

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN KIỂM TRA GIỮA KỲ
TIẾNG ANH 12 THÍ ĐIỂM – HỆ 10 NĂM

UNIT 1 - LIFE STORIES

Part I. PHONETICS

Exercise 1. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word or phrase which does not contain the same sound as the other three.

1. A. aid B. aide C. add D. ade
2. A. aisle B. all C. isle D. I'll
3. A. they're B. their C. there D. the
4. A. bus B. by C. bye D. buy
5. A. carrot B. carat C. carries D. caret
6. A. sense B. sent C. scents D. cents
7. A. does B. doze C. doughs D. dust
8. A. form B. four C. fore D. for
9. A. praise B. prays C. prize D. preys
10. A. cite B. site C. sink D. sight

Part II. VOCABULARY

Exercise 2. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

11. Martin Luther King devoted his life to the....of voting right for black people.
A. effort B. realization C. achievement D. performance
12. His father used to be a....professor at the university. Many students worshipped him..
A. distinct B. distinctive C. distinguishing D. distinguished
13. Mark Zuckerberg's enormous success has taken a lot of hardwork and.....
A. indifference B. dedication C. loyalty D. reputation
14. I can't believe she didn't do anything for the company. I will....and be in charge.
A. take over B. take on C. take up D. take in
15. During the Medieval period, people were made public....of being witches.
A. complaint B. criminal C. trouble D. accusation
16. That disable boy's victory in the race set the....example to all students in the school.
A. finest B. first-class C. rarest D. most convenient
17. A....once said "It is a sweet and honourable thing to die for your country."
A. patriotism B. patriotic C. patriot D. patrol
18. He is....influenced by his father and grandfather. His behaviors and decisions are exactly the same.

- A. mightily B. strongly C. terribly D. weakly
19. iPhone 11 is the latest....in the field of smartphone design of Apple.
A. creator B. create C. creativity D. creation
20. Einstein....a great impact on modern physics.
A. feels B. does C. a D. has

21. It is the underserved....that damaged his life and his family.
A. reputable B. repute C. reputation D. disrepute
 22. At the age of 50, Robby William....his career after spending his twenty years playing electric guitar.
A. moved B. changed C. adjusted D. stopped
 23. She has a wonderful voice but unfortunately, she never gets the....to sing in public.
A. event B. occasion C. ability D. chance
 24. Michael Hart was the....of Project Gutenberg, one of the longest-lasting online library projects.
A. founder B. author C. architect D. father
 25. She is not a very nice girl. She seems to enjoy the....of others.
A. unfortune B. misfortune C. disfortune D. infortune
 26. We....the kittens carefully and sold them for a good profit.
A. brought up B. grew up C. rose D. aroused
 27. The stores will inevitably end up....with each other to increase their market shares.
A. contesting B. contending C. competing D. completing
 28. Bill Gates has made large donations to numerous....organizations.
A. charitable B. charitably C. charity D. charities
 29. Thanks to the help of the teacher, she is.....encouraging progress in math.
A. doing B. making C. checking D. stopping
 30. The....of the soil reduced the productivity of the farm.
A. fertility B. hardship C. poverty D. inadequacy
- Exercise 3. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.
31. The speaker paused. He hesitated to answer the direct question raised by the audience.
A. decided B. continued C. determined D. wavered
 32. Her courage not only inspired her followers but moved her rivals as well.
A. depressed B. motivated C. overlooked D. rejected
 33. The government's plans to cut taxes really stimulated the economy.
A. discouraged B. started C. weakened D. improved

34. Chauvet Jeans was a well-known nineteenth century painter whose paintings are extraordinarily sophisticated.

- A. old-fashioned B. basic C. primitive D. complex

35. Some rock stars started off as rebels with strong and broad principles.

- A. beliefs B. honour C. formulas D. law

36. I used to idolize David Beckham because of his dedication and talent.

- A. hate B. impress C. worship D. detest

37. Linda is very outgoing, however, her brother is quite reserved.

- A. open B. sociable C. easygoing D. shy

38. Ideally, I'd like to work at home but there is no way my boss agrees with that.

- A. Generally B. Luckily C. Preferably D. Fortunately

39. Morgan Freeman began to land big roles and won critical and popular acclaim after years of small parts and limited success.

- A. arrive B. gain C. deliver D. Cause

40. Recognizable smaller than most of the kids in his age group, Lionel Messi was diagnosed by doctors as suffering from a hormone deficiency that restricted his growth.

- A. inadequacy B. sufficiency C. abundance D. strength

Exercise 4. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

41. During the Great Depression, many people suddenly found themselves jobless after a night.

- A. unemployed B. redundant C. unoccupied D. supplementary

42. I was relieved by the news that they had gone home safe and sound.

- A. comforted B. concerned C. relaxed D. lightened

43. She comes from an admirable and respectable family.

- A. good B. respected C. unworthy D. dignified

44. They are going to have to amputate his left leg which was badly injured in the accident.

- A. remove B. separate C. cut off D. mend

45. Her identity will never be revealed in order to protect her children from being judged.

- A. uncovered B. proclaimed C. leaked D. hid

46. There are several interesting things emerging from the report.

- A. fading B. rising C. coming up D. developing

47. This boy is poorly-educated and doesn't know how to behave properly.

- A. uneducated B. knowledgeable C. ignorant D. rude

48. I prefer reading fictional stories to hearing about real events.

- A. imaginary B. unreal C. existent D. legendary

49. It is not fair to give such a challenging task to an inexperienced staff like her.

- A. comprehensible B. difficult C. provocative D. intriguing

50. White blood cells help defend the body against infection.

- A. fight B. cover C. protect D. abandon

Part III. GRAMMAR

Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

51. We....to the hospital to visit Mike when he....to say that he was fine.

- A. were driving - was calling B. drove - called
C. were driving - called D. drove - was calling

52. What....to you on Sunday night?

- A. happen B. happened C. was happening D. would happen

53. Last night, we....for you for ages but you never....up.

- A. waited - showed B. would wait - showed
C. were waiting - were showing D. waited - was showing

54. We....our quality time when the unexpected guess.....

- A. had - came B. were having - came
C. had been having - came D. have had - would have come

55. Since they....us they....to visit us last Sunday, we....forward to the day.

- A. were telling - came - looked B. would tell - would visit - would look
C. told - would come - were looking D. tell - are coming - will look

56. I....out last night but at the last minute I....that I had a quiz this morning.

- A. was going to go - realized B. went - realized
C. had gone - would realize D. would go - have realized

57. She hasn't paid as much attention to her children as she....since she....working.

- A. does - starts B. did - started
C. was doing - was starting D. has done - would start

58. My brother....at the road when he....into a hole.

- A. wasn't looking - was falling B. didn't look - has fallen
C. wasn't looking - fell D. won't look - fall

59. Magellan....the first European who....through the strait.

- A. was - was sailing B. was being - was sailing
C. had been - sailed D. was - sailed

60. The first self-sufficient village in Britain....the Norman's idea. They were some strange invaders who....to change the country in a better way.

