## **Two-Step Linear Inequalities**

Notes		Video Links & Practice Space
Vocabulary		<u>Vocab</u> (1:57)
1.	Addition Property of Inequality: if, then a + c > b + c	
2.	Asymmetric Property of Inequality: if a > b, then	
3.	<b>Division Property of Inequality:</b> if a > b and c > 0, then; if a > b and c < 0, then	
4.	Linear Expression: a polynomial expression that contains a term of degree, but no term of higher degree	
5.	Linear Inequality: linear expressions compared using symbols	
6.	Multiplication Property of Inequality: if and c > 0, then a · c > b · c; if a > b and, then a · c < b · c	
7.	<b>Subtraction Property of Inequality:</b> if a > b, then a - c >	

Steps (1:10)
Practice (2:23)

## You will need to PRINT this document OR go to FILE and click MAKE A COPY! Fractions (4:54) **Solve with Fractions Important:** To convert to an improper fraction, you're going to multiply the you're going to multiply the \_\_\_\_\_ the times the whole number and then \_\_\_\_\_ the numerator to get the number on top. Remember: instead of dividing by a fraction, we are going to \_\_\_\_\_ by the reciprocal, which is a \_\_\_\_\_ fraction. $\frac{2}{3}x - 3 \le \frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{-3}{4}x + 2 \ge \frac{2}{7}$ **Solve with Decimals Decimals** 0.5x - 4 > 10.514.09 < -2.3x + 4.2

Graphing Two-Step Linear Inequalities	Graphing (1:03)
The solutions can be graphed on a number line.  An circle represents < or > while a circle represents ≤ or ≥.	Symbol Meaning Number Line  X > N greater than
Step 1: Plot an open or closed circle at the (Ex: x > 5, would be the constant)	X < N less than    X > N greater than or equal to    n
Step 2: From the point, draw an arrow that points in the of the values that make the inequality true	X ≤ n less than or equal to
Right: Left:	
Practice Problems	Practice (1:34)
x > 5	
$x \leq -2$	
Practice Problem	<u>Practice 2</u> (1:51)
Solve and graph the solution.	
$-3x + 5 \ge 23$	