

Year 8 Africa and Development

Africa is a continent, NOT A COUNTRY. There are 54 countries in Africa.

Circle Africa on the world map.



This is a map of Africa.

Where are countries located in Africa?

- 1) Find one country that is located in the east of Africa.
- 2) Find one country that is located in the south of Africa.
- 3) Find one country that is located in the north of Africa.
- 4) Find one country that is located in the west of Africa.

5) Describe the location of Namibia

Tip - A good description will include continent, hemisphere, compass directions, countries and oceans it borders.

How can we measure development?

There are many ways that we can measure how developed a country is. We can look at a range of indicators such as life expectancy, birth rate, death rate and infant mortality as a few examples.

For each indicator, explain whether you believe the development indicator will be high or low in a poor country like Ghana.

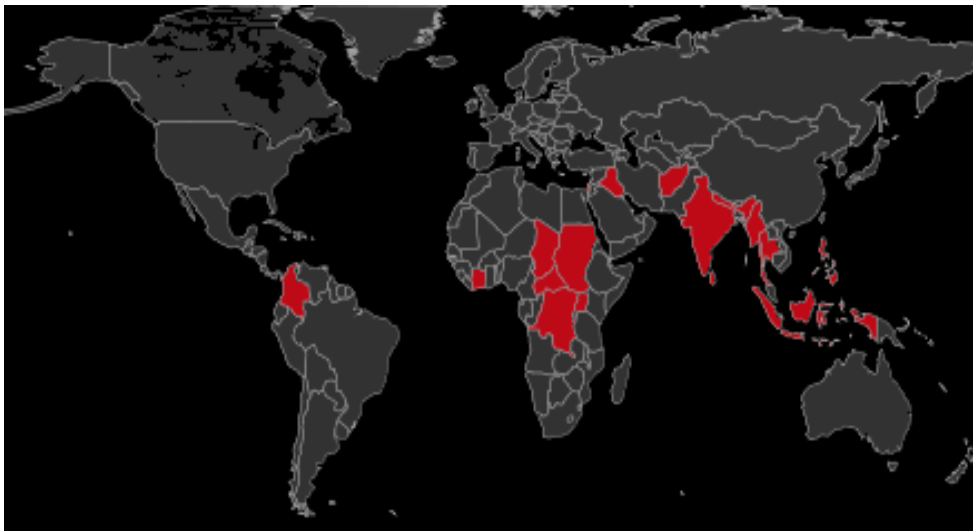
Challenge: can you add a reason to explain why it is high or low?

Development Indicator	Definition/explanation	High or Low in Ghana?
Life Expectancy	The average someone in the country is expected to live	
Birth Rate	The number of births per person, per 1000 in a year.	
Death Rate	The number of deaths per 1000, per year in a country.	
Infant Mortality	The number of children that die before the age of 1 in a country.	
Adult Literacy	The percentage of adults that can read and write.	
Gross National Product (GNP)	The total amount of money a country makes divided by its population.	
People per Doctor	The number of doctors per person in a country.	

Which development indicator from the table do you believe is most effective in showing the development of a country? Explain why.

Child Soldiers

Approximately 300,000 children are used in conflict across the world.



Using the map, list 5 countries where child soldiers are found

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

How does the life of a child soldier compare to yours? What may child soldiers experience?

Why may child soldiers struggle to return to their communities?

Tourism

What is tourism?

Create a table of at least 3 advantages and 3 disadvantages of tourism for Kenya

<u>Advantages</u>	<u>Disadvantages</u>
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.

Who may agree/ disagree with tourism in Africa?

What may a local person working as a chef in a hotel think of tourism? Explain why.

What may the Maasai tribe think of tourism in Kenya? Explain why

Create a mind map of why people may visit Kenya.

Why do people visit
Kenya?

In lessons you have studied tourism in Kenya. Research a tourist attraction in Africa (except Kenya).

Complete table of information for your chosen tourist attraction:

Tourist Attraction	What country in Africa?	Why do people visit this?	Key facts

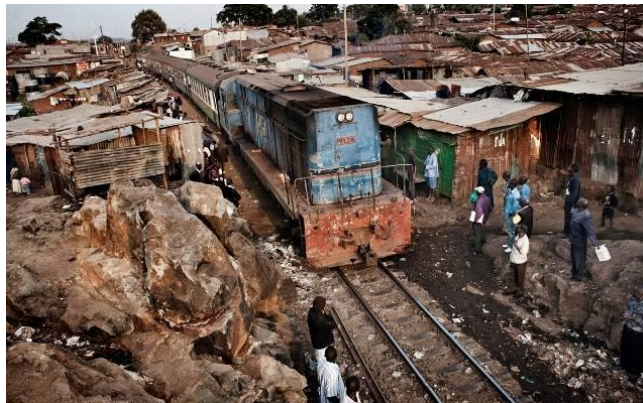
Aid

What is aid?

Why is aid important?

Below shows images of Kibera slum in Nairobi.

Annotate images of problems and challenges of the slum.



Below is a list of examples of aid that could be implemented to improve Kibera slum in Nairobi.

1. A well for water
2. Bricks
3. Tins of food
4. Medical supplies
5. Bins
6. Seeds to grow crops
7. A school
8. Electricity for 20 houses.

You can only select 3 options of aid. You should select the 3 most important aid for improving lives in Kibera slum. For each aid chosen, explain why you have chosen this.

Challenge: Try and explain why you selected it over other aid options!

1) Aid chosen:

Reason

why

2) Aid chosen:

Reason

why

3) Aid chosen:

Reason

why