- A. was - hoped B. is - have hoped

- C. have been - were hoping
61. Who is...girl over there with Jimmy?
A. the B. a C. an D. Ø
62. The boss needs an assistant with....good knowledge of foreign trade
A. a B. the C. any D. Ø
63. We are having....terrible weather which is quite strange. Usually....weather in UK is not this bad.
A. the - the B. a - the C. Ø - the D. the - a
64. Could you please close....window? I don't think it is necessary to open all the four.
A. a B. the C. some D. Ø
- 65.....Gordons is a very interesting family. They like to travel around....world.
A. A - the B. The - the C. A - a D. A-Ø
66. To absorb more oil from spring rolls, we can use materials like....newspaper to wrap them after frying.
A. the B. any C. Ø D. a
67. After a hard-working day, I went to....bed and had....most beautiful dream ever.
A. the - the B. a - the C. a - a D. Ø - the
68. I have visited....Portugal but I have never been to....Netherlands.
A. the - the B. Ø - the C. a - the D. a - a
69. Every week, his mother goes to....university to visit him while my mother has never come to visit me since I went to....university.
A. the - Ø B. the - the C. Ø - Ø D. a - the
70. He left on....10 o'clock train yesterday to see his father who was taken to....hospital last week when he broke....right leg.
A. the - the - the B. the - a - a C. a - a - the D. the - Ø - Ø

Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

71. Last month, while my friend (A) was travelling round England by (B) the car, he crashed (C) the car into (D) a tree.
72. She (A) was walking to (B) the library to borrow (C) some books when she (D) was seeing a robbery.
73. He (A) can speak (B) French very well and (C) is studying (D) Latin.
74. Please turn off (A) television. I also like watching (B) TV but now I (C) am having to study for (D) the exam.
75. (A) The researchers of Harvard University reported that (B) the tigers are one of (C) the most dangerous species in (D) the jungle.

76. I (A) think a (B) good health is important, and so is (C) education while (D) money, to some extent, is not.
77. He (A) was reading out the data (B) while Sara (C) wrote it down (D) carefully.
78. He (A) would live in (B) the countryside but now he (C) is living in (D) a big city.
79. (A) Many people (B) used to think (C) learning English is full of (D) the difficulties.
80. (A) The biggest problem with eating too (B) much sugar is (C) that it can cause (D) the diabetes
81. (A) The most people need (B) healthy eating and (C) enough exercise (D) every day.
82. The doctor (A) said that she (B) was making (C) a relatively slow (D) progress because she was quite old.
83. Now J. K. Rowling is (A) a multi-millionaire, (B) but she was not born into (C) the fame and (D) fortune.
84. Last night, suddenly my mother (A) was deciding to ban me from using (B) the Internet so we (C) ended up having (D) a huge row.
85. It was (A) the day like any other (B) and Martin (C) was doing his normal round as (D) a safeguard.
86. (A) In contrast to my brother is (B) hardworking, I (C) am quite (D) a lazy boy.
87. I (A) went into (B) the city center today because I (C) need to get my phone (D) repaired.
88. It (A) was (B) so short-sighted (C) for Mai to (D) leave school.
89. (A) The moment I (B) was seeing him, I (C) realized I (D) had met him somewhere before.
90. I (A) was having a black cat (B) three years ago (C) but now it (D) is no longer with me.

Part IV. SPEAKING

Exercise 7. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

91. Have you decided who to talk about?
A. I see. I will talk to him. B. Let's talk about your study.
C. I need to talk to you now. D. Not yet. I am still considering.
92. What do you think about Steve Jobs?
A. That's right! B. I doubt it. It is not true.
C. Well, he is talented. D. I agree with you about him.
93. Good luck to you in your exam!

- A. Thank you! Same to you.
C. Well, I'll see.
94. What a wonderful party!
A. I am fine. Thank you!
C. I am happy you like it.
95. What's new with you?
A. Me too.
C. See you later
96. Hello. May I speak to Fred, please?
A. Thanks, I'd love to.
C. Just a minute.
97. What are you doing?
A. I see. I will tell Tom about it.
B. I am seeing Tom. Do you have anything to tell him?
C. I am reading the note Tom left to me.
D. I am doing fine.
98. I am so happy. I have just passed my history exam.
A. Congratulations!
C. Get well soon!
99. Would you mind moving your suitcase?
A. Yes, please!
C. Of course!
100. Do you know anything about Mrs. Jackson?
A. Yes, that's the way it is.
C. No, nothing .
101. Would you like some cookies? I have just baked them.
A. Thank you. Yes, I would.
C. Yes, I think so.
102. Shall we talk about Larry or Oprah?
A. Never mind. There is always something to do.
B. We'd better talk about them both.
C. Wow! They are adorable.
D. Oh, I see what you mean.
103. What kind of books do you like?
A. No, I don't have any hobbies.
C. Novels. I believe.
104. I think it is the best movie I have ever seen.
A. Me neither. B. Me too. C. Not me. D. Same to you.
105. Did you watch The Voice last night?

- B. Yeah. That's the one.
D. Don't worry! I'll be fine.
- B. I don't know. Let me check.
D. Same to you. Thanks!
- B. Nothing much.
D. Help yourself.
- B. Good. I'll call you.
D. Fine, I'll be ready
- B. What's the matter?
D. Thanks a lot
- B. No, not at all.
D. Oh, I am sorry to hear.
- B. Oh, I know how you feel.
D. Excuse me.
- B. Take it easy.
D. Here you are.
- B. Nothing special.
D. I believe novels are boring.

- A. For a while, then I had to study.
C. Yes, sir.
- B. Not now. I am studying.
D. Yes, please.

Part V. READING Exercise 8. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Nowadays, everybody knows Apples and (106)...everybody knows that the company was founded by Steve Jobs, an American inventor and entrepreneur. He is (107)...recognized as a pioneer in the field of microcomputer revolution. He helped design the first Macintosh computer, (108)...a small computer graphics company into Pixar, the company behind Toy Story and The Monster Inc.

His countercultural lifestyle and philosophy was a product of the time and place of his (109).....Jobs was adopted and raised in San Francisco Bay Area during the 1960s. In 1972, Jobs attended Reed College from which he (110)...in next to no time. Jobs co-founded Apple in 1976 in order to sell Apple I personal computer. At that moment, he might (111)...imagine that only a year later the company tasted impressive victory with Apple II, one of the first highly successful (112)...personal computers. (113)...., in 1985, following a long power struggle, Jobs was forced out of Apple. After leaving Apple, Jobs took (114)...of its members with him to found NeXT, a computer development company which was then bought by Apple. The purchase (115)...Jobs to become the company's CEO once again.

Steve Jobs died in 2011 after battling with pancreatic cancer (116)...nearly a decade. Millions first learned of Job's death on a (117)...which had been invented by himself.

106. A. most B. almost C. the most D. mostly
107. A. widely B. hardly C. legally D. nationally
108. A. translated B. transferred C. transformed D. transited
109. A. increase B. upbringing C. rising D. grow
110. A. dropped in B. dropped up C. dropped out D. dropped by
111. A. hardly B. truly C. effortlessly D. frequently
112. A. massly-produced B. mass-produced C. massive-produced D. massproducing
113. A. Generally B. Frankly C. Fortunately D. Unfortunately
114. A. few B. a few C. a little D. little
115. A. was allowing B. has allowed C. allowed D. had allowed
116. A. for B. since C. during D. of
117. A. devil B. deviation C. deviant D. device

Exercise 9. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Born on June 30, 1985 in Baltimore, Maryland, to Fred and Debbie Phelps, the youngest of three children, Michael Phelps and his sisters grew up in the neighbourhood of Rodger Forge. His father, Fred, a former all-rounded athlete, was a state trooper and his mother Debbie was a middle-school principal. When Phelps's parents divorced in 1994, he and his siblings lived with their mother, with whom Michael grew very close. Even at the age of 7, Phelps was still a little scared to put his head under water, so his instructors allowed him to float around on his back. Not surprisingly, despite the fact that later he is very good at butterfly swimming, the first stroke he mastered was not the easily-practised breaststroke but the backstroke.

At the age of 15, Phelps became the youngest American male swimmer to compete at an Olympic Games in 68 years. While he didn't win any medals at the 2000 Summer Olympics in Sydney, Australia, he would soon become a major force in competitive swimming.

