
**THE TITLE OF THE ARTICLE IS WRITTEN IN CAPITALS WITH A
CAMBRIA FONT OF 13pt (MAXIMUM 16 WORDS) SINGLE SPACES**

First Author^{1*}, Second Author², Third Author³ (11pt, Single)

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Abstract ← 11pt, Cambria, bold, centre, italic, Spacing Single

Abstracts are written in English. No more than 250 words. The Abstract section must present the core of the problem, including the **Purpose/Aim: state the main objective of the study; Methods: summarize the principal methodology or analytical approach; Results: highlight the most significant findings; and Conclusions: present the primary conclusion and its contribution to the field.** Abstract is written in one space with a font size of 10pt. Abstracts are written in a single paragraph in a single-column format. Abstracts should be short, concise, and clear, but describe the content of the article.

Keywords: Keyword1; Keyword2; Keyword3. (Alphabetically sorted; Capitalized first word; From A to Z; Maximum 5 keywords; Separated by semicolon (;) between keywords.)

INTRODUCTION ← Cambria,12pt, bold, UPPERCASE, Space 1.15

The introduction must include a state-of-the-art review, the problems, solutions, and purpose. The reference is shown by writing the author's last name and the year of publication, without the page number (Fulan, 2019). The portion in the introduction is 10% of the total page. The order in which to be written in the introduction:

The first paragraph is a general background of the study related to your research theme.

The second paragraph addresses the gap between reality or phenomena in the field and theory (with a reference to the last 3 years of articles).

The third paragraph describes the problem using facts and provides a solution.

The fourth paragraph states the gap or novelty of your research with relevant previous studies. Explain the difference between the last study and this study.

The fifth paragraph is the purpose of the research in this article.

METHOD ← Cambria,12pt, bold, UPPERCASE, Spasi 1,15

Contains the methods used in the research. Briefly display the materials and methods used in the research, including the research design, the subject/material being researched, the tools used, the experimental design or design used, the sampling technique, the sample used must be specific and clear in number, the variables to be measured, the data collection technique, the research instrument, and the data analysis. (Adjust to the research.)

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION – Cambria,12pt, bold, UPPERCASE, Space 1.15

RESULTS

Contains the results of the research and discussion. The research results and discussion are not separated. The results of the study can be presented in advance, supported by tables, graphs, or figures as needed, to clarify the verbal presentation. The caption of the image/graph is placed below the image/graph, while the table title is placed above it. If the table is wide, use 1 column (Table 2); if narrow, use two columns (Table 1). See examples in Table 1 and Table 2.

Table 1. The table caption is written left-aligned, and for the second row, it looks like this.

No	Name	A
		Value
1	Aa bb cc	1,2
2	Aa bb cc	1,3
3	Aa bb cc	1,4

The font size in the table is 11pt single-spaced, but it may be smaller if the table is too small. Every table and figure should have a sentence that refers to it. For example, the study's results are presented in Table 1. The average diagram is presented in Figure 1.

Table 2. Table captions are written left and right with the table, if the table name is more than 1 row, it is written like this.

No	Name	Top Column Name			
		Value 1 (m)	Value 2 (%)	Average	Total
1	Aa bb cc	1,2	80,5	123,45	987,65
2	Aa bb cc	1,3	90,5	123,45	987,65
3	Aa bb cc	1,4	95,9	123,45	987,65





Figure 1. The Image Name is Written in The Middle.

DISCUSSION

The discussion mainly explores whether the results obtained are consistent with the hypothesis and presents the arguments.

Explain **the implications of** the research results, both theoretical and application. Compare it with similar studies to determine whether it aligns with or contradicts **the results of other people's research**.

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION ← Cambria,12pt, bold, UPPERCASE, Space 1.15

The conclusion should be an answer to the question or the purpose of the research. Conclusions describe the answers to the hypothesis and/or research purpose or findings obtained. The conclusion does not repeat the results and discussion, but rather summarises the findings, as expected in the aim or hypothesis.

Suggestions outline tasks related to the next idea of the research.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Include acknowledgments as appropriate. List individuals or institutions here that provided help and assistance during the research, such as offering grants, providing laboratory facilities, assisting with writing, or proofreading the article.

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Authors should specify their individual contributions to the research and manuscript preparation. Please use the authors' initials to indicate responsibility for each contribution.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Disclose any conflicts of interest, or explicitly state "The authors declare no conflicts of interest." Authors are required to disclose and acknowledge any personal circumstances or interests that may be perceived as inappropriately influencing the representation or interpretation of the research results.

DECLARATION OF AI

The authors are required to declare whether artificial intelligence (AI) tools were used during the preparation of the manuscript. If AI tools were used, authors should provide details regarding the tool(s), version(s), purpose, and extent of use. The authors remain fully responsible for the content of the manuscript.

REFERENCES ← Cambria,12pt, bold, UPPERCASE, Single space

References listed in the bibliography are only references cited in the content of the article. All references referenced in the text of the article must be listed in the Bibliography section. The Bibliography must contain articles that amount to at least 80% of the articles published in the last 3 years and the last 5 years for books. Each article contains at least 25 references.

Bibliography writing uses *the American Psychological Association (APA) style*, and it is recommended to use reference management applications such as Mendeley and Zotero.

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