

## **The title should be short, clear and informative not exceed 20 word (14 pt. Adobe Caslon Pro, Bold, English Title)**

*Judul ditulis dengan pendek, jelas dan informatif dengan tidak lebih dari 20 kata (13 pt. Adobe Caslon Pro, Italic, Indonesian Title)*

First Author\* (a), Second Author (a) (10 pt. Adobe Caslon Pro Regular)

(\*) Put your affiliation here, address city, postal code and country and write Corresponding Author, email (10 pt. Adobe Caslon Pro Regular)

(a) Put your affiliation here, address city, postal code and country (10 pt. Adobe Caslon Pro Regular)

### **Abstract**

This is a new author guidelines and article template of *Jurnal Studi Ilmu-Ilmu Al-Qur'an dan Hadis*. The article should be started by the title of article followed by authors' name, affiliation, address, and abstract. This abstract section should be typed in Adobe Caslon Pro Regular and font size 10 and the number of words is around of 200-250. The single spacing should be used between lines in this article. If the article is written in Indonesian, the abstract should be typed in English and Indonesian. Meanwhile, if the article is written in English, the abstract should be typed in English and Indonesian as well. The abstract should be typed as concise as possible and should be composed of: problem statement, method, scientific finding results, and short conclusion or contribution. The abstract should only be typed in one paragraph and one-column format. Keywords are min 4 words and max. 5 words using font Adobe Caslon Pro Regular 10 pt.

**Keywords:** keyword one; keyword two; keyword three (max. five keywords)

### **Abstrak:**

Petunjuk ini merupakan format baru sekaligus *template* manuskrip/artikel yang digunakan pada artikel yang diterbitkan di *Jurnal Studi Ilmu-Ilmu Al-Qur'an dan Hadis*. Artikel diawali dengan judul artikel, nama penulis, alamat afiliasi penulis dan email penulis diikuti dengan abstrak sepanjang 200-250 kata. Jika artikel berbahasa Indonesia, maka abstrak harus ditulis dalam Bahasa Indonesia dan Bahasa Inggris yang baik dan benar. Jika artikel berbahasa Inggris, maka abstrak harus ditulis dalam bahasa Inggris dan Indonesia. Bagian abstrak harus memuat inti permasalahan yang akan dikemukakan, metode pemecahannya, dan hasil-hasil temuan yang diperoleh serta simpulan atau kontribusi. Abstrak untuk masing-masing bahasa hanya boleh dituliskan dalam satu paragraf saja dengan format satu kolom.

Kata kunci minimal 4 kata dan maksimal 5 kata menggunakan huruf Adobe Caslon Pro Regular 10 pt



## **14 pt. Introduction**

The body of paper must be elaborated between 6000 - 8.000 words (maximum) including abstract, references and footnotes, written in font: Adobe Caslon Pro Regular, size: 12, line spacing: single. This section should be the shortest part mentioned in the Abstract and should very briefly outline the following information: What is already known about the subject related to the paper in question? What is not known about the subject and hence what the study intends to examine (or what the paper seeks to present). In most cases, the background of study can be framed in just 2–3 sentences, with each sentence describing a different aspect of the information referred. The purpose of the background, as the word itself indicates, is to provide the reader with a background to the study, and hence to smoothly lead into a description of the methods employed in the investigation.

The Introduction is the statement of the problem that you investigated. It should give readers enough information to appreciate your specific objectives within a larger theoretical framework. After placing your work in a broader context, you should state the specific question(s) to be answered. This section may also include background information about the problem such as a summary of any research that has been done on the problem in the past and how the experiment will help to clarify or expand the knowledge in this general area. All background information gathered from other sources must, of course, be appropriately cited.

The Introduction also should mention method of the research. This is usually the second-longest section in the Abstract. It should contain enough information to enable the reader to understand what was done and important questions to which the Methods section should provide brief answers.