In the spring of 2001, Phelps set the world record in the 200-meter butterfly, becoming the youngest male swimmer in history at the age of 15 years and 9 months. At the 2001 World Championships in Japan, he then broke his own record with a time of 1:54:58, earning his first international medal. In 2002, Phelps continued to establish several records including the 100-meter butterfly and the 200-meter individual medley. The following year, at the same event, he broke his own world record in the 400-meter individual medley with a time of 4:09.09.

After the London Olympics in 2012, Phelps announced he was retiring from his sport. However, at the 2016 Olympic Games, he came out of retirement and returned to professional competition. This was also the event which he won one silver and five gold medals, becoming the oldest individual gold medalist in Olympic swimming history, as well as the first swimmer to win four consecutive golds in the same event, the 200-meter individual medley.

118. *Phelps's father used to be a comprehensive.....*

A. principal B. trooper C. athlete D. instructor

119. *The first style of swimming Phelps was good at is.....*

A. butterfly B. freestyle C. breaststroke D. backstroke

120. *He didn't win any medals at the Olympics of....*

A. 2002 B. 2000 C. 2012 D. 2016

121. *At the 2001 World Championships in Japan, he broke the record of.....*

A. 200-meter butterfly B. 100-meter butterfly
C. 200-meter individual D. 400-meter individual

122. The word consecutive in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to.....

A. stoppable B. unending C. uninterrupted D. unrestricted

Exercise 10. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Theresa May, the second female Britain's prime minister following Margaret Thatcher, revealed in 2013 that she had been given a diagnosis of Type 1 diabetes, a condition that requires daily insulin injections. Asked later how she felt about the diagnosis, she said her approach to it was the same as toward everything in her life: "Just get on and deal with it."

That kind of steeliness brought her to center stage in the aftermath of Britain's vote to leave the European Union and the feuding that erupted in the Conservative Party over who would succeed David Cameron. Ms. May, 59 years old, is the country's longest-serving home secretary in half a century, with a reputation for seriousness, hardwork and above all, determination. She is one of a growing number of women in traditionally male-dominated British politics rising to the upper position of leadership.

Born in 1956, Ms. May grew up mainly in Oxfordshire, an only child who was first drawn to the Conservative Party at age 12. As a conscientious student, she never rebelled against her religious upbringing and remains a regular churchgoer. Tellingly, her sports hero was Geoffrey Boycott, a solid, stubborn cricketer who specialized in playing the long game. Like many other Britain's prime minister including Tony Blair, Sir Robert Peel and Margaret Thatcher, she won a place at Oxford. But while almost every other political leader got there by way of Eton College and joined Oxford's hedonistic Bullingdon Club, she attended a state secondary school and had a more sedate university career. After unsuccessful attempts to be elected to the House of Commons in 1992 and 1994, she finally became an MP in 1997 general election.

May is known for a love of fashion and in particular distinctive shoes. She even wore leopard-print shoes to her final Cabinet meeting as Home Secretary in early 2016. However, she has been quite critical of the media focusing on her fashion instead of her achievement as a politician. May also describes cooking and walking as primary hobbies, and if someone is raising questions about why walking can be classified as a hobby, she elaborates in a column for Balance magazine, in which she wrote of her battle with diabetes.

123. According to the passage, who is the prime minister coming before Theresa May?

A. Tony Blair B. Margaret Thatcher
C. Sir Robert Peel D. David Cameron

124. The most prominent characteristic of Theresa May is.....
 A. stubbornness B. seriousness C. determination D. hard work
125. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
 A. British political life is conventionally controlled mainly by men.
 B. The number of women in politics is increasing.
 C. Conservative Party didn't have to discuss about who would be the next prime minister.
 D. Theresa May's toughness was one of the reasons for the Party to choose her for the prime minister position.
126. Which of the following facts is TRUE about Theresa May?
 A. She graduated from Eton College.
 B. As a child, she was quite rebellious.
 C. She didn't work part time as a university student.
 D. She used not to be a home secretary.
127. She first became a member of parliament in.....
 A. 1992 B. 1994 C. 1997 D. 2013
128. Her reason to consider walking as one of her main hobbies is.....
 A. she is quite critical B. it helps her fight diabetes
 C. someone asks about it D. it is written on Balance magazine
129. The word approach in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to.....
 A. means B. advance C. technique D. trick
130. The word hedonistic in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to.....
 A. ordinary B. luxurious C. economical D. simple

Part VI. WRITING

Exercise 11. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

131. *Connor is said to be very ambitious and aggressive.*
 A. People regard Connor as an ambitious and aggressive person.
 B. People talk Connor as an ambitious and aggressive person.
 C. People believe in Connor as an ambitious and aggressive person.
 D. People feel Connor as an ambitious and aggressive person.
132. *You can always count on me.*
 A. I'll never take you down. B. I'll never let you down.
 C. I'll never hold you down. D. I'll never make you down.
133. *Nobody in my class is as outgoing as I am.*
 A. I am as outgoing as nobody in my class.
 B. I am the more outgoing than nobody in my class.
 C. I am the most outgoing person in my class.
 D. I am not as outgoing as people in my class.

134. *It is pointless to ask me about it because I know nothing.*
 A. It's no use asking me about it because I know nothing.
 B. It's no use to ask me about it because I know nothing.
 C. It's not use asking me about it because I know nothing.
 D. It's not use to ask me about it because I know nothing.
135. *I have accustomed myself to getting up very early.*
 A. I have used to getting up very early.
 B. I have been used to getting up very early.
 C. I have put getting up very early to good use.
 D. I have made use of getting up very early.
136. *I think we should change the topic of our presentation.*
 A. It's high time that we change the topic of our presentation.
 B. I'd rather our presentation change the topic.
 C. It's high time that we changed the topic of our presentation.
 D. I suggest we to change the topic of our presentation.
137. *When I was young, I wasn't allowed to watch much TV.*
 A. When I was young, my parents did not make me watch much TV.
 B. When I was young, my parents did not let me watch much TV.
 C. When I was young, my parents did not ask me to watch much TV.
 D. When I was young, my parents did not take me to watch much TV.
138. *I only glimpsed her briefly, but I am sure it was Mary.*
 A. Mary only had a brief glimpse, but I am sure.
 B. I only had a brief glimpse of her, but I am sure it was Mary.
 C. I only glimpsed briefly but I am sure it was Mary.
 D. Mary only glimpsed me briefly but I am sure it was her.
- Exercise 12. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**
139. *A car hit the fence of my garden. I was cleaning the swimming pool.*
 A. While a car hit the fence I was cleaning the swimming pool.
 B. A car hit the fence and I was cleaning the swimming pool.
 C. I was cleaning the swimming pool when a car hit the fence.
 D. I was cleaning the swimming pool then a car hit the fence.
140. *My daughter asks for money every day. I am really annoyed by it.*
 A. I am really annoyed by my daughter asks for money every day.
 B. My daughter is asking for money every day.
 C. I am really annoyed by it, my daughter asks for money every day.
 D. My daughter is always asking for money every day.
141. *She looked up. She saw a big tiger approaching.*
 A. Looking up, a big tiger approached her.

- B. Looked up, she saw a big tiger approaching.
 C. Looking up, she saw a big tiger approaching.
 D. Look up, she saw a big tiger approaching.

142. *I have presented about Oprah Winfrey. I hope the story would inspire you all.*

- A. I have presented about Oprah Winfrey to hope the story would inspire you all.
 B. I have presented about Oprah Winfrey hoping the story would inspire you all.
 C. I have presented about Oprah Winfrey hope for the story would inspire you all.
 D. I have presented about Oprah Winfrey hoped the story would inspire you all.

143. *Harry's life is rather dull. That's the reason why I don't want to talk about him.*

- A. The reason why I don't want to talk about Harry is that his life is quite dull.
 B. Harry's life is rather dull because I don't want to talk about it.
 C. What I don't like to talk about is Harry's dull life.
 D. Reasonably, I don't want to talk about Harry's rather dull life.

