

```

#include <Adafruit_NeoPixel.h>
#include <SparkFun_APDS9960.h>
#include "Wire.h"

#define NEOPIXED_CONTROL_PIN 7
#define NUM_LEDS 30 // EDIT YOUR led LIGHTS
#define APDS9960_INT 2
#define LED_SPEED_STEP_INTERVAL 150

Adafruit_NeoPixel strip = Adafruit_NeoPixel(NUM_LEDS, NEOPIXED_CONTROL_PIN, NEO_RGB +
NEO_KHZ800);
SparkFun_APDS9960 apds = SparkFun_APDS9960();

unsigned long lastLedChangeTime = 0;
short ledDirection = 0;
short colorSelection = 0;
byte ledStates[] = {150, 100, 70, 50, 40, 30, 10, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0};
int isr_flag = 0;

void setup()
{
  Serial.begin(9600);
  Serial.println("Program started");
  strip.begin();
  pinMode(APDS9960_INT, INPUT);

```

```

attachInterrupt(0, interruptRoutine, FALLING);
if ( apds.init() && apds.enableGestureSensor(true)) {
    Serial.println("APDS-9960 initialization complete");
} else {
    Serial.println("Something went wrong during APDS-9960 init!");
}
lastLedChangeTime = millis();
Serial.println("Init succesfully");
}

```

```

void loop()
{
    if( isr_flag == 1 ) {
        detachInterrupt(0);
        handleGesture();
        isr_flag = 0;
        attachInterrupt(0, interruptRoutine, FALLING);
    }
    animateLeds();
}

```

```

void interruptRoutine()
{
    isr_flag = 1;
}

```

```

/**

```

```
* This will handle gestures from the APDS9960 sensor
* Up and Down gestures will call toggleColor function
* Left and Right gestures will change the led animation
*/
```

```
void handleGesture() {
    if ( !apds.isGestureAvailable() ) {
        return;
    }
    switch ( apds.readGesture() ) {
        case DIR_UP:
            Serial.println("UP");
            toggleColor();
            break;
        case DIR_DOWN:
            Serial.println("DOWN");
            toggleColor();
            break;
        case DIR_LEFT:
            ledDirection = 1;
            Serial.println("LEFT");
            break;
        case DIR_RIGHT:
            ledDirection = -1;
            Serial.println("RIGHT");
            break;
        case DIR_FAR:
            ledDirection = 0;
```

```
    Serial.println("FAR");  
    break;  
}  
}
```

```
/**  
 * Change current leds color  
 * Each time this function is called will change the leds state  
 */
```

```
void toggleColor()  
{  
    if (colorSelection == 0) {  
        colorSelection = 1;  
    } else if (colorSelection == 1) {  
        colorSelection = 2;  
    } else {  
        colorSelection = 0;  
    }  
}
```

```
/**  
 * The animation will run after LED_SPEED_STEP_INTERVAL millis  
 * First the rotateLeds function is called, then the leds colors are set using the strip api  
 */
```

```
void animateLeds()  
{  
    if (millis() - lastLedChangeTime < LED_SPEED_STEP_INTERVAL) {
```

```

        return;
    }
    rotateLeds();
    for (int i=0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
        strip.setPixelColor(i, getColor(ledStates[i]));
        strip.show();
    }
    lastLedChangeTime = millis();
}

/**
 * Using a secondary array "intermediateLedStates", leds intensities are animated
 * First the values from "ledStates" are copied on "intermediateLedStates" like so
 * let's say the "ledStates" array is {100, 80, 60, 0, 0, 0} and the ledDirection is 1
 * then after this function is called "ledStates" array is {0, 100, 80, 60, 0, 0} simulating a rotation
 * effect
 */
void rotateLeds()
{
    byte intermediateLedStates[NUM_LEDS];
    for (int i=0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
        intermediateLedStates[i] = 0;
    }
    for (int i=0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
        if (ledDirection == 1) {
            if (i == NUM_LEDS - 1) {
                intermediateLedStates[0] = ledStates[i];
            } else {

```

```

        intermediateLedStates[i + 1] = ledStates[i];
    }
} else {
    if (i == 0) {
        intermediateLedStates[NUM_LEDS - 1] = ledStates[i];
    } else {
        intermediateLedStates[i - 1] = ledStates[i];
    }
}
}
for (int i=0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
    ledStates[i] = intermediateLedStates[i];
}
}

```

```

uint32_t getColor(int intensity)
{
    switch (colorSelection) {
        case 0:
            return strip.Color(intensity, 0, 0);
        case 1:
            return strip.Color(0, intensity, 0);
        default:
            return strip.Color(0, 0, intensity);
    }
}

```