

Intent

At Chandlers Field Primary School, music is taught inclusively to ensure all children develop a love of music and feel confident in their musical abilities. By engaging in singing, playing instruments, composing, and listening to a variety of music, students will explore music from different cultures and historical periods, developing skills such as teamwork, creative thinking, and problem-solving. We believe that all children have the right to access a wide variety of subjects, including the arts. The Music curriculum is



designed to be inclusive, to help children to feel that they are musical, and to develop a life-long love of music. Due to this ethos, we use the Kapow Primary Music scheme, which focuses on developing the skills, knowledge and understanding that children need to become confident in the three pillars of musical education taken from the National Curriculum: performance, composition, and listening. The Kapow curriculum introduces children to music from all around the world and across generations, teaching children to respect and



appreciate the music of all traditions and communities. Children will develop the musical skills of singing, playing tuned and untuned instruments, improvising and composing music, and listening and responding to music. They will develop an understanding of the history and cultural context of the music that they listen to and learn how music can be written down. Through music, the Kapow curriculum helps children develop transferable skills such as team-working, leadership, creative thinking,



problem-solving, decision-making, and presentation and performance skills. These skills are vital to children's development as learners and have a wider application in their general lives outside and beyond school. Kapow Primary's Music scheme of work enables pupils to meet the end of key stage attainment targets outlined in the National Curriculum and the aims of the scheme align with those in the National

Curriculum.



Implementatio

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Foundation Stage (Nursery and Reception)

Nursery:

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vitie s, expl orin g sou nd usin g voic es and bodi es. 0 Intr odu ce mus ical conc epts relat ed to cult ural cele



brati ons (Diw ali, Han ukka h, Chri stm as). Dev elop liste ning skill s by con nect ing mov eme nts to the dyn ami cs of



mus ic. Exa 0 mpl e Acti vity: Cele brat ion Mus ic – Expl orin g sou nds thro ugh son gs and rhyt hm exer cise S



duri ng Diw ali or Chri stm as.

Reception:

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CS, tem po, and pitc h. Exa mpl e Acti vity: Mus ic and Mov eme nt – Crea ting acti ons for son gs and inte rpre



ting feeli ngs thro ugh mus ic.

Key Stage 1 (Years 1 and 2)

<u>Year 1:</u>

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on puls
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tem
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Intr



ce mus ical sym bols and repr ese ntati on of sou nds in stori es. Exa mpl e Acti vity: Fair ytal es – Usin g clap



ping and voca I acti vitie s to reinf orce rhyt hmi c patt erns

<u>Year 2:</u>

o Dev elop callandresp ons



e tech niqu es with instr ume nts. Foc us on stor ytell ing thro ugh mus ic and repr ese ntin g cont rasti ng dyn



ami cs. 0 Exa mpl e Acti vity: Spa ce Mus ic – Com posi ng and playi ng rhyt hms to repr ese nt the plan ets



Lower Key Stage 2 (Years 3-4)

<u>Year 3:</u>

Intr odu ce mor e adv anc ed conc epts such as com posi tion and stru ctur ed rhyt hm. Foc



us on stor ytell ing thro ugh mus ic and inco rpor atin g cult ural the mes Exa 0 mpl e Acti vity: Chin ese New



Year Crea te pent aton ic mel odie S inspi red by the festi val. <u>Year 4:</u> o Intr odu ce mor e stru

ctur ed



instr ume ntal wor k. Stud ents expl ore rhyt hms usin g tune d perc ussi on and exp erim ent with dyn ami cs.



Exa 0 mpl e Acti vity: Sam ba and Car niva I – Use Sout h Ame rica n rhyt hms and perf orm usin g tradi tion al



sam ba instr ume nts.

<u>Upper Key Stage 2</u> <u>(Years 5-6)</u>

<u>Year 5:</u>

Emp hasi ze the imp orta nce of nota tion, rhyt hm, and impr ovis atio



n thro ugh genr es like Blue s, and intr odu ce tradi tion al Afric an mus ic. 0 Exa mpl e Acti vity: Loo ping and



Rem ixin g – Expl ore remi xing tech niqu es and use of loop s in mod ern dan ce mus ic. <u>Year 6:</u> Foc 0 us on



mor e adv anc ed com posi tion and perf orm anc e skill s, esp ecial ly thro ugh Baro que mus ic and the crea



tion of grap hic scor es. Exa mpl e Acti vity: Film Mus ic Com posi tion Crea te sou ndtr acks and grap hic scor



es for a shor t film.