144. *She got so tired of waiting for him. She just got married to another man.*

- A. She got so tired of waiting for him that at the end she got married to another man.
 B. She got so tired of waiting for him while she got married to another man.
 C. She got so tired of waiting for him afterwards she got married to another man.
 D. She got so tired of waiting for him as a result she got married to another man.

145. *Why do you take an umbrella? It is not even raining.*

- A. You need not to take an umbrella because it is not even raining.
 B. You must not take an umbrella because it is not even raining.
 C. You need not take an umbrella because it is not even raining.
 D. You cannot take an umbrella because it is not even raining

UNIT 2 – URBANIZATION

Part I. PHONETICS

Exercise 1. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ng</u> ne | B. ph <u>o</u> ne | C. st <u>o</u> ne | D. z <u>o</u> ne |
| 2. A. l <u>i</u> fe | B. l <u>i</u> ke | C. l <u>i</u> ve | D. l <u>i</u> vely |
| 3. A. <u>bea</u> rd | B. <u>hea</u> r | C. <u>rea</u> r | D. <u>sw</u> ear |
| 4. A. <u>a</u> ncient | B. educ <u>a</u> te | C. str <u>a</u> nger | D. tr <u>a</u> nsfer |
| 5. A. acc <u>o</u> unt | B. ast <u>o</u> und | C. cou <u>n</u> try | D. m <u>o</u> unting |

Exercise 2. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 6. A. emigrate | B. immigrate | C. advocate | D. inhabit |
| 7. A. confide | B. comfort | C. inflate | D. severe |
| 8. A. biology | B. environment | C. geography | D. scientific |
| 9. A. estimate | B. prestigious | C. proportion | D. urbanity |
| 10. A. drawback | B. greenhouse | C. mindset | D. overload |

Part II. VOCABULARY

Exercise 3. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

11. She's a down-to-earth woman with no pretensions.
 A. ambitious B. creative C. idealistic D. practical
12. It is crucial that urban people not look down on rural areas.
 A. evil B. optional C. unnecessary D. vital
13. Polish artist Pawel Kuzinsky creates satirical paintings filled with thought-provoking messages about the world.
 A. inspirational B. provocative C. stimulating D. universal
14. She was brought up in the slums of Leeds.
 A. downtown area B. industrial area C. poor area D. rural area
15. The Freephone 24 Hour National Domestic Violence Helpline is a national service for women experiencing domestic violence, their family, friends, colleagues and others calling on their behalf.
 A. in the same country B. in the same family
 C. in the same office D. in the same school
16. The promise of jobs and prosperity pulls people to cities.
 A. education B. employment C. stabilization D. wealth
17. With so many daily design resources, how do you stay up-to-date with technology without spending too much time on it?
 A. connect to Internet all day B. update new status
 C. get latest information D. use social network daily
18. Online Business School also offers interest free student loans to UK students.
 A. no extra fee B. no limited time
 C. no repayment D. no interest payments
19. Many illnesses in refugee camps are the result of inadequate sanitation.
 A. cleanliness B. dirtiness C. pollution D. uncleanliness
20. There has been a hot debate among the scientists relating to the pros and cons of using robotic probes to study distant objects in space.
 A. problems and solutions B. advantages and disadvantages
 C. solutions and limitations D. causes and effects
21. Her style of dress was conservative. She never wears items that are too tight, short or low-cut.
 A. high-fashion B. traditional C. trendy D. up to date
22. Many of the immigrants have intermarried with the island's original inhabitants.

- A. foreigners B. landlord C. newcomer D. dwellers

Exercise 4. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

23. This restaurant was highly recommended for good service, delicious food and kind-hearted boss.

- A. ambitious and greedy B. attentive and helpful
C. generous and gracious D. polite and friendly

24. Since 1979, ULI has honored outstanding development projects in the private, public, and nonprofit sectors with the ULI Global Awards for Excellence program, which today is widely recognized as the development community's most prestigious awards program.

- A. important B. notable C. ordinary D. respected

25. Many people move to urban areas seeking for job opportunity as well as stable employment.

- A. durable B. long-lasting C. steady D. temporary

26. In cities, two of the most pressing problems facing the world today also come together: poverty and environmental degradation.

- A. destruction B. poisoning C. pollution D. progression

27. Unemployment is a massive problem for the government at the moment.

- A. main B. major C. minor D. primary

28. A cost-effective way to fight crime is that instead of making punishments more severe, the authorities should increase the odds that lawbreakers will be apprehended and punished quickly.

- A. economical B. practical C. profitable D. worthless

29. I propose that we wait until the budget has been announced before committing ourselves to any expenditure.

- A. approve B. recommend C. reject D. suggest

30. Until 1986 most companies would not even allow women to take the exams, but such gender discrimination is now disappearing.

- A. unfairness B. injustice C. partiality D. equality

31. The best hope of avoiding downmarket tabloid TV future lies in the pressure currently being put on the networks to clean up their act.

- A. expensive B. famous C. poor quality D. uncreative

32. Without economic security and amid poor living conditions, crime is inevitable.

- A. assured B. compulsory C. inescapable D. preventable

33. Increases in motor vehicle usage have resulted in congestion on the roads.

- A. blockage B. obstruction C. opening D. overcrowding

34. Urbanization is the shift of people from rural to urban areas, and the result is the growth of cities.

- A. maintenance B. movement C. transposition D. variation

Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

35. (A) Urban development can magnify (B) the risk of environmental hazards (C) for example flash (D) flooding.

36. (A) Even if rural areas are winning (B) or losing from increased trade, (C) however, (D) remains uncertain.

37. Strong city planning (A) will be essential in managing (B) those and (C) others difficulties (D) as the world's urban areas well.

38. (A) Because of urbanization continues, (B) not only the infrastructure for health (C) but also other social services in cities (D) need improving.

39. Government should (A) be used national resources in a (B) more efficient way (C) in order to meet the (D) needs of growing populations.

40. (A) What problems (B) could it cause and how (C) citizens should prevent these challenges will (D) be covered in my essay.

41. Overpopulation is an undesirable condition (A) where the number of (B) existing human population (C) exceeding the carrying capacity (D) of Earth.

42. The loan is interest-free, (A) which means that you will only pay the fee (B) listing on our website, (C) with no extra payment in (D) the form of interest.

43. Food prices have (A) raised so (B) rapidly in the past few months (C) that some families have been forced (D) to alter their eating habits.

44. (A) Because of severe asthma (B) attacks, the doctor (C) suggested his patient (D) to stop smoking.

45. (A) Improving the status of women through (B) increasing access (C) to reproductive health care (D) affecting migration and urbanization trends.

46. Poor air and water (A) quality, insufficient water (B) available, and high energy (C) consumption are exacerbated by (D) demands of urban environments.

47. (A) Starting with, the (B) foremost problem (C) engendered by overpopulation is traffic (D) congestion.

48. Between (A) the time of the plague and the 21st century, (B) there were hundreds and thousands of wars, (C) natural calamities and (D) hazards man-made.

49. (A) It is argued that high costs of living and (B) rising transport difficulties (C) being two of the most serious problems (D) brought about by overpopulation in cities.