## **Discussion and Result**

Discussion and Result be written in same part. They should be presented continuously start from main result until supporting results and equipped with a discussion. Figures and Tables (if any) should be put in the same part of this section and should be actively edited by the editors.

### **The First Aspect of the Discussion**

Here, each aspect of the issue is systematically examined, necessitating the construction of a well-structured argument. The key approach involves presenting original data, thoroughly discussing it, and drawing comparisons with research and contributions from other scholars. In essence, the recommended method for addressing an issue in this context involves an integrated approach, where data description seamlessly intertwines with analytical discourse. The process entails a comprehensive discussion, wherein the synthesis of original data forms a pivotal element. Scholars are advised against isolating data description from the subsequent analysis, emphasizing the significance of a cohesive integration between these components.

### **The Second Aspect of the Discussion, and so on**

It is permissible to incorporate additional sections as required, each potentially comprising various sub-sections presented in a bold-italic format and enumerated list style. An illustrative example is provided below:

#### **1. Example Section**

##### **1.1 Sub-section Heading**

Sub-section content goes here.

##### **1.2 Another Sub-section**

Further elaboration within the sub-section.

This structured format allows for a flexible organization, facilitating the inclusion of diverse sections and sub-sections to enhance the clarity and coherence of the discussion.

## **Conclusion**

Authors are advised not to replicate conclusion by abstract. This section simply states what the researcher thinks the data mean, and, as such, should relate directly back to the problem/question stated in the introduction. This section should not offer any reasons for those particular conclusions--these should have been presented in the Discussion section. By looking at only the Introduction and Conclusions sections, a reader should have a good idea of what the researcher has investigated and discovered even though the specific details of how the work was done would not be known.

## Supplementary Materials

The data presented in this study are available in [insert article or supplementary material here] (Usually the datasets were analyzed from library research can be found in the whole data references ).

## Acknowledgements

The acknowledgment of individuals who contributed to this research, whether as sources or editors, is a crucial aspect. If there are no such contributors, this section may be left blank.

## Authors' contributions

Highlighting the distinct contributions of each author in this article, ranging from material preparation to article review and revision, is imperative. Author 1's Contribution: Author 1 played a pivotal role in the initial stages, focusing on material preparation and groundwork. Author 2's Contribution: Author 2 significantly contributed to the comprehensive review of the article, ensuring its coherence and scholarly rigor. Author 3's Contribution: The expertise of Author 3 was instrumental in revising and refining the article, enhancing its overall quality and scholarly merit and so on. This delineation of individual contributions underscores the collaborative nature of the research process and acknowledges the diverse roles undertaken by each author.

## Data availability statement

The availability of data is an integral aspect of this study, and the following statement outlines the specifics regarding data accessibility. In adherence to transparency standards, the data supporting this research are available upon request. Researchers interested in accessing the dataset may contact [Author/Institution] to obtain the necessary information. This commitment to data availability aligns with the principles of open research and facilitates further scrutiny and validation of the study's findings.

## Conflicts of Interest

The authors affirm that there are no conflicts of interest that could potentially influence the research outcomes or compromise its integrity. Full disclosure ensures a clear understanding of the study's objectivity and underscores the commitment to unbiased scientific inquiry.

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## References

References of your manuscript must be up to date (in the last of 5 to 10 years and minimum of 30 references that 40% of the references is from primary sources/journal) and your reference can be accessed by anyone.

Authors are responsible for ensuring that the information in each reference is complete and accurate. All references should be cited within the text; otherwise, these references will be automatically removed. Writing bibliography should use reference manager applications such as Mendeley. Writing style of *Jurnal Studi Ilmu-Ilmu Al-Qur'an dan Hadis* uses format the Turabian 8<sup>th</sup> style, DOI must be provided in "bibliography" whenever a reference has "doi" identifier, The list of bibliography must be sorted in alphabetical order, however in regard Arabic names with article "al", the article is not in consideration.

