Intel Graphics Driver Version

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Public Document

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Overview

This document is to describe Intel Graphics Driver version schema and how to get them.

Windows

On Windows, D3D driver and Vulkan driver release together, so they share the same version number.

Windows D3D

Some details can be found at https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/support/articles/000005654/graphics-drivers.html.

[Microsoft Schema]

AA.BB.CCCCC.DDDDD (mandatory for inf/sys/dll)

AA: up to WDDM version (AA >= WDDM)

BB: (WDDM >= 1.2) = D3D feature level; (WDDM <= 1.1) = DDI version

CCCC: Number up to 5 digits from 0 to 65535 DDDDD: Number up to 5 digits from 0 to 65535

[Intel Schema]

Series	Intel Release Version	Driver Version (inf/sys/dll)	Comment
new	AA.BB.CCC.DDDD (current)	AA.BB.CCC.DDDD	CCC is 100 now (20191206), but

	YYMM.CCC.DDDD (future) AA = up to WDDM version BB = D3D feature level YY = Year MM = Month CCC.DDDD = Build number	AA = up to WDDM version BB = D3D feature level CCC.DDDD = Build number BB is set to 0 with the driver naming convention introduced by Microsoft with Windows® 10 May 2021 Update (21H2) and later.	it may increase if DDDD overflows. For example, the next version (CCC.DDDD) of 100.9999 is 101.0000.
Legacy	15.XX.YY.DDDD 15.XX = Baseline YY = Release revision DDDD = Build number	AA.BB.CC.DDDD AA = up to WDDM version BB = D3D feature level CC = Internal value to meet Microsoft's version schema requirements (See table below for the detailed mapping between YY and CC) DDDD = Build number Actually different release version has different codebase, we should take YYDDDD as build number.	In the foreseeable future (like 20 years), DDDD will never overflow. intel graphics driver version: 15.45.29.5077 (Windows Driver Store Version 21.20.16.5077)

Legacy Intel Release Version	Driver Version
15. 22 .xx.xxxx 15. 28 .xx.xxxx 15. 33 .xx.xxxx	xx.xx.10.xxxx
15. 36 .xx.xxxx 15. 38 .xx.xxxx	xx.xx.14.xxxx
15. 40 .xx.xxxx	xx.xx.15.xxxx
15. 45 .xx.xxxx 15. 46 .xx.xxxx 15. 47 .xx.xxxx 15. 49 .xx.xxxx 15. 60 .xx.xxxx	xx.xx.16.xxxx

[Tell among Driver branches]

If the third component is CC, which means it's smaller than 100, it's the legacy driver. If the third component is CCC, which means it's equal to or larger than 100, it's the new driver. The first known new driver version is 24.20.100.6025.

We just have one branch for the new driver (100 and 101 are the same branch). But for legacy driver, actually we have many different branches, differentiated by Intel release versions. According to above table, we have at least 12 branches for legacy drivers. Different branches

should be considered as totally different code base. That's to say, one fix in a branch may not arrive in another branch. Different branches for legacy driver share the 4th field, which will increase whenever a branch has a new release.

We should always take the combination of last 2 components as build number, that is CCCDDDD for the new driver and CCDDDD for the legacy driver. As different branches may map to same 3rd field (e.g. both 15.45 and 15.46 map to xx.xx.16.xxxx), there is no way to differentiate them just based on driver version. This can be problematic when implementing some code logic (like workaround mechanism in application), but there is no better way given all the info we can have is the driver version.



[Get Driver Version (Microsoft Schema)]

IDXGIAdapter::CheckInterfaceSupport HRESULT CheckInterfaceSupport(REFGUID InterfaceName, LARGE_INTEGER *pUMDVersion

AA.BB.CCCC.DDDDD = "%d.%d.%d.%d" % (HIWORD(umd_version.HighPart), LOWORD(umd_version.HighPart), HIWORD(umd_version.LowPart), LOWORD(umd_version.LowPart))

[Example]

For CCC >= 100, it's possible to have AA.BB.100.6025 and AA.BB.101.6025 in future.

Within each branch, the build number will increase for each release. For example, it will never happen that we have both 21.20.16.4839 and 22.20.16.4839, even if they really have same code base.

We can just compare the build number of 2 releases, and know if the driver was released earlier or later than the other.

Windows Vulkan

Vulkan spec says the driver version is implementation-dependent. Windows Vulkan driver releases together with D3D driver, so they share the same version. However, due to Vulkan spec definition (as below), only CCC.DDDD is encoded in 32-bit driverVersion.

```
typedef struct VkPhysicalDeviceProperties {
  uint32_t
                         apiVersion;
  uint32 t
                         driverVersion:
  uint32 t
                         vendorID;
  uint32 t
                         deviceID;
  VkPhysicalDeviceType
                                deviceType;
                        deviceName[VK MAX PHYSICAL DEVICE NAME SIZE];
  char
  uint8 t
                         pipelineCacheUUID[VK UUID SIZE];
  VkPhysicalDeviceLimits
                                limits:
  VkPhysicalDeviceSparseProperties sparseProperties;
} VkPhysicalDeviceProperties;
[Get Driver Version (Vulkan Schema)]
CCC.DDDD = driverVersion >> 14 + "." + driverVersion & 0x3FFF
```

Linux and ChromeOS

On Linux and ChromeOS, Mesa includes both OpenGL (ES) driver and Vulkan driver, so they share same version. The schema of driver version is "MAJOR.MINOR[.PATCH]". Note that from year 2017, Mesa began to use year for major version, so MAJOR jumped from 13 to 17.

Linux OpenGL

[Get Driver Version]

VERSION_STRING = glGetString(GL_VERSION)

Then you need to pass the VERSION_STRING to get relevant string.

Linux Vulkan

[Get Driver Version (Vulkan Schema)]

MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH = VK_VERSION_MAJOR(driverVersion) + "." + VK_VERSION_MINOR(driverVersion) + "." + VK_VERSION_PATCH(driverVersion)

Browser Implementation

Chromium: gpu/config/gpu control list.cc

Dawn: src/common/GPUInfo.cpp

ANGLE: src/libANGLE/renderer/driver_utils.cpp

Related Resources

Understanding the Intel® Graphics Driver Version Number
Intel Graphics Driver History
Intel GPU Codename

Document History

Date	Version
20210630	Intel driver is going to support AA.BB.101.DDDD. Add browser implementation.
20191206	First version