50. Overpopulation and (A) negative effect of it (B) has been major (C) concerns in cities (D) all around the globe.

Part III. GRAMMAR

Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

51. It is necessary that you....able to come with us.

- A. are B. be C. being D. to be

52. I suggest that Peter...the directions carefully before assembling the bicycle.

- A. read B. reading C. reads D. to read

53. We request that she....the window.
A. not open B. not to open C. not opening D. to not open
54. The UK is considering the proposal that it....compensations for damages of the Indian embassy.
A. been paying B. is paying C. paid D. pay
55. Howard prefers that I....to his party.
A. am going B. go C. going D. will go
56. Mary demanded that the heater....immediately. Her apartment was freezing.
A. repaired B. be repaired C. being repaired D. been repaired
57. The monk insisted that the tourists....the temple until they had removed their shoes.
A. not enter B. not entering C. not to enter D. to not enter
58. The recommendation that she....a holiday was carried out.
A. has taken B. take C. taken D. taking
59. Was it really necessary that I....there watching you the entire time you were rehearsing for the play? It was really boring watching you repeat the scenes over and over again.
A. am sitting B. be sitting C. being sitting D. sitting
60. I propose that we all....together so that nobody gets lost along the way.
A. be driving B. drive C. driven D. driving
61. It is impolite that you....there when he gets off the plane.
A. be not standing B. been not standing
C. not be standing D. not been standing
62. It is recommended that the vehicle owner....present at the court.
A. be B. be not C. not being D. not to be
63. Congress has decreed that the gasoline tax.....
A. abolish B. abolished C. be abolished D. been abolished
64. The doctor recommended that she....a specialist about the problem.
A. be seen B. seeing C. should be seen D. should see
65. It is essential that she....the truth.
A. told B. should be tell C. should be told D. should been told
66. It has been proposed that we....the topic.
A. not change B. not to change C. to change D. to not change
67. They hope to....a cure for the disease.
A. catch up on B. come up with C. fill up with D. go out with
68. Don't worry, we'll try to....the problems and find a solution for everyone.
A. carry on B. make up C. sort out D. switch off
69. Tony was totally opposed but if you give him some time to think about what you said. I'm sure he will....to your point of view.
A. come round B. deal with C. fit out D. keep down
70. The rapid rise in the global population is not expected to start....until past the middle of this century, by which time it will have reached 9 billion.

- A. falling off B. knocking down C. looking over D. passing out
71. In order to apply for a credit card, Tom first has to....a four-page form at the bank.
A. catch on B. come up with C. fill in D. hand out
72. The teacher explained so much stuff in just one lesson that most of the students could....only half of it.
A. break up B. get through C. let out D. take in
73. The map of top ten most densely....countries in the world includes Monaco, Singapore, Bahrain, Malta and Bangladesh.
A. populated B. populating C. population D. popular
74. Interactive games could be used in order to keep students.....
A. engage B. engaged C. engagement D. engaging
75. We could mention some solution and government....in the conclusion.
A. initiates B. initiatives C. initiations D. initiators
76. Women who....due to marriage are not considered to be....
A. migrate – migrants B. migrate – migrators
C. migrant – migrators D. migrant - migrations
77. Each child had to....a short speech to the rest of the class.
A. do B. carry out C. make D. take
78. Although it was more than an hour late, the superstar finally showed up and....the attention of the audience.
A. grabbed B. held C. paid D. took
79. Has the interviewer....the date? Yes, it's on next Monday.
A. amend B. fixed C. moved D. revised
80. Don't worry. We're in good time; there's....to hurry.
A. impossible B. no need C. no purpose D. unnecessary
81. Overpopulation in urban areas tends to create unfavourable conditions, which may result in....of food in developing countries.
A. damages B. failures C. shortages D. supplies
82. He wasn't able to....with the stresses and strains of the job.
A. catch up B. come down C. cope D. handle
83. Urbanization can bring social health and benefit;...., it also has its drawbacks.
A. by the way B. furthermore C. however D. moreover
84. During the lesson, if you have questions or comments, please feel free to....them.
A. enlarge B. increase C. go up D. raise
85. We have to come to the conclusion. We are....out of time.
A. driving B. going C. running D. walking
86. Thanks to the development in technology, students have....to good resources.
A. been accessed B. access C. accessing D. assessed
87. The rate of urbanization is low....the rate of urban growth is high.
A. but B. however C. so D. therefore

88. The level of urban unemployment and numbers of....are high.
 A. joblessness B. the jobless C. the joblessness D. the jobs
89. A high increase in crime rates is....by the majority of the people in urban cities.
 A. affected B. gone through C. influenced D. suffered
90. Anna organized a few games to....the ice when the new students first arrived.
 A. break B. crack C. drill D. melt

Part IV. SPEAKING

Exercise 7. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

91-99: *Three friends Mark, Anna and Jenny are talking about their up-coming English presentation on urbanization.*

91. ~ *Mark*: "How do you do?"

~ *Jenny*: "....."

- A. I'm well. Thank you. B. How do you do?
 C. Not too bad. D. Yeah, OK.

92. ~ *Mark*: "....."

~ *Jenny*: "I think there are various reasons."

- A. Do you mind if I think about reasons for urbanization?
 B. I'd like to invite you to think about reasons for urbanization.
 C. What do you think about reasons for urbanization?
 D. Would you mind thinking about the reasons for urbanization?

93. ~ *Jenny*: "I think higher living standard is one of the reasons that many people want to be a city dweller."

~ *Mark*: "....."

- A. I couldn't agree more. B. It's nice of you to say so.
 C. That's quite all right. D. Why not?

94. ~ *Anna*: "Personally, I love peaceful and quiet life in rural areas."

~ *Jenny*: "....."

- A. Neither do I. B. No, I won't. C. So do I. D. Yes, I like it.

95. ~ *Anna*: "In my opinion, some people should stay in rural areas as well as work on agriculture."

~ *Mark*: "....."

- A. I'm not afraid I don't agree. B. I'm not sure about that.
 C. I'm so sorry, but I agree. D. Not at all, thanks.

96. ~ *Jenny*: "Do you think we'll finish in time?"

~ *Anna*: "....."

- A. I know so. B. I think not. C. Well, I hope so. D. Yes, that's right.

97. ~ *Mark*: "What about starting the presentation with results of our research?"

~ *Jenny*: "...."

- A. Congratulations! B. Sounds great! C. Well done! D. What a pity!

98. ~ *Anna*: "So do you think we should add some pictures and videos?"

~ *Jenny*: "....."

- A. None. B. Not much. C. Please do. D. Sure.

99. ~ *Mark*: "Let's collect information and then create the PowerPoint slides."

~ *Jenny*: "Oh,....?"

- A. good idea. B. I don't. C. I need it. D. why is that?

100-105: *Mark is talking to his classmate Alex after their performance at the first round of the English presentation competition.*

100. ~ *Mark*: "We've passed the first round."

~ *Alex*: "....."

- A. Congratulations! B. Do you?
 C. It's nice of you to say so. D. That's a good idea.

101. ~ *Alex*: "You've got a brilliant performance today!"

~ *Mark*: "....."

- A. I do. B. Okay. C. Thank you. D. You, too.

102. ~ *Alex*: "We've tried hard but we couldn't make it!"

~ *Mark*: "Oh....."

- A. I'm sorry. B. What a pity! C. Thank you. D. You are welcome.

103. ~ *Alex*: "....."

~ *Mark*: "Oh, it's great!"

- A. How is the English presentation competition like?
 B. What do you like about the English presentation competition?
 C. What do you think of the English presentation competition?
 D. Would you like the English presentation competition?

104. ~ *Mark*: "In the next round, we are going to present about the pros and cons of urbanization."

~ *Alex*: "...."

- A. Good chance. B. Good day. C. Good luck. D. Good time.

105. ~ *Alex*: "It was nice meeting you. Have a nice weekend."

~ *Mark*: "Thanks."

- A. I hope so, too. B. The same to you.
 C. Wish the same to me. D. Wish you be the same.

Part V. READING

Exercise 8. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Rapid urbanization can (106)....long-term economic, social and environmental promise for developing countries (107)....investments made now in infrastructure, housing and public services are efficient and sustainable, the World Bank says in a new report.

