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ABSTRACT

Abstracts are written in English between 100-200 words. The abstract explicitly contains a brief background of the research, the purpose of the study, the research methods used, and the results or important findings of the research. Abstract written 1 (one) paragraph (Book Antiqua font size 10, aligned justify, space 1)

Keywords: Financial literacy; accounting; gender; (3-5 Keywords)

JEL Classification: A15, B12, V6 - find your JEL [here](#)

1. Introduction

The introduction contains the background of the problem, gap analysis, and the novelty of the research results (state of the art). Gap analysis contains the gap between *das sollen* and *das sein*. The novelty of research results (state of the art) contains a description of research studies with previous research (literature review). Articles submitted must be original and have never been published in any journal. Articles that have been accepted and have gone through a review process, will be published gradually through the Open Journal System (OJS). Use the Reference Manager application (Mendeley) and the font used is Book Antiqua size 11, align justify, 1 space.

2. Literature Review and Hypothesis Development

This section contains a review of the literature used to support the research concept. The literature review is not limited to theory, but also empirical evidence. Then for the

research hypothesis (if any) must be built from theoretical concepts and supported by empirical studies (previous research). Use the Reference Manager application (Mendeley) and the font used is Book Antiqua size 11, align justify, 1 space.

3. Research Methods

Research methods should be written briefly, concisely, clearly, but completely enough so that they can be replicated. This section contains research approaches, populations, samples, sampling techniques, data collection techniques, and data analysis techniques. If deemed necessary, attached regarding the lattice of instruments or pieces of material used in the study. If there is a statistical formula used, then please include it and the commonly used formula does not need to be written.

4. Results and Discussion

To facilitate understanding and reading, the results of the study are presented first and then continued with discussion. The subtitles of the results and discussion are presented separately. Results can be presented in the form of tables, figures/graphs, descriptions, or a combination of the three. Tables, figures, or graphs can't be too long, too large, or too many. The table has no vertical lines (vertical) and horizontal (flat) lines are only found at the top and bottom of the table (see table 1). The font size for tables and figures uses Book Antiqua font size 10. The presented tables and graphs should be referenced in the text. Here's an example of including tables and figures:

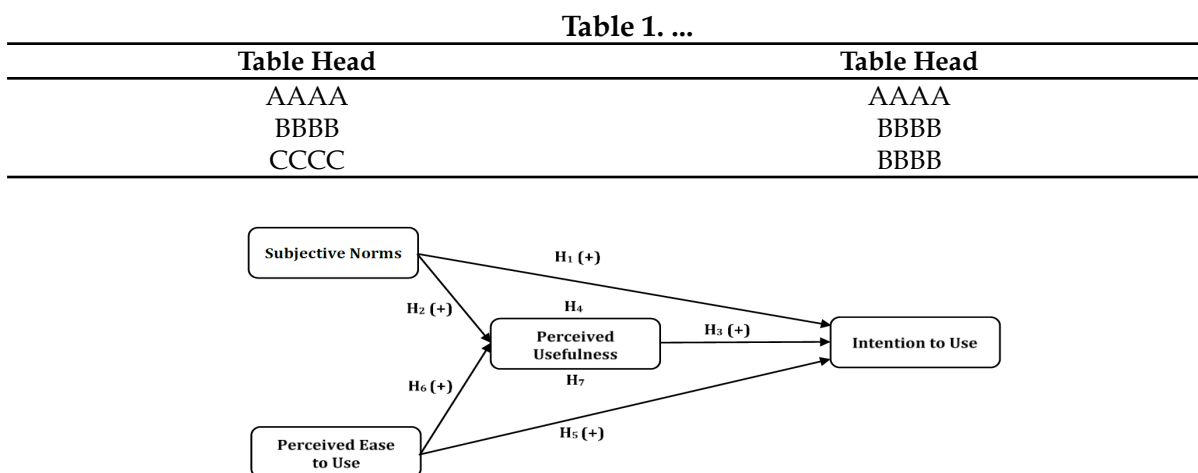


Figure 1. Research Model

The discussion aims to interpret the results of research in accordance with the theory used and not just explain the findings. The discussion should be enriched by referring to or comparing the results of previous research that has been published in reputable scientific journals and not from predatory journals. The discussion also suggested the integration of research results into a collection of established theories or knowledge, the preparation of new theories, modifications of existing theories, and the implications of research results.

5. Conclusion

Conclusions are not just repetition of data, but in the form of substance meaning in the form of statements about what is expected, as stated in the introduction which can eventually lead to the results and discussion so that there is conformity. In addition,

prospects for the development of research results and prospects for further research applications in the future can also be added (based on results and discussion).

References

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