

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
MADABA DISTRICT COUNCIL
FORM TWO MOCK EXAMINATION**

HISTORY MARKING SCHEME

SECTION A (15 Marks)

1.

i	ii	lii	iv	v	vi	vii	viii	ix	x
C	A	D	A	A	C	D	A	C	C

1 mark@=10 marks

2.

LIST A	I	li	iii	iv	v
LIST B	E	G	A	B	D

1 mark@=05 marks

SECTION B (70 Marks)

3.A student should differentiate the following historical phenomena

(i) Panning method :Is a simpe method of separating heavy minerals from lighter materials using pan and water WHILE Leaching method :Is achemical process used to extract valuable metals from ore

(ii) Permanent crop cultivation :This involves growing crops in the same field over a long period of time WHILE Shifting crop cultivation ;Is an agricultural system where a farmers cultiv

ate a pieces of land for a few years until the soil fertile decline and they move to a new plot.(iii)kinship organization :Was an organization which had centralized political structure wiht a king or chief as the rulerWHILE Age set organization :Are structured around group of people of similar age who pass through different stages of life.

(iv)Ubugabire is the form of feudal relation which developed between Hutu and Tusi of Rwanda ,Burundi and Buha in which feudal relation based on cattle ownership WHILE Umwinyi was aform of feudal relation that was common around the coast of East Africa.

(v) Barter trade :Was the trade involves the exchange of goods by goodsWHILE Legitimate trade :Was the commercial relation between Europeans and Africans soon after the abolition of slave trade during 19th century .

2 Marks@=10 Marks

4.

i	ii	iii	Iv	v
C	E	A	B	D

5.

- i. Exploitation of man by man
- ii. Existence of classes
- iii. Payment rent
- iv. Division of labour
- v. Private ownership of major means of production
- vi. Improvement of productive forces
- vii. Little freedom to peasants

10 marks where (i)-(v)=2marks

6. A student has to give advantages of oral tradition

- i) It provides first-hand information
- ii) It helps in preserving cultural heritage and tradition
- iii) It is accessible and doesn't require literacy or specialized equipments
- iv) It can capture emotional and nuances that written records might miss
- v) It strengthens the family bonds

2marks@=10 marks

7.

- a. Cabon 14
- b. Monsoon winds
- c. Moran
- d. British
- e. Frere treaty

2marks@=10 marks

8. Tactics used by the British to occupy the Cape

- i) Introduction of English language as the official medium of communication

- ii) Abolition of slave trade
- iii) Introduction of land registration system
- iv) Introduction of Black circuit court system
- v) Introduction of pass and contract system
- vi) Abolition of the restriction of internal trade

2marks@=10 marks

9.

- i. Letter C
- ii. Letter B
- iii. Triangular slave trade
- iv. Atlantic Ocean
- v. Letter A

10.Introduction

any relevant-2marks

Main body:To give and explain the factors for State formation

i)Good leadership

ii)Strong army

iii) Fertile soil

iv(Development of iron technology

v) Good geographical location

vi) Trading activities

vii) Religion

Or any other more points

2marks@=12 marks

Conclusion-any relevant=1mark

Total 15 marks