In the next two decades, cities are (108)....to expand by another two billion residents, as people move in unprecedented (109)....from rural areas to pursue hopes and aspirations in cities. More than 90 (110)....of this urban population growth is expected to

occur in the developing world, (111)...many cities are already struggling to provide basic (112)...such as water, electricity, transport, health services and education.

Report authors note that (113)...new urban growth will not take (114)...in the “megacities” of the world e.g. Rio de Janeiro, Jakarta or New Delhi (115)...rather in less commonly recognized “secondary” cities - places like Fushun in China, and Surat in India.

To help policymakers prepare for and manage growth, the report distills lessons (116)...from 12 countries across all geographic regions and stages of urbanization. It then translates these global lessons (117)...practical policy advice.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 106. A. bring | B. carry | C. hold | D. take |
| 107. A. if | B. unless | C. whether | D. while |
| 108. A. predictable | B. predicted | C. predicting | D. predictions |
| 109. A. amounts | B. numbers | C. ranges | D. sums |
| 110. A. per cent | B. percentage | C. proportion | D. rate |
| 111. A. what | B. where | C. which | D. why |
| 112. A. demands | B. needs | C. orders | D. uses |
| 113. A. almost | B. most | C. mostly | D. nearly |
| 114. A. form | B. hand | C. place | D. time |
| 115. A. but | B. nor | C. or | D. yet |
| 116. A. are learned | B. being learned | C. learned | D. learning |
| 117. A. by | B. into | C. up to | D. up with |

Exercise 9. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The increase in urbanization causes different problems. Air and water pollution are amongst the major issue we have to **tackle**.

In the first place, cars, factories and burning waste emit dangerous gases that change the air quality in our cities and pose threats to our health. Dangerous gases such as carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides cause respiratory diseases, for instant, bronchitis and asthma. **Those** are also proved to have long-term effects on the environment.

Furthermore, with the increased population, it becomes difficult to manage the waste generated in cities. Most of the waste is discharged or dumped into rivers or onto streets. The waste pollutes water and makes it unfit for human consumption. Subsequently, it becomes more and more difficult for city dwellers to get clean water. Some cities in Africa are unable to provide adequate water supply because most of the water is lost in pipe leakages. In fact, most city dwellers in developing countries are forced to boil their water or to buy bottled water, which is very expensive.

There are several actions that could be taken to eradicate the problems described above. Firstly, a simple solution would be joining community efforts to address problems affecting your city. Ask your parents, friends and relatives to join in as well. These efforts might include clean-up campaigns, recycling projects and a signature campaign to ask the government to do something about the situation. A second measure

would be encouraging your teacher to talk about these problems and to discuss how young people can help to solve them. Finally, writing to local organizations working on these issues for ideas on how you can contribute to solve them.

118. *The word **tackle** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to.....*

- A. deal with B. make up C. try on D. turn down

119. *The word **those** in paragraph 2 refers to.....*

- A. bronchitis and asthma B. carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides
C. dangerous gases D. respiratory diseases

120. *According to the passage, in some cities in Africa.....*

- A. people are allowed to dump waste into rivers and on streets
B. people aren't provided enough water due to leaking pipes
C. people have found some solutions to the problems
D. people would rather use boiling water and bottled water

121. *Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?*

- A. City problems should be taught and be topic for students to discuss at school.
B. Children must ask for their parent's permission before joining community efforts.
C. Participators might take part in different kinds of projects and campaigns.
D. People can contribute in solving the problems by writing to local organizations working on these issues.

122. *Which of the following would serve as the best title for the passage?*

- A. Environment degradation: Air and water pollution
B. Environmental pollution: Problems and actions
C. Increasing urbanization: Causes and effects
D. Increasing urbanization: Effects and solutions

Exercise 10. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Buying a house is the single largest financial investment an individual makes. Yet, in India this act is fraught with risk and individuals depend on weak laws for justice. Occasionally, deviant promoters are called to account as was the case in the detention of Unitech's promoters. This incident shows up the fallout of an absence of proper regulation to cover contracts between buyers and real estate promoters. A real estate bill, which is presently pending in Rajya Sabha, seeks to fill this gap. It has been debated for over two years and should be passed by Parliament in the budget session.

India is in the midst of rapid urbanization and urban population is expected to more than double to about 900 million over the next three decades. Unfortunately, even the current population does not have adequate housing. A government estimate in 2012 put the shortage at nearly 19 million units. If this shortage is to be **alleviated** quickly, India's messy real estate sector needs reforms.

The real estate bill seeks to set standards for contracts between buyers and sellers. Transparency, a rare commodity in real estate, is enforced as promoters have to upload project details on the regulators' website. Importantly, standard definitions of terms

mean that buyers will not feel cheated after taking **possession** of a house. In order to protect buyers who pay upfront, a part of the money collected for a real estate project is ring-fenced in a separate bank account. Also, given the uncertainty, which exists in India on land titles, the real estate bill provides title insurance. This bill has been scrutinized by two parliamentary committees and its passage now brooks no delay.

This bill is an important step in cleaning up the real estate market, but the journey should not end with it. State governments play a significant role in real estate and they are often the source of problems. Some estimates suggest that real estate developers have to seek approvals of as many as 40 central and state departments, which lead to delays and an **escalation** in the cost of houses. Sensibly, NDA government's project to provide universal urban housing forces states to institute reforms to access central funding. Without real estate reforms at the level of states, it will not be possible to meet the ambition of making housing accessible for all urban dwellers.

123. *It can be inferred from the passage that.....*

- A. buying house is not a single largest individual investment
- B. in India, no one depends on laws for justice
- C. the real estate bill does not provide title insurance
- D. urbanization in India has increased rapidly

124. *According to the passage, which of the following is the pending in Rajya Sabha?*

- A. NDA government's new scheme
- B. Universal rural housing programme
- C. Real estate bill
- D. Universal urban housing programme

125. *Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?*

- A. Current population does not have adequate housing in India.
- B. India's real estate sector needs reforms.
- C. Real state bill has been scrutinized by two parliamentary committees.
- D. Urban population is expected to more than double to about 850 million over the next three decades.

126. *According to the passage, what is the source of problem in real estate?*

- A. Buyers and sellers
- B. Central governments
- C. Market money makers
- D. State governments

127. *The word **alleviated** in the second paragraph is OPPOSITE in meaning to.....*

- A. aggravated
- B. deaden
- C. diminished
- D. relieved

128. *The word **possession** in the third paragraph refers to.....*

- A. lease
- B. need
- C. proprietary rights
- D. renting

129. *The word **escalation** in the forth paragraph refers to.....*

- A. decrease
- B. growth
- C. reduction
- D. sustainability

130. *It is impossible to meet the ambition of making housing accessible for urban dwellers.....*

- A. with real estate reforms at state level
- B. without support of central government
- C. without passing the bill in Rajya Sabha

D. without real estate reforms at the level of states

Part VI. WRITING

Exercise 11. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

131. *There was an upward trend in the demand for labor force.*

- A. The demand for labor force declined.
- B. The demand for labor force increased.
- C. The demand for labor force reduced.
- D. The demand for labor force remained stable.

132. *The industrial production plummeted spectacularly from 1990 to 2000.*

- A. The industrial production fell quickly in ten years from 1990 to 2000.
- B. The industrial production fell steadily in ten years from 1990 to 2000.
- C. The industrial production rose sharply in ten years from 1990 to 2000.
- D. The industrial production rose slightly in ten years from 1990 to 2000.

133. *There was a 5% drop in the student enrollment of the university.*

- A. The student enrollment of the university dropped by 5%.
- B. The student enrollment of the university dropped for 5%.
- C. The student enrollment of the university dropped in 5%.
- D. The student enrollment of the university dropped to 5%.

