of website	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Publishes the developed website locally• Identifies free web hosting sites from the Internet• Publishes the developed website through a free web hosting site• Investigates the factors affecting performance of website	4						

Competency 11: Explores IoT and identify the building blocks of digital systems to develop simple applications	11.1 Acquires the knowledge of basic building blocks of digital systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Microprocessor Development Systems (MDS) (Arduino Board, Raspberry Pi board, board with etc.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Introduction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Microprocessor Development Systems vs. traditional computer systems o Features <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Analog Input ▪ Digital Input ▪ Microprocessor ▪ Digital Output ▪ RX and TX Pins ▪ USB Port ▪ Power supply ▪ Reset Switch o Connect to the computer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ USB Connectivity ▪ IDE Software (code editor, compiler and programmer) o Simple applications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Switch on/off a LED ▪ Sending ambient light intensity with a LDR and switching on LEDs on light intensity ▪ Sensing the room temperature with temperature sensor and switching on a fan on high temperature and off ▪ Door open/close detection with magnet switch 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifies and lists Microprocessor Development Systems • Describes available features on Microprocessor Development Systems • Identifies necessary software and download them from the Internet to design and write programs into Microprocessor Development System • Develops simple applications using to Microprocessor Development Systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Switch on/off LEDs on ambient light intensity - Door open/close detection with magnetic switch - Run a fan on high temperature 	8					
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	<p>11.2 Explores the Internet of Things (IoT) to create a simple application</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to IoT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Definition ◦ Needs ◦ IoT applications ◦ Enabling technologies • Simple IoT application to construct a remote switch 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defines IoT (Internet of Things) • Identifies the needs of IoT to make day to day smart • Discusses the various applications of IoT • Identifies the enabling technologies for IoT • Designs and Implements an IOT application to remotely control a device through Internet Example:- ON/OFF a television 	7					
Competency 12: Explores applicability of ICT to business organizations and the competitive marketplace	<p>12.1 Explores the role of ICT in the world of business</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ New business methods in digital economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reverse auctions ▪ Group purchasing ▪ e-Marketplace • Pure brick, brick and click, and pure click organizations • Business functions and the role of ICT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Accounting and ICT ◦ Human resource and ICT ◦ Production and ICT ◦ Marketing & sales and ICT ◦ Supply chain management and ICT ◦ Business communication and ICT ◦ Secure payment mechanisms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Payment gateways ▪ Secure credit card payments ▪ Third party systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PayPal etc ▪ Mechanisms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defines digital economy • Lists and describes new business methods in digital economy • Identifies the concepts behind pure brick, brick and click, and pure click organizations • Describes the role of ICT in business functions of an organization 	4					

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Data encryption - Micro credit payments (bit coin etc.) • Threats and opportunities in ecommerce <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Privacy o Product commercialization 							
	12.2 Analyses the relationship between ICT and business operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E-Commerce and e-business <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o The scope of e-commerce and e-business o Types of e-business transactions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ B2B, B2C, C2C, C2B, B2E, G2C • E-Business <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Virtual storefronts o Information brokers o Online marketplace o Content provider o Online service provider o Portal o Virtual Community • Advantages and disadvantages of e-business 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distinguishes the e-commerce and e-business • Investigates the scope of e - commerce and e-business • Lists and briefly describes the types of e- business transactions • Identifies the advantages and disadvantages of e-business 	4					
	12.3 Analyses the ICT in terms of generating and delivering an improved products and services to consumers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E-marketing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Concepts of marketing o Use of ICT in marketing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Web advertising etc • Databases in marketing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Predicting customer behavior with AI tools and techniques o Gaining competitive advantages through ICT • Mobile Marketing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defines e- marketing • Identifies the role of ICT in e-marketing • Investigates the usage of database in marketing activities • to improve the product and services according to the requirements of the customers • Identifies the ways of gaining competitive advantages using ICT 	4					

Competency 13: Explores new trends and future directions of ICT	13.1 Explores new trends and future directions in computing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intelligent and emotional computing • Artificial intelligence • Man-machine coexistence • Machine to machine coexistence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes intelligent and emotional computing. • Explains artificial intelligences • Appreciates man-machine coexistences 	4						
	13.2 Explores the fundamentals and applications of agent technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Software agents • Multi-agent systems • Applications of Agent systems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly describes software agents and their characteristics • Briefly describes multi-agent systems and their characteristics • Identifies the applications of agent systems 	4						
	13.3 Analyzes the existing models of computing and proposes new models	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beyond von-Neumann computer • Nature inspired computing • Biology inspired computing • Fundamentals of quantum computing • Applications 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Predicts the technologies beyond von-Neumann computers 	4						

Date :-

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Signature of the Principal