## Waves Summative Feedback Form

 Using Text as Evidence Feedback: Skill SEP7 Text
$\square$ Transition including the title of the text needed at beginning of citation
☐ Title is in quotation marks or in italics
$\square$ Words/phrases cited should come directly from the text (not students
ideas or about the lab)
☐ Cited text should help to prove the science concepts behind the claim
☐ Cites all key science concepts from the claim
<ul> <li>Cited text brings the reader new information. Does not just repeat the claim.</li> </ul>
☐ Sentence starts with a capital letter
☐ Title of Text is Capitalized
□ Comma after transition
□ Sentence ends with a period
☐ Font size and type is the same
$\square$ No capital letters in the middle of the sentence (Other than proper
nouns)
 Using Data As Evidence Feedback: Skill SEP7 Data
☐ Sentence begins with a capital letter
$\square$ Uses transition to name the data table
$\square$ Adds a comma after the transition
$\square$ Names the independent and dependent variables
□ Specific numbers are used
☐ Units must be included with numbers
☐ Two data points must be compared
$\hfill\square$ When comparing two data points, you must compare the independent
and dependent variables
$\square$ Chooses data points related to the model
$\square$ Ends the sentence with a period

_	Reasoning
	☐ Starts sentences with a capital letter
	☐ Starts sentences with a transition
	☐ Adds a comma after transitions
	$\square$ Uses the key words from the claim
	☐ Uses the lab materials
	$\square$ Includes what was seen/heard in the lab that proves the claim is true
	$\square$ Uses the key words from the text
	☐ Explains the science "why" - Tells why the claim is true based on science.
	$\square$ Is not vague - clearly explains any relationships between variables.
	$\square$ Braids not Pigtails: Does not just repeat the definition - incorporates
	the key words from the claim with the lab materials
	□ Ends the sentence with a period
	CED4 Crambing
_	SEP4 Graphing  Correctly draws the height of the wave correctly based on the amplitude
	☐ Correctly draws whether the waves are close together or far apart based on the
	frequency, wavelength, and pitch
	☐ Identifies frequency in graphs
	☐ Identifies amplitude in graphs (Including brightness and loudness of sound)
	<ul><li>Identifies pitch in graphs</li><li>Identifies wavelength in graphs</li></ul>
	a Identifies wavelength in graphs
	PVLEGS
	Poise (Appear calm and confident, Avoid distracting behaviors)
	☐ Voice (Speak every word clearly, Use just the right volume for the space)
	☐ Life (Use passion, personality, and emotion with your voice)
	<ul> <li>Eyes (Connect visually with the audience, Look at each audience member/camera)</li> <li>Gestures (Hand motions, Move your body, Have an expressive face)</li> </ul>
	Speed (Talk with appropriate speed - not too slow, not too fast, Use pauses for effect and emphasis)