134. *There was a 30% rise in the rate of unemployment.*

- A. There was a rise by 30% in the rate of unemployment.
- B. There was a rise of 30% in the rate of unemployment.
- C. There was a rise to 30% in the rate of unemployment.
- D. There was a rise up 30% in the rate of unemployment.

135. *Rapid ups and downs in the number of students could be observed in June.*

- A. The number of students changed dramatically in June.
- B. The number of students did not stay the same in June.
- C. The number of students fluctuated wildly in June.
- D. The number of students went up and then fell in June.

136. *There was moderate fluctuation in the availability of seasonal produce.*

- A. The availability of seasonal produce experienced a stable period.
- B. The availability of seasonal produce is recorded leveling off.
- C. The availability of seasonal produce hardly moved up and down.
- D. The availability of seasonal produce went through a period of erratic.

137. *The rural population grew slowly from 1950 to 1990 and reached its peak in 1992.*

- A. The rural population experienced an upward trend from 1950 to 1992.
- B. The rural population hit its highest level in 1992 after a slight increase in 40 years.
- C. The rural population leveled off in 1992 after growing slowly for 40 years.
- D. The rural population reached its lowest level in 1992 after growing slowly for 40 years.

138. *The number of unemployed people doubled between 2005 and 2009.*

- A. Twice as many people were unemployed in 2005 compared to 2009.
- B. Twice as many people were unemployed in 2009 than in 2005.
- C. There were twice as many unemployed people in 2005 compared to 2009.
- D. There were twice as many unemployed people in 2009 as in 2005.

Exercise 12. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

139. *The share price fluctuated. The trend was slightly upward.*

- A. The share price fluctuated; as the upward trend.
- B. The share price fluctuated; consequently, the trend was slightly upward.
- C. The share price fluctuated; due to the upward trend.
- D. The share price fluctuated; however, the trend was slightly upward.

140. *Asia is home to 50 per cent of the world's urban population. At the same time, Europe is home to 14 per cent of the world's urban population.*

- A. Asia is home to 50 per cent of the world's urban population although Europe is home to 14 per cent of the world's urban population.
- B. Asia is home to 50 per cent of the world's urban population due to Europe is home to 14 per cent of the world's urban population.
- C. Asia is home to 50 per cent of the world's urban population, nevertheless, Europe is home to 14 per cent of the world's urban population.
- D. Asia is home to 50 per cent of the world's urban population whereas Europe is home to 14 per cent of the world's urban population.

141. *Increasing urbanization has led to problems. Cities are centers of civilization and culture.*

- A. Although increasing urbanization has led to problems, but cities are centers of civilization and culture.
- B. Despite increasing urbanization has led to problems, but cities are centers of civilization and culture.
- C. In spite of increasing urbanization has led to problems, yet cities are centers of civilization and culture.
- D. Though increasing urbanization has led to problems, cities are centers of civilization and culture.

142. *In 1960, the rate of urbanization in Indonesia was about 17%. In 1969, it was about 20%.*

- A. The rate of urbanization in Indonesia increased by 3% in 1969 followed by a slight fall to 17% in 1960.
- B. The rate of urbanization in Indonesia rose to 20% before falling to 17% in the period of nine years from 1960.
- C. In 1960, the rate of urbanization in Indonesia was about 17% after falling slightly by 3% in the period of nine years.
- D. In 1960, the rate of urbanization in Indonesia was about 17% followed by a slight increase of 3% in 1969.

143. *The expenditure of the office remained stable. The profit rose by 25%.*

- A. The profit rose by 25% although the stabilization of the office's expenditure.
- B. The profit rose by 25% as a result of the stabilization of the office's expenditure.
- C. The profit rose by 25% despite the stabilization of the office's expenditure.
- D. The profit rose by 25% owing to the stabilization of the office's expenditure.

144. *The rapid urbanization led to many serious problems. One of those is the growth of slums.*

- A. The rapid urbanization is the cause of many serious problems such as the growth of slums.
- B. The rapid urbanization is consequent of many serious problems like the growth of slums.
- C. The rapid urbanization is created by many serious problems such as the growth of slums.
- D. The rapid urbanization is resulted by many serious problems like the growth of slums.

145. *The price plunged from 300 to 20 in 1995. It plateaued over the next 3 years.*

- A. The price decreased by 280 in 1995 before stabilizing for the next 3 years.
- B. The price decreased for 280 in 1995 before leveling off for the next 3 years.
- C. The price increased by 280 in 1995 before leveling off for the next 3 years.
- D. The price increased for 280 in 1995 before stabilizing for the next 3 years.

UNIT THREE - THE GREEN MOVEMENT

Part I VOCABULARY

Exercise 1. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. The council wants to....the character of the city while reconstructing the Old Quarter.
A. preserve B. store C. defense D. abandon
2. Heavy traffic....us so we came to the meeting rather late.
A. promoted B. arrested C. canceled D. delayed
3. It turned out to be a....journey when the weather became bad.
A. hazard B. hazardous C. hazarded D. hazarding
4. Poaching....the greatest threat to many species.
A. creates B. presents C. poses D. produces
5. In Africa, people's interference in the rhino's....leads to habitat loss.
A. sector B. territory C. domain D. country
- 6.....the wild, giant pandas eat bamboo.
A. On B. Into C. Onto D. In
7. This species of African elephants is.....

- A. dying out B. dying of C. dying on D. dying down

8.....is wiping out many kinds of plants and animals.

- A. Defoliation B. Deforestation C. Deformation D. Degradation

9. The tiger is....of extinction. It is difficult to find them in the wild.

- A. on the wing B. on the rocks C. on the verge D. on the ground

10. Switching to....eco light bulb is one way to protect the environment.

- A. energy-wasting B. energy-expending C. energy-lacking D. energy-saving

11.....batteries or solar chargers are some of the solutions to the lack of energy.

- A. Rechargeable B. Reversible C. Repeatable D. Returnable

12. I never leave any electrical appliances on standby and I think it is a good way to....energy in the home.

- A. take care of B. use C. keep D. conserve

13. Nowadays, people are searching for more....materials to build their houses.

- A. environment-friendly B. environmentally-friendly
C. environmental-friendly D. environmental-friend

14. Every....piece of equipment was sent to the fire.

- A. consumable B. spendable C. available D. disposable

15. In the....agriculture, farmers try to limit the use of chemicals and fertilizers.

- A. sustainable B. conserving C. preserving D. supporting

16. In Singapore, people try to....80% of all waste.

- A. reprocess B. reclaim C. recycle D. reuse

17. A good leader in globalization is not to impose but....change.

- A. facilitate B. cause C. show D. oppose

18. Information technology has....our lives.

- A. evolved B. reserved C. assimilated D. transformed

19. We need to act quickly to....to climate change, or it will be a disaster for the whole planet.

- A. adapt B. go back C. reverse D. transit

20. There is little....of things improving soon.

- A. probability B. probably C. probable D. probabilities

Exercise 2. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. For environmental safety, we need to find ways to reduce emission of fumes and smoke of factories.

- A. leak B. release C. poison D. pollutant

22. Nylon is a man-made fibre, the use of which has helped more people to have cheaper and more colourful clothes to wear.

