

Research article/Review article/Book review\*

# Title Max 16 Words Capitalized at Each First Letter Palatino Linotype 16pt

# First name Last name<sup>1\*</sup>, First name Last name<sup>2</sup>

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#### **Abstract**

A single paragraph of about 200 words. Abstracts should give a pertinent overview of the work. We strongly encourage authors to use the following style of structured abstracts, but without headings: (1) Background: Place the question addressed in a broad context and highlight the purpose of the study; (2) Purpose of the Study: Identify the purpose and objective of the study; (3) Methods: Describe briefly the main methods or theoretical framework applied; (4) Results: Summarize the article's main findings and discussions (if any); and (5) Conclusions: Indicate the main conclusions or interpretations. Palatino Linotype 10pt.

Abstrak in Bahasa Indonesia.

Keywords	Keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3; keyword 4 (four to six keywords in alphabetical order).	
Article history	DDMMYY: Submitted: 01/01/2023; revised: 03/03/2023; accepted: 04/04/2023.	
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#### **DECLARATION FORM**

For manuscript with multi-authors, this form is to be filled in by the corresponding author.

Name\* :

Residence address :

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Edu. Background : Bachelor/Masters/PhD at Name University

Field of expertise :

WhatsApp No.\* : In addition to the email address, only for communication purpose

## Declares that

1. This work is original, free of plagiarism, and has not been published elsewhere, nor is it currently under consideration for publication elsewhere;

- 2. The potential ethical research oversight is clear under the ethical clearance guidance by The National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN) of the Republic of Indonesia;
- 3. The author(s) have no conflict of interest, including personal and financial.
- 4. For multiauthor-manuscript, Author's Role/Participation:

Author name: Study design, data collection, manuscript preparation, final approval [delete roles that is not applicable for the authors];

Author name: Study design, data collection, manuscript preparation, final approval; Author name: Study design, data collection, manuscript preparation, final approval; Author name: Study design, data collection, manuscript preparation, final approval.

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# 1. INTRODUCTION Palatino Linotype 14pt

The introduction should briefly place the study in a broad context and highlight why it is important. It should define the purpose of the work and its significance. The current state of the research field should be reviewed carefully, and key publications cited. Please highlight controversial and diverging hypotheses when necessary. Finally, briefly mention the main aim of the work and highlight the principal conclusions. As far as possible, please keep the introduction comprehensible to scientists outside your particular field of research. The introduction should contain the background to the problem; and objectives. Based on the proper ratio of the article length (4000-6000 words), the introduction should not be too extensive, about 30% or 1500 words or 2 pages.

Introduction refers to some literature that becomes the basis for the theory or research reasons. The author should explain the research problems accompanied by data so that it becomes the urgency of the research. In the next paragraph, the author describes at least five previous studies that relevant the manuscript-under-research topic. From the previous studies, the authors can explain the gaps and research differences, so that they can formulate a state of the art or research novelty. References should be cited as (Kamba, 2018) or (Marchlewska et al., 2019) or (Cichocka, 2016; Hidayat & Khalika, 2019; Ikhwan, 2019; Madjid, 2002) or (Miller & Josephs, 2009, p. 12) or Rakhmat (1989). See the end of the document for further details on references. Technical and local/tribal terms should be defined the first time they are used. Symbols, abbreviations, and acronyms should also be defined. All tables and figures should be cited in numerical order. Paragraphs are arranged in such a way, with the settings on Spacing (before = 0pt, after = 6pt). Line Spacing is set at 1.15 spaces. Between the sections are 1 beat distance. Palatino Linotype 12pt.

In research articles, the last paragraph (method) contains an explanation of the research approach, subjects of the study, the conduct of the research procedure, the use of materials and instruments, data collection, hypothesis (if any), and analysis techniques.

# 2. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results obtained from the research have to be supported by sufficient data. The research results and the discovery must be the answers, or the research hypothesis stated previously in the introduction part.

# 2.1. Heading 2 for subsection Palatino Linotype 14 Italic

In the first sub-chapter, the author explains the theoretical framework of the research that is relevant to the discussion. Theory must be operational, in the sense that the theory used is by the research topic. The theory is quoted from primary references and strengthened by developer theory obtained from secondary references. It is not allowed to review theories at length if they are not related to the discussion.

# A. Heading 3, alphabetical numbering order. 0,75cm indent

The main text under Heading 3 section should be arranged in such a way, with the settings on Spacing (before = 0pt, after = 6pt). Line Spacing is set at 1.15 spaces. Before text indentation is 0,75cm, and so on.

Meanwhile, bulleted lists look like this:

- First bullet
- Second bullet
- Third bullet

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

- 1. First item
- 2. Second item
- 3. Third item

And the text continues here.

# 2.2. Figures, Tables and Schemes

In the second subchapter, the author explains the exposure of the research data. The data is presented in tabular form for the APA 7th Edition model and is accompanied by accurate references. Data presentation must use triangulation techniques (observation, interviews, and documentation) except for literature research. Tables and figures are referred to in paragraphs as Table 1 or Figure 1, not "the Table below" or "the following figure". As in Table 1, which discusses general information on article submission in Besari, or Figure 1 which explains the relation of

syariat, tarekat, and hakikat, or Figure 2 which explains the setup for multiple panel figures.