Key Vocabulary and Skills

Each year group will be introduced to relevant musical vocabulary, with a focus on performance, composition, and listening:

• Year 6 will learn terms like "canon," "fugue," "texture," and "graphic score."



- Year 5 will focus on terms such as "12-bar Blues,"
 "syncopati on," and "tuned percussion."
- Year 4 will delve into terms like "ostinato," "motif," and "samba breaks."

Assessment and Progression

Ongoing formative assessment



will track
progress in
performan
ce,
compositio
n, and
listening.

- A
 summative
 performan
 ce in the
 final term
 will assess
 students'
 growth in
 music
 comprehen
 sion and
 creativity
 (e.g., Year 6
 Leavers'
 Song).
- Students will also reflect on



	their			
	experience			
	s in their			
	learning			
	journals,			
	focusing on			
	the skills			
	they have			
	acquired			
	throughout			
	the year.			
Impact	By the end of the year, all students will have developed confidence in performing and composing music, with a strong understanding of cultural and historical contexts. They will have gained a broad appreciation of music, from traditional global			



	music to modern genres.					
	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Nursery	Continuous Provision	Celebration Music Learning about the music from a range of cultural and religious celebrations, including Diwali, Hanukkah, Kwanzaa and Christmas.	Exploring Sound Exploring how we can use our voice and bodies to make sounds, experimenting with tempo and dynamics when playing instruments and identifying sounds in the environment.	Music and Movement Creating simple actions to well-known songs, learning how to move to a beat and expressing their feelings and emotions through movement to music.	Musical Stories Moving to music with instruction, changing movements to match the tempo, pitch or dynamics and learning that music and instruments can convey moods or represent characters.	Big Band Learning about what makes a musical instrument, the four different groups of musical instruments, following a beat using an untuned instrument and performing a practised song.
Reception	Continuous Provision	Celebration Music Learning about the music from a range of cultural and religious celebrations, including Diwali, Hanukkah, Kwanzaa and Christmas.	Exploring Sound Exploring how we can use our voice and bodies to make sounds, experimenting with tempo and dynamics when playing instruments and identifying sounds in the environment.	Music and Movement Creating simple actions to well-known songs, learning how to move to a beat and expressing their feelings and emotions through movement to music.	Musical Stories Moving to music with instruction, changing movements to match the tempo, pitch or dynamics and learning that music and instruments can convey moods or represent characters.	Big Band Learning about what makes a musical instrument, the four different groups of musical instruments, following a beat using an untuned instrument and performing a practised song.
Waterloo						
Wimbledon						



YEAR 1	Pulse and Rhythm	Classical Music,	Musical Vocabulary	Timbre and Rhythmic	Pitch and Tempo	Vocal and Body Sounds
	All About Me Identify the difference between the pulse and rhythm of a song and consolidating understanding of these concepts through listening and performing activities	Dynamics and Tempo Animals Using our bodies and instruments to listen and respond to pieces of classical music that represent animals. Learning and performing a song and composing a short section of music, with a focus on dynamics and tempo.	Under The Sea Exploring Key Musical Vocabulary Journey into the unknown and explore under the sea through music, movement, chanting and the playing of tuned percussion instruments.	Patterns Fairy Tales Introducing the concept of timbre; learning that different sounds can represent characters and key events in a story. Clapping to the syllables of words and phrases before creating rhythmic patterns.	Superheroes Learning how to identify high and low notes and to compose a simple tune, exploring some different instruments and investigating how tempo changes help tell a story and make music more exciting.	By The Sea Children are encouraged to feel pieces of music, conveying mood through movement and making links between music, sounds and environments.
	Key Vocab Rhythm pulse	Key Vocab Fast slow Quiet dynamics tempo musical composition	Key Vocab Pulse dynamics Tempo celeste Timbre pitch Rhythm structure Texture Graphic score	Key Vocab Timbre pulse Rhythm syllables Strings timpani Oboe clarinet Bassoon flute French horn	Key Vocab accelerando high pitched low pitch perform performance pitch pitch pattern tempo	Key Vocab body percussion graphic score instruments Pitch seaside Sounds tempo Timbre dynamics
YEAR 2	West African Call and Response Song Animals Using instruments to represent animals, copying rhythms, learning a traditional African call and response song and recognising simple notation, progressing to creating animal-based call and response rhythms.	Orchestral Instruments Traditional Stories Introducing the instruments of the orchestra. Learning how different characters can be represented by timbre, how emotions can be represented by pitch and how changes in tempo can convey action.	Musical Me Learning to sing the song 'Once a Man Fell in the Weel.' and to play it using tuned percussion, adding sound effects, experimenting with timbre and dynamics and using letter notation to write a melody.	Dynamics, Timbre, Tempo and Motifs Identifying dynamics, timbre, tempo and instruments in music heard and comparing pieces by the same composer. Visually representing music in creative and more formal ways and learning to play and compose motifs.	On the Island: British Songs and Sounds Taking inspiration from the British Isles, exploring how to create sounds to represent three contrasting landscapes: seaside, countryside and city, creating their own soundscapes.	Myths and Legends Developing understanding of musical language and how timbre, dynamics and tempo affect the mood of the song.