- A. natural B. plastic C. synthetic D. artificial

23. The advances of commercial airplanes resulted in a shrinking world.

- A. decreasing B. reduced C. smaller D. compressing

24. We have to suffer from traffic congestion and pollution every day.

- A. accident B. fullness C. mass D. crowd

25. Many animals were born in captivity. Resultantly, they do not always breed well.

- A. imprisonment B. lock C. detention D. freedom

26. The African rhino is an endangered species and needs protecting.

- A. unstable B. dangerous C. insecure D. indefensible

27. We can protect many species by keeping them in wildlife reserves.

- A. protected land B. saved land C. park D. Zoo

28. Scientists are trying to find an energy that consumes less fuel.

- A. waste B. destroy C. eat up D. use

29. Modern buildings are designed to maximize natural light.

- A. absorb B. increase C. let D. diminish

30. It's wise to use local fresh produce which is in season.

- A. cars B. restaurants C. crops D. water

Exercise 3. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

31. The new policy will help generate more jobs.

- A. bring out B. form C. produce D. terminate

32. Her only problem is the limited experience because she is too young.

- A. narrow B. considerable C. insufficient D. restricted

33. The river is badly polluted with toxic chemicals from that factory.

- A. poisonous B. harmful C. all right D. deadly

34. I don't believe in anything he says, he is unreliable.

- A. inaccurate B. unstable C. trustworthy D. irresponsible

35. 'If we continue to deplete our planets natural resources, we will damage the environment significantly.

- A. use up B. add to C. reduce D. exhaust

36. She stays incredibly focused and is never distracted by others.
A. disturbed B. confused C. bewildered D. concentrated
37. Globally, farmers encroach on forest land to grow crops.
A. leave B. invade C. make road to D. intrude
38. Poverty in many African countries increases the likelihood that people poach animals to earn their living.
A. chance B. prospect C. possibility D. improbability
39. Funds are diverted from conservation to military because of war.
A. redirected B. shifted C. stayed D. turned aside
40. The number of rhinos is in steady decline. There are fewer rhinos than ever before.
A. occasional B. constant C. stable D. Persistent

Part III. GRAMMAR

Exercise 4. Mark the letter A, B, or C to indicate the correct sentence type for each of the following questions.

41. The yoga room of this fitness centre smells of rose and lemongrass.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
42. My mother wants me to take up violin but I don't want to do it.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
43. The students' interests are in maths and science rather than history and literature.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
44. My group is being involved in a competition for the best singers.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
45. Most people in this town like to play sport, but they don't have enough time.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
46. Because the game is brand new, numerous students are attracted to it.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
47. My father and my brother are having a big argument over where our family will spend the summer vacation.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
48. During the disastrous storm, a tree fell down and destroyed our roof top.
A. simple B. compound C. complex
49. The maple leaf, which is Canada's national emblem, was selected in the eighteenth century.
A. simple B. compound C. complex

50. He can sing and dance very well, but he has never performed in public.

- A. simple B. compound C. complex

Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- 51.....he was waiting for Sam outside the cinema, Jim realized that the street was funnily crowded.
A. So B. While C. Unless D. Even though
52. I didn't meet him right away....he had to talk to his boss first.
A. while B. if C. because D. or
- 53.....what has happened, I think she will never return.
A. If B. Unless C. While D. After
54. There wasn't a chair for the headmaster,....is a big problem.
A. what B. which C. that D. where
55. The student wiped the board....was full of notes and drawings.
A. that B. while C. after D. so
56. True Blood is my favourite TV series,....I don't have much time to watch it often.
A. although B. before C. if D. yet
57. After the children finished their dinner, they went to bed....listened to a bedtime story before falling asleep.
A. that B. and C. so D. while
58. The kids show some hatred towards him,....he was really nice to them.
A. because B. before C. unless D. even though
59. We can leave....you are ready.
A. whatever B. whoever C. whenever D. whichever
60. I like swimming....my sister likes jogging and dancing.
A. whereas B. when C. whenever D. so

Part III. WRITING

Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

61. *You must never take the helmet off when you drive.*
A. Helmets must be worn at all times when driving.
B. Helmets must be taken around with you when you drive.
C. Wearing helmets is never taken into consideration when driving.
D. Helmets are an optional part of you when you drive.
62. *People in Australia are so environmentally-friendly that they create the greenest country in the world.*

- A. Australia is the greenest country in the world though the people are environmentally friendly
- B. Australia is the greenest country in the world because the people are environmentally friendly.
- C. Australia is the greenest country in the world while the people are environmentally-friendly.
- D. Australia is the greenest country in the world if the people are environmentally friendly.

63. *We might stop here if you don't change your way of speaking.*

- A. We might stop here unless you don't change your way of speaking.
- B. We might stop here if you change your way of speaking.
- C. We might stop here unless you change your way of speaking.
- D. We might stop here if not you change your way of speaking.

64. *When the class was over, the students ran out, screamed and shouted.*

- A. As long as the class finished, the students ran out, screamed and shouted.
- B. No sooner was the class over, the students ran out, screamed and shouted.
- C. As soon as the class had finished, the students ran out, screamed and shouted.
- D. If the class was over, the students would run out, scream and shout.

65. *At no time Jane asks me when she uses my bathroom.*

- A. Jane is always using my bathroom without asking!
- B. It is very unusual for Jane to ask me when she uses my bathroom.
- C. Jane has no time to ask me when she uses my bathroom.
- D. Sometimes Jane asks me when she uses my bathroom.

66. *He was about to do something when his mother suddenly shouted out.*

- A. He was doing something when his mother suddenly shouted out.
- B. He refused to do something about his mother suddenly shouting out.
- C. He was on the point of doing something when his mother suddenly shouted out.
- D. His mother's sudden shouting out helped him to do something.

67. *Merry allows her children to stay up late on Saturday evenings.*

- A. Merry makes her children stay up late on Saturday evenings.
- B. Merry gets her children to stay up late on Saturday evenings.
- C. Merry helps her children stay up late on Saturday evenings.
- D. Merry lets her children stay up late on Saturday evenings.

68. *I was under a strong impression that she had not told the truth.*

- A. I believed that she had not told the truth.
- B. I doubted that she had not told the truth.
- C. I protested that she had not told the truth.
- D. I insisted that she had not told the truth.

69. *He acts like an innocent man even if the evidence shows the contradiction.*

- A. Even though he acts like an innocent man, the evidence shows the contradiction.
- B. He acts like an innocent man because the evidence shows the contradiction.
- C. The evidence shows the contradiction so he acts like an innocent man.
- D. He acts like an innocent man, as a result, the evidence shows the contradiction.

Exercise 6. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

70. *We paid for the meal. We wanted to say sorry for what we had done.*

- A. In order to pay for the meal, we wanted to say sorry for what we had done.
- B. We paid for the meal in order to say sorry for what we had done.
- C. We paid for the meal although we wanted to say sorry for what we had done.
- D. The meal we paid for is what we want to say sorry for what we had done.

71. *My sister thinks the film is too frightening. I am not scared at all.*

- A. My sister thinks the film is too frightening because I am not scared at all.
- B. My sister thinks the film is too frightening so I am not scared at all.
- C. My sister thinks the film is too frightening whereas I am not scared at all.
- D. My sister thinks the film is too frightening although I am not scared at all.

72. *He bought her flowers and diamond rings. This action made her fall in love with him.*

- A. He bought her flowers and diamond rings, what made her fall in love with him.
- B. He bought her flowers and diamond rings, that made her fall in love with him.
- C. He bought her flowers and diamond rings, which made her fall in love with him.
- D. He bought her flowers and diamond rings which made her fall in love with him.

73. *He was so angry with his boss. He quitted his job immediately.*

- A. Angry with his boss, he quitted his job immediately.
- B. He quitted his job immediately, angry with his boss.
- C. Angry with his boss he is, he quitted his job immediately.
- D. He was so angry with his boss although quitting his job immediately.

74. *Something hit the door. I heard a slam.*

- A. Something hit the door but I heard a slam.
- B. Something hit the door when I heard a slam.
- C. Something hit the door though I heard a slam.
- D. Something hit the door for I heard a slam.

75. *He doesn't like going out. He doesn't invite any friends home.*

- A. He either goes out or invites any friends home.
- B. He neither goes out nor invites any friends home.
- C. He not only goes out but also invites any friends home.
- D. He goes out but not invites any friends home.