

### Lärarhandledning: Unit: School and education year 8

Gör kopia (arkiv→ kopiera) eller ladda ner för att kunna få egna filer.

#### Resurser:

Startvideo: What a classroom looks like in 27 countries around the

<u>world</u>

#### **Arbetsbok**

(Alla bilder i workbook är Al-genererade med hjälp av Canva.com) Framsida till arbetsbok utan årskurs

Mall för veckoplanering (att dela på exempelvis Google classroom eller lärplattform) Obs! Ta en egen kopia för att få en redigerbar fil.

Bell ringers (Som startuppgift på de flesta lektioner så projiceras frågan på projektorduk/skrivs på tavlan när eleverna kommer in och läggs även ut som fråga på classroom/eller så skrivs svaret på papper. Fördelaktigt att köra *Think - Pair - Share* (Enskilt - par - alla) tar ca 5- 10 min.)

**Vocabulary** (Att använda till glosförhör under arbetsområdet)

# Filmer att kolla på och sammanfatta (Enskilt-par-alla) under arbetsområdet

- 10 Weird SCHOOL RULES From Around The World
- What School Lunch Looks Like Around The World | Around The World | Food Insider
- A look at « Journeys to school », around the world
- What Your Grades Really Mean | Eva Ren | TEDxEdenHighSchool



- Grit: The Power of Passion and Perseverance | Angela Lee Duckworth | TED
- Inside the Mind of a Master Procrastinator | Tim Urban | TED
- The Secret to Student Success | Arel Moodie | TEDxYouth@ClintonSquare

### Bedömningsuppgifter

Slutuppgift: Writing (option 1 and 2)

Slutuppgift: Speaking assignment + speaking cards (oral discussions)

**Bedömningsmatris** 

### Om elever får tid över finns alltid denna hemsida länkad:

Träna engelska online

### **FACIT + LJUDFILER arbetsbok**

#### **KEY - Reading comprehension: The importance of education**

- a) It helps people make more money.
   Explanation: The text mentions that education provides better job opportunities, which often leads to higher income.
- 2. b) It gives them knowledge about health risks.

  Explanation: The text states that people with more education are more aware of the benefits of healthy living, helping them make better lifestyle choices.
- 3. c) 1.4 years
  Explanation: According to the World Health Organization, life expectancy increases by about 1.4 years for every additional year of schooling.



- 4. b) They live longer.
  - Explanation: The study from the *Harvard School of Public Health* found that people with more education tend to live longer.
- 5. c) Ability to avoid all diseases

  Explanation: The text mentions education helps people live healthier lives, but it does not claim education can prevent all diseases.
- 6. How does education help people understand the world around them?
  Education teaches people problem-solving and critical thinking skills. It helps them communicate better and understand different cultures, which helps them make informed decisions about the world.
- 7. What lifestyle habits do people with more education tend to avoid, and why?

People with more education often avoid habits like smoking and eating unhealthy food because they understand the health risks associated with these behaviors.

### KEY - Listening comprehension: School uniforms

- 1. True
- 2. a)
- 3. True
- 4. b)
- 5. False
- 6. False

#### **Transcript**

Today, we are going to talk about school uniforms. In many countries around the world, students wear uniforms to school. But why do some schools require uniforms, and what are the advantages and disadvantages?

First, let's look at the benefits of wearing a school uniform. Many people believe that uniforms help create a sense of equality among students. When everyone is dressed the same, it doesn't matter if one student has expensive clothes, and another does not. Uniforms can also help students focus more on their studies, because they don't have to worry about what to wear each day.

Another reason schools use uniforms is to promote discipline. Some people think that wearing a uniform makes students behave better. They believe that students feel more responsible when they dress in a certain way.



However, not everyone agrees that uniforms are a good idea. Some students and parents say that uniforms take away a student's freedom to express themselves. They argue that the clothes we wear are an important part of who we are. If all students have to wear the same thing, they can't show their personality or style.

Another disadvantage is that uniforms can be uncomfortable or expensive. Some students don't like the way uniforms look or feel. And while uniforms are supposed to make things more equal, not all families can afford to buy the required clothes.

In conclusion, there are both positive and negative sides to school uniforms. They may help create equality and promote discipline, but they can also limit personal expression. Do you think schools should have uniforms, or should students be able to choose what they wear?