	<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	<u>Key Vocab</u>
	Timbre dynamics Tempo rhythm structure call and response	Orchestra instruments Strings woodwind Brass percussion Vocals sound effect Timbre dynamics tempo	Rhythm pulse Dynamics timbre Beat melody notation	soundscape Timbre dynamics Tempo motif	composition Duration dynamics Inspiration pitch Structure tempo Texture timbre	Beat compose Composition Dynamics graphic score Legend melody Myth notation Pitch rhythm stave notation Structure tempo Texture timbre
YEAR 3	Ballads Learning what ballads are, how to identify their features and how to convey different emotions when performing. Selecting vocabulary to describe a story, before turning it into lyrics following the structure of a traditional ballad.	Creating Compositions in Response to an Animation Listening to music and considering the narrative it represents by paying close attention to the dynamics, pitch and tempo and how they change throughout the piece. Creating original compositions to match an animation.	Developing Singing Technique Developing singing technique; learning to keep in time, musical notation and rhythm, culminating in a group performance of a song with actions.	Pentatonic Melodies and Composition Using the story of Chinese New Year as a stimulus; revising key musical terminology, playing and creating pentatonic melodies, composing a piece of music in a group using layered melodies and performing a finished piece.	Jazz Learning about ragtime style music, Dixieland music and scat singing. Children create a jazz motif using a swung rhythm and play a jazz version of a nursery rhymes using tuned percussion.	Traditional Instruments and Improvisation Introducing to traditional Indian music. Learning about the rag and tal, listening to a range of examples of Indian music, identifying traditional instruments and creating improvisations and performing.
	Key Vocab ballad ensemble compose	Key Vocab Influence listen Dynamics timbre pitch repeated rhythm Pattern notation Ensemble Compose	Key Vocab composition Melody notation Tempo minim Crotchet quaver coordinated disciplined	Key Vocab tempo crescendo dynamics timbre duration	Key Vocab call and response Dixieland jazz Motif Ragtime Rhythm scat singing straight quaver swung quaver syncopation	Key Vocab Bollywood Drone dynamics Notation rag Sitar tabla Tanpura tala tempo
YEAR 4	Body and Tuned Percussion Rainforests	Rock and Roll Learning about the origin and features of	Changes in Pitch, Tempo and Dynamics	Haiku, Music and Performance	Samba and Carnival Sounds and Instruments Introducing samba and the sights and sounds of	Adapting and Transposing Motifs Romans



	Exploring the rainforest through music whilst being introduced to new musical terms. Using a mixture of body percussion and tuned percussion instruments to create rhythms of the rainforest, layer by layer.	rock and roll music, playing the Hand Jive and Rock Around the Clock, looking specifically at a walking bass line, and performing a whole-class piece.	Linking to Geography learning, pupils represent different stages of the river through vocal and percussive ostinatos, culminating in a final group performance.	Using descriptive vocabulary to create Haiku, putting it to music and adding percussion sound effects to bring all elements together before a final, group performance.	the carnival. Learning about the traditional sounds and instruments, syncopated rhythms and composing their samba breaks.	Drawing upon their understanding of repeating patterns in music, pupils are introduced to the concept of motifs and adapt and transpose motifs and perform them to their peers.
	Rey Vocab Pitter patter Raindrop clapping Clicking keyboard body percussion Tempo rhythm Boom snap Structure texture Contrast higher Lower compose Loop melody Pitch inspiration	Key Vocab rock and roll hand jive 1950's tempo dynamic notation style	Key Vocab a cappella breathing dynamics harmony listen texture tempo ostinato percussion layer	Key Vocab Hanami cherry blossom Pitch sound Glissando pizzicato composer composition col legno haiku Syllables melody Dynamics tempo	Key Vocab Agogo bateria Caixa carnival Chocalho composition Crescendo cowbell Dynamics ensemble Features Ganza Influenced unison metronome off-beat Percussion pulse Repique rhythm rhythmic break Samba Samba breaks Structure Surdo syncopated rhythms Tamborim texture untuned percussion	key Vocab bass line beat Compose crotchet Flats transpose in-time in-tune Key key signature Loop lyrics Minim motif Notation ostinato Pitch quavers Repetition rhythm Riff semibreve Sharps tempo tuned instrument vocal warm-ups call and response backing track dotted minim graphic notation repeating patterns rhythmic notation
YEAR 5	Composition Notation Ancient Egypt Identify the pitch and rhythm of written notes	Blues Identify the key features and mood of Blues music and its importance and	South and West Africa Learning 'Shosholoza' a Traditional South African song, playing the	Composition to Represent the Festival of Colour	Looping and Remixing Learning how dance music is created, focusing particularly on the use of	Musical Theatre An introduction to musical theatre, learning how singing,