<b>Table 1.</b> General information of Besari paper submission
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Subject	Social sciences and cultural studies, and any relevant fields
Manuscript Length	4000 to 6000 words
Editorial process	1. Initial examination by the editor on the theme
	suitability, template, and author guidelines
	2. Review process by at least 2 peer reviewers
	3. Copyediting and layouting by editor
	4. In each stage, the author might be asked to make
	revisions according to the editor/reviewer's notes
	5. Total required duration is estimated within 12 weeks
Table	The table model, font type, and size in its content are up to
	the author to provide. The editor will then adjust it as well.
Submission procedure	Fully online through OJS environment at
	https://ojisnu.nuponorogo.or.id/index.php/besari/index

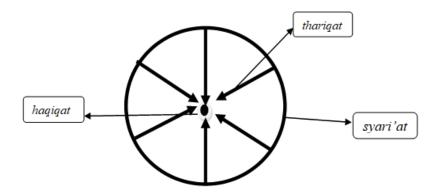
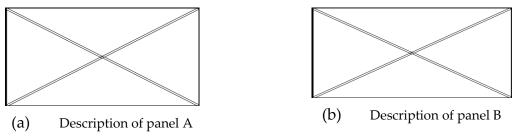


Figure 1. Relation of tarekat, syariat, and hakikat



**Figure 2.** This is a figure, schemes follow the same formatting.

Figure 2 is an example for figure with multiple panels. Figures should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited. A caption on a single line should be centered.

Theorem-type environments (including quotations, propositions, lemmas, corollaries etc.) can be formatted as follows:

Example text of a Quote. Quote proofs must be formatted as follows: quote proofs pace. Indentation before 0,75cm after 0. Spacing before 0 after 6pt.

The text continues here.

# 2.3. Discussion. A term or the topic is highlighted on the title if needed

In the third sub-chapter, the author describes the data analysis, discussion, and research reasoning. In this subchapter, the author is also required to review the research topic in depth by considering the theory tools and research data. The author also has to dialogue the results of research findings with several other relevant research findings. Do these findings corroborate other research or criticize other research? Then ends with the author's idea independently.

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted from the perspective of previous studies and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted. The following components should be covered in the discussion: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what/how)? Do you provide interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

## 3. CONCLUSION

The conclusion should answer the objectives of the research/review and its discoveries. Within a single and up to three paragraphs, the concluding remark should not contain only the repetition of the results and discussions or abstract. You

should also suggest future research and point out those that are underway. The conclusions are written straightforwardly and should be the direct answer to the research question, and not expressed in statistical sentences. A fair proportion is 10 percent of the total article.

In conclusion, there are no more citations, unless absolutely necessary and under impossible circumstances. In general, the number of references or references in the articles in Besari is at least 20 titles and a maximum of 40 titles with the largest proportion; 75% of which comes from primary sources (journal articles of the recent ten years).

# **GUIDELINES ON REFERENCES**

The literature listed in the References contains only the sources referenced or included in the article. We recommend preparing the references with a bibliography software package, such as Mendeley, EndNote, Reference Manager or Zotero to avoid typing mistakes and duplicated references. Referral sources should provide no least than 75% of journal articles, proceedings, or research results from the last ten years. Reference and citation writing model uses the 7<sup>th</sup> edition of APA (American Psychological Association) Style.

## Example:

## **Journal Article**

- Cichocka, A. (2016). Understanding defensive and secure in-group positivity: The role of collective narcissism. *European Review of Social Psychology*, 27(1), 283–317.
- Marchlewska, M., Cichocka, A., Łozowski, F., Górska, P., & Winiewski, M. (2019). In search of an imaginary enemy: Catholic collective narcissism and the endorsement of gender conspiracy beliefs. *The Journal of Social Psychology*, 159(6), 766--779.
- Setyawan, A. (2020). Dakwah yang Menyelamatkan: Memaknai Ulang Hakikat dan Tujuan Da'wah Islamiyah. *Al-Adabiya: Jurnal Kebudayaan Dan Keagamaan, 15(02),* 189-199. https://doi.org/10.37680/adabiya.v15i02.487

#### **Internet Website**

Hidayat, R., & Khalika, N. N. (2019). Bisnis dan kontroversi gerakan Indonesia Tanpa
Pacaran. *Tirto ID*. Retrieved October 17, 2019,
https://tirto.id/bisnis-dan-kontroversi-gerakan-indonesia-tanpa-pacaran-cK25

#### Book

Kamba, M. N. (2018). Kids zaman now menemukan kembali Islam. Pustaka IIMaN.

Madjid, N. (2002). Manusia modern mendamba Allah: Renungan Tasawuf Positif. IIMaN & Hikmah.

## Book Section/proceeding chapter

- Ikhwan, M. (2019). Ulama dan konservatisme Islam publik di Bandung: Islam, politik identitas, dan tantangan relasi horizontal. In I. Burdah, N. Kailani, & M. Ikhwan (Eds.), *Ulama, Politik, dan Narasi Kebangsaan*. Yogyakarta: PusPIDeP.
- Rohmatulloh, D. M. (2019). In meme dakwah: A netnographic study of Garis Lucu social media accounts. *The 19th Annual International Conference on Islamic Studies* (AICIS 2019). https://dx.doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.4042250

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