### KEY - Grammar exercise - gap fill: A day as a British pupil

- 1. school
- 2. uniform
- 3. bus
- 4. assembly
- 5. hall
- 6. headteacher
- 7. register
- 8. subjects
- 9. lesson
- 10. break
- 11. playground
- 12.lessons
- 13. presentation
- 14. lunch
- 15.gym
- 16. homework
- 17. classmates
- 18. library
- 19. exams



### KEY - Listening comprehension: School rules around the world

- 1. c) Clothes with offensive language or images are not allowed.
- 2. b) They will have to attend detention after school.
- 3. b) Phones must be kept in lockers or bags during lessons.



- 4. False
- 5. Students are required to wear hats outside during the summer to protect them from the strong sun.
- 6. d) By standing when a teacher enters the classroom
- 7. Bullying

#### **Transcript**

Hello everyone! Today, we are going to explore some interesting school rules from different countries around the world. Schools everywhere have rules to help students learn better, but these rules can be quite different depending on where you are!

Let's start with the United States. In the USA, rules can vary from one school to another because each state and district sets its own guidelines. One common rule is about the dress code. Some schools require students to wear uniforms, but most public schools do not. However, they often have rules about what students can and cannot wear. For example, students are usually not allowed to wear clothes with offensive language or images, and hats are often banned inside the classroom. Another important rule is about respecting teachers and fellow students. In many schools, students can face detention if they disrupt class or behave badly.

Next, let's look at the United Kingdom. In most UK schools, students are required to wear uniforms. The uniform rules are usually very specific, including what type of shoes, ties, or blazers students must wear. In addition, schools in the UK have strict rules about being on time. If a student is late, they might have to attend a detention session after school. Phones are also usually not allowed during lessons. They must be kept in lockers or bags, and using them in class can result in confiscation.

Moving on to New Zealand, school rules are a bit more relaxed compared to other countries. Many schools have uniforms, but there aren't strict rules about how students wear their hair or whether they can wear makeup. However, one interesting rule in New Zealand is about sun safety. Because the sun is very strong there, students are required to wear hats when they are outside during the summer. If a student forgets their hat, they might not be allowed to play outside during break time!

Now, let's talk about India. Schools in India are known for having quite strict rules. Most schools require students to wear uniforms, and there are often rules about hair and appearance. For example, boys are usually expected to keep their hair short, while girls may have to wear their hair in a braid or ponytail. One unique rule in many Indian schools is that students begin their day with a prayer or meditation session. This is meant to help students focus and start the day calmly. Another common rule is about respecting elders and teachers. Showing respect is very important in Indian culture, and students are expected to stand when a teacher enters the classroom.



Finally, let's take a look at Canada. In Canadian schools, the rules are often focused on creating a safe and respectful learning environment. Bullying is taken very seriously, and there are strong anti-bullying policies in place. Many schools also have rules about safety, especially when it comes to using the internet. Students are taught about digital safety and are expected to follow guidelines when using computers or phones at school. While most public schools in Canada don't have uniforms, there are still dress codes that students must follow, like in the USA. Wearing appropriate clothing that doesn't distract others is key.

As you can see, school rules vary a lot around the world, from wearing uniforms and being on time, to sun safety and digital rules. But all these rules have one goal: to help students learn in a safe and respectful environment!

### KEY - Grammar exercise - irregular verbs: A day as a Australian pupil

- 1. woke
- 2. ate
- 3. went
- 4. met
- 5. spoke
- 6. began
- 7. had
- 8. felt
- 9. took
- 10. wrote
- 11. made
- 12. rang
- 13. did
- 14. taught
- 15. found
- 16.learned
- 17. took
- 18. read
- 19. bought
- 20.lost
- 21.sat
- 22.spoke
- 23.felt





## **KEY - Reading comprehension: Extracurricular Activities** in American Schools

- 1. Benefits of participating in sports:
  - Sports help students stay physically active.
  - Sports teach teamwork, discipline, and leadership skills.
- 2. How joining a club develops leadership skills:
  - Clubs often involve group projects where students can take on roles to lead and organize activities.
  - Members may have opportunities to present ideas and motivate others, enhancing their confidence and leadership abilities.
- 3. Importance of music programs:
  - Music programs improve students' musical skills and enhance creativity.
  - Learning music has been shown to improve academic performance, especially in subjects like math and reading.
- 4. Comparison of extracurricular activities to regular classes:
  - Extracurricular activities occur outside of regular class hours and focus on interests beyond the standard curriculum.
  - Regular classes are primarily academic and structured, while extracurriculars allow for more creativity and social interaction.
- 5. Personal reflection on interests EVISNINGSMATERIAL Svaren kommer variera.