and experimenting with notating their compositions in different ways to help develop their understanding of staff notation.	purpose. Learning the 12-bar blues and the blues scale and combining these to create an improvised piece with a familiar, repetitive backing.	accompanying chords using tuned percussion and learning to play the djembe and some dance moves.	Exploring the associations between music, sounds and colour, composing and, as a class performing their own musical composition to represent Holi.	loops, and learning how to play a well-known song before putting a dance spin on it to create their own versions.	acting and dancing can be combined to give an overall performance, exploring how music can be used to tell a story and learning about performance aspects.
Key Vocab Features notation Repeating unison Composition structure Repetition melody Tempo compose Ensemble minor key	Key Vocab Blues chord 12-bar Blues Bar scale Blues scale bent notes ascending scale descending scale improvisation	Key Vocab a cappella dynamics call and response Performance chord improvisation Ostinato break poly-rhythms master drummer Syncopation	Key Vocab synesthesia dynamics Holi graphic score vocal composition performance	Key Vocab Accuracy backbeat body percussion Fragment layers Loop melody looped rhythm melody line Notation ostinato Remix rhythm Riff structure	Key Vocab Action song Backdrop Book musical Character song Choreographer Composer Comic opera Costumes Designer Dialogue Director Duet Ensemble Hip-hop musical Jukebox musical Librettist Libretto Lyricist Musical director Musical theatre Opera Operetta Performers Props Rock musical Scene Solo Tempo Timbre Transitions



YEAR 6	Baroque Define some key features of Baroque music. Compose a ground bass melodic ostinato. Name some well-known Baroque composers and describe what musical features they were known for.	Dynamics, Pitch and Tempo Appraising the work of Mendelssohn and further developing the skills of improvisation and composition.	Songs of WW2 Developing greater accuracy in pitch and control. Identifying pitches within an octave when singing and using knowledge of pitch to develop confidence when singing in parts.	Film Music Exploring and identifying the characteristics of film music. Creating a composition and graphic score to perform alongside a film.	Themes and Variations Pop Art Exploring the musical concept of theme and variations and discovering how rhythms can 'translate' onto different instruments.	Composing and Performing a Leavers' Song Creating their own leavers song personal to their experiences as a class; listening to and critiquing well known songs, writing the lyrics, exploring the concept of the four-chord backing track and composing melodies.
	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab
		audio/video	Music morale	accelerando	3/4 time 4/4 time	Allegro arrangement
	Baroque	depicting	Britain troops	body percussion	accidentals	backing track chorus
	bass clef	texture	Frontline Vera Lynn	Brass characteristics	body percussion	chord progression
	canon	pitch	Contrast tempo	Chords chromatics	Diaphragm legato	Compose crescendo
	fugue	dynamics	higher and lower	Clashing composition	Motif orchestra	Diminuendo dynamics
	ground bass	conductor	Diaphragm melody	Convey crescendo	Percussion phrases	Evaluate forte
	opera	improvisation	Phrase graphic score	Descending dynamics	Pitch pizzicato	Largo lyrics
	oratorio	notation	pitch	Emotion imagery	Pulse quaver	Melody mood
	polyphonic	graphic score	Do Re Mi Fa So La Ti	Improvise interpret	Rhythm	musical features
	recitative	composition	counter-melody	Interval major	rhythmic elements	Notation piano
		practising	Harmony Solfa	Melodic minor	section semi-quaver	Poetic structure
		group work		Modulate orchestral	Staccato tempo	Repetitive rhyme
		ensemble		Pitch sequence	theme	Ritardando tempo
				Solo soundtrack	TIKI-TIKI, TI-TIKI, TIKI-TI	Sequence
				Symbol timpani	Translate variations	stave notation
				Tension texture Tremolo unison	vocal line woodwind	Upbeat verse