

The title is written in center alignment with Palatino Linotype-14 Bold font, maximum 15 words

First Author A 1 *, co-Author B 2

1 Affiliation of Author A. Affiliation address of Author A,

2 Affiliation of Author B. Affiliation address of Author A,

* E-mail: corresponden.author@email.com¹

Abstract

The abstract is written in English, using Palatinolintype-font 10. The spacing between lines is 1 space. The abstract contains no more than 200 words and consists of only 1 paragraph, which contains the background of the problem, objectives, methods, and research results and main conclusions.

Key words: maximum 5 words, in alphabetical order.

INTRODUCTION

Contains the background, rationale, and/or urgency of the research. References (relevant literature or research) need to be included in this section, in relation to the justification of the urgency of the research, the emergence of research problems, alternative solutions, and the chosen solution. The way of writing sources in the text needs to clearly show the author's name and source citation, in the form of the year of publication and the page where the manuscript is located. An example isin the mathematical connection criteria with indicators explaining the relationship of mathematical ideas..... (Apriyono, 2016).

This introduction also contains points from the theoretical studies that are included in this article.

References referred to by looking at the proportion of the last 10 years and referring to primary literature. Problems and/or hypotheses, expected results or

research objectives in this article are written narratively in paragraphs, no special subtitles are needed. Likewise, operational definitions, if deemed necessary, are also written narratively. The introduction is written in upright palatino linotype-12, with 1-line spacing. Each paragraph begins with a word that is indented 5 digits or about 1 cm from the left edge of each column. The proportion for this introduction is no more than 15% of the entire manuscript.

METHOD

Contains the type of research and development model (if R&D research), time and place of research, target/objective, research subject, procedure/stage of research/development, research instrument and data collection and analysis technique and other things related to the research method. target/objective, research subject,

procedure, data and instrument, and data collection technique, and data analysis technique and other things related to the research method can be written in sub-chapters, with sub-subheadings. Sub-subheadings do not need to be notated, but are written in lowercase letters starting with a capital letter, Garamond 12 unbold, aligned right-left.

Especially for qualitative research, the time and place of research need to be written clearly and completely (also necessary for quantitative research). The target/subject of research (for qualitative research) or population-sample (for quantitative research) needs to be clearly described in this section. The technique for obtaining subjects (qualitative research) and/or sampling technique (quantitative research) also needs to be written.

The procedure needs to be described according to the type of research. How the research is conducted and the data will be obtained, needs to be described in this section.

For experimental research, the type of design (experimental design) used should be written in this section. The type of data, how the data is collected, with which instruments the data is collected, and how the collection technique is, needs to be clearly described in this section.

How to interpret the data obtained, in relation to the problem and research objectives, needs to be clearly described. The proportion for this Method section is no more than 15% of the entire manuscript.

RESULT AND DISCISSION

The results of the study are presented in the form of graphs, tables, or descriptive. Analysis and interpretation of these results are needed before being discussed. The table is written in the middle or at the end of each text describing the results/obtainings of the study. If the width of the table is not enough to be written on half a page, then it can be written on a full page. The title of the table is written from the left centered, all words begin with a capital letter, except for conjunctions. If more than one line is written in single space. For example, see Table 1.

Tabel 1. *Style dan Fungsinya*

No.	Name Style	Functions
1.	MASS_Title	Title
2.	MASS_Author	Author
3.	MASS _AbstractBody	Abstract
4.	MASS _AbstractTitle	Abstract title
5.	MASS _AbstractKeyword etc	Keyword s

The results are in the form of images, or data that is made into images/schemes/graphs/diagrams/the like, the presentation also follows the existing rules; the title or name of the image is placed below the image, from the left, and is given a distance of 1 space from the image. If more than 1 line, the lines are given a single space. For example, it can be seen in Figure 1.



Figure 1. Showing Style in Template

The discussion focuses on linking the data and the results of its analysis to the problem or research objectives and the broader theoretical context. The discussion can also be an answer to the question of why facts such as those found in the data are found.

The discussion is written attached to the data being discussed. The discussion is not separated from the data being discussed. The proportion for the Results section is 35% and the Discussion 35% of the entire manuscript.

If the research is a combination method, the results of the problem solving are included which can be uploaded via images.

CONCLUSION

Contains briefly and clearly about: (1) sufficiently answers the problem or research objective (do not discuss it again); (2) is also a conclusion from the author logically and honestly based on the facts obtained?; (3) may add implications or suggestions (not mandatory). Write in one paragraph. The proportion for this Conclusion

section is no more than 5% of the entire manuscript.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This section is used to state acknowledgements in the end of the article before the references. The acknowledgement is mentioned to thank all of the people who support during the research that do not include them on title page, (e.g., giving assistance in the language, editing, etc.).

REFERENCES

References are written after the Conclusion, following the style of American Psychological Association 7th edition. The references must contain of at least 25 cited articles and referred from reputable journal in the latest five years or book in the latest ten years.

Written in single space and should be written alphabetically by using Zotero or Mendeley management reference.

Example:

- Afandi, R. (2015). Pengembangan Media Pembelajaran Permainan Ular Tangga untuk Meningkatkan Motivasi Belajar Siswa dan Hasil Belajar IPS di Sekolah Dasar. *JINoP (Jurnal Inovasi Pembelajaran)*. 1 (1).
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- Wardana, R. W., Riswari, L. A., & Kinororatri, L. (2023). Peningkatan Hasil Belajar Siswa Dengan Model Think Pair Share (TPS) Berbantuan

Mystery Pics. WASIS: Jurnal
Ilmiah Pendidikan. 4 (1), 20-24.
Yumriani. (2022). Pengertian
Pendidikan, Ilmu Pendidikan. Al

Urwatul Wutsqa: Kajian
Pendidikan Islam.