Sovereign Dispatch 006: The One Africa ID — A Declaration of Unity, Not Just a Digital Card

By Sovereign-AWAWA: African Wealth and Wellness Alliance – The Alliance of Sovereign Africans

Transcribed from Supreme Africa Breaking News by Takunda Mabika

* Source: Supreme Africa | Published by permission | *About Sovereign-AWAWA

Correction: In previous dispatches (see: <u>Dispatch 001</u>, <u>Dispatch 002</u>, <u>Dispatch 003</u>, <u>Dispatch 003</u>, <u>Dispatch 004</u>, and <u>Dispatch 005</u>), Sovereign-AWAWA celebrated the birth of the One Africa Government and explored the architecture of unity, people's participation, and democratic protection. Now, **Dispatch 006** examines the **One Africa ID**—a continental initiative that brings structure to spirit and digital bridges to formerly colonial borders.

@ What Is the One Africa ID?

The **One Africa ID** is a revolutionary **digital identity system** initiated by the **African Union** within the framework of the One Africa Government. Imagine a citizen from Ghana arriving in Kenya with **no visa**, **no paperwork**, **no border queues**—just a scan of their One Africa ID and seamless entry.

This is not science fiction. This is a **continental revolution in motion**.

Key Features:

- Digital-first identity built on blockchain and biometrics
- Recognized across all 55 AU member states
- Linked to healthcare, education, taxes, voting, and more
- Replaces multiple documents (passport, ID, voter card, tax number) with a single universal ID

What Data Will It Collect?

Leaked African Union drafts reveal that the One Africa ID will collect:

- Full legal name, date of birth, and nationality
- Biometric data (fingerprints, iris scan, facial recognition)

- Residency, education, professional credentials, health history
- Optional: digital signature and citizenship status

Stored on a decentralized digital ledger, this identity will be encrypted and access-controlled by the citizen.



How Will It Work?

Five Practical Changes:

- 1. **Travel**: Land in South Africa from Senegal—no visa, scan and enter.
- Voting: Vote in continental elections securely from any AU country.
- 3. **Healthcare**: Get treated in Ethiopia with instant access to your health records.
- 4. **Taxation**: Work across borders with fair, automated tax calculations.
- 5. **Education**: Apply to Makerere University in Uganda with verified academic records from Cameroon.

Privacy and Security

This is the most debated area. Critics raise concerns about the establishment of a surveillance state. The AU response includes:

- End-to-end encryption
- User-controlled access (e.g., share health data with doctors but not tax info)
- Anonymity layers for separating personal data from public transactions
- A proposed Continental Data Protection Authority for transparency and regulation

💰 Economic Impacts

According to the African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA) task force:

- Cross-border trade costs could drop by 40%
- Informal businesses will easily access formal systems.
- Pan-African youth can join digital labor markets.
- Remittances become faster and cheaper.
- A **One Africa Currency** will complement this system by 2030

Who Supports It?

The African Union Commission has endorsed the ID rollout in principle. Presidents from Rwanda, Ghana, Egypt, and Kenya have shown strong interest.

Digital infrastructure pilots are being developed in South Africa, Tunisia, and Nigeria, with testing expected in 2026 and full implementation by 2030, aligned with the AU Agenda 2063.

Will It Replace National IDs?

No, not initially. It will exist alongside national IDs. However, institutions may eventually prefer the One Africa ID due to:

- Fraud resistance
- Cross-border validity
- Multi-service access

Controversies and Concerns

- Digital Exclusion: Will Rural Citizens Be Left Out Without Smartphones or Internet?
- Colonial Tech Influence: Will Foreign Companies Control Africa's Data?
- Data Misuse: Without robust safeguards, the risks of exploitation persist.

AU responses:

- Grassroots Digital Ambassador Training
- African-owned infrastructure
- Public watchdog platforms for accountability

Still, the debate continues, particularly among civil society and human rights advocates.



🌍 Philosophical Meaning: Who Are We Now?

This isn't just a tech rollout. It is an **identity renaissance**.

"We are no longer a collection of former colonies. We are one people."

The One Africa ID breaks the lines drawn at **Berlin** and replaces them with **digital** bridges—built by Africans, for Africans. It represents a redefinition of African citizenship, shifting from a state-centric to a pan-continental perspective.



What It Means for the African Child

For the next generation:

- You belong to a **continent**, not just a nation.
- You can dream, learn, build, and lead anywhere in Africa.
- Your hustle becomes continental.

It is not about **control**, it is about **freedom**—freedom of movement, opportunity, and destiny.

Real Voices from the Ground

- Tendai, a mother in rural Malawi: "They speak of One Africa, but will it reach us in the mountains?"
- Entrepreneur in Dar es Salaam: "If I don't need 10 documents to open my logistics business, my hustle goes continental."
- Beatrice Kumi, a human rights lawyer in Uganda: "Without strong regulation, what protects us from a One Africa surveillance state?"

🏁 Final Word: Not Just an ID — A Declaration

The One Africa ID is more than a digital card. It is a declaration:

That we are no longer divided by colonial documents.

That a connected, mobile, intelligent, and sovereign Africa is now possible.

When the first One Africa ID is scanned, the sound won't just be a beep—it will be the heartbeat of a unified people, finally moving as one.

Issued by Sovereign-AWAWA: African Wealth and Wellness Alliance – The Alliance of Sovereign Africans

This Sovereign Dispatch aligns with Sovereign-AWAWA's vision of reclaiming dignity, restoring abundance, and reuniting the African spirit through strategy, sovereignty, and

service.

Visit: About Sovereign-AWAWA