## The Path to Conflict: The French and Indian War Board Game

**Challenge Cards:** 

forward."

Step 1: Research Phase
Structured Research Sheet:
- Cause of the French and Indian War: "It began due to competition between the British and French over land
in North America, especially in the (Example: Ohio River Valley)."
- Key Figures:
1. George Washington - His early military skirmishes contributed significantly to the start of the war.
2. General Edward Braddock - Known for his disastrous expedition against the French at Fort Duquesne.
- Date the War Started: "1754, with a key early battle at (Fort Necessity)."
- Outcome/Effect: "The war ended with the Treaty of Paris in 1763, leading to British dominance in North
America but sowing the seeds of discontent that contributed to the (American Revolutionary
War)."
- Interesting Fact: "Did you know the war is also known as the (Seven Years' War) in Europe and
involved nearly all great powers of the time?"
Step 2: Game Concept Development
- "Our game is a (race) game where players move by rolling dice and aim to reach the final
space, symbolizing the end of the French and Indian War and the signing of the Treaty of Paris."
Step 3: Designing the Game Board
Spaces on the Board:
1. Fort Necessity Encounter: Roll a dice to defend or retreat.
2. Braddock's March: Lose a turn due to ambush.
3. Albany Congress: Gain a bonus for diplomatic success.
4. Battle of Quebec: A pivotal victory space, jump ahead.
5. Treaty of Easton: Form an alliance with Native Americans, move forward.
6. Siege of Fort Niagara: Control key supply, pick a bonus card.
7. The Wilderness Road: Navigate the frontier, risk losing a turn.
8. Pontiac's Rebellion: Face native resistance, chance to lose or gain.
9. Royal Proclamation of 1763: Restricted westward expansion, move back.
10. Treaty of Paris Signing: The final space, win the game.
Step 4: Creating Game Components
Trivia Cards:
1. "What event marked the beginning of the French and Indian War?"
2. "Which future American president gained military experience during this war?"
3. "What was the name of the British General defeated near Fort Duquesne?"
4. "Which treaty ended the war?"
5. "Name one of the Native American leaders who played a significant role during the war"

1. "Draw the route taken by George Washington to Fort LeBoeuf as a challenge. Succeed to move 3 spaces

- 2. "Act out a negotiation between British and Native American leaders. Perform well to earn a 'Diplomacy' bonus card."
- 3. "Mime the construction of a fort in the wilderness. Complete the task to fortify your position and skip a dangerous space."
- 4. "Quickly list three outcomes of the Treaty of Paris. Accuracy lets you move 2 spaces forward."

#### **Step 5: Writing the Rules**

- "Simplified Rules Sheet:
- 1. Players start by rolling the dice; the highest roll begins.
- 2. On your turn, roll the dice to move. If you land on a Trivia space, answer the question. For a Challenge space, complete the given task.
- 3. The first player to reach 'The Treaty of Paris Signing' space wins the game."

# **Step 6: Prototype Testing**

"Feedback and Revision Sheet:

- Which trivia questions or challenges were most engaging?
- Were there any spaces or rules that caused confusion?
- How can we improve the game's educational value?"

### **Step 7: Final Touches**

"Checklist for Game Completion:

- Ensure the game board is colorful, historically accurate, and easy to navigate.
- Check that all trivia and challenge cards are clear and factually correct.
- Finalize the rulebook for clarity and comprehensiveness."

#### Trivia Cards:

1. "The French and Indian War was part of a larger global conflict known as the	War."
2. "The war began in the year and ended with the Treaty of Paris in	"
3. "George Washington's first military engagement, which sparked the conflict, took place n	
, Pennsylvania."	
4. "The British victory in the Battle of in 1759 was a turning point in the war."	
5. "The Act of 1763 was issued by King George III, prohibiting settlers from 6	
the Appalachian Mountains."	
6. "The war ended with the Treaty of Paris, where France ceded Canada and lands east of	the Mississippi
River to"	
7. "Native American leader led a rebellion against British forces and settlers	west of the
Appalachians following the war."	
8. "The main cause of the French and Indian War was conflict over land in the	_ Valley."
9. "The served as a crucial fortress controlling access to the Great Lakes du	ring the war."
10. "Benjamin Franklin proposed the Plan of Union in 1754 to create a unifie	d colonial
government for defense against the French."	
Challenge Cards:	
1. "Act out a diplomatic negotiation between a British official and a Native American leader,	discussing
(an alliance, land rights)."	J

2. "Draw a quick map of North America showing the territorial changes a	-
include (New France, the 13 colonies, Spanish territories)	<b>"</b> ·
3. "Write a short speech as a colonial leader convincing your fellow color	nists to support the British war effort,
highlighting the importance of (securing land, defending the	ne colonies)."
4. "Mime the process of setting up a British or French camp in the wilder	•
(building fortifications, scouting the area)."	
5. "Create a news report from the perspective of a colonial newspaper of	n the outcome of the Battle of Quebec,
focusing on (the strategic importance, the heroes of the ba	attle)."
6. "Compose a letter from a soldier to his family back home, describing li	fe on the frontier and his experiences
in battles such as"	
7. "Sketch the scene of a pivotal moment in the war, such as	(the signing of the Treaty of Paris,
a major battle)."	
8. "Demonstrate the loading and firing sequence (without actual weapon	s, of course) of a musket used during
the French and Indian War, explaining each step."	
9. "Act out a scene where you're a French trader negotiating with Native	American tribes for their support
against the British, discussing (trade goods, military aid)."	
10. "Prepare a brief report on the ecological impact of the war on a spec	ific region, like the
Valley, focusing on changes to (wildlife, vegetation, indige	_