Name:	/ 5 pts
Corrected by:	Period:
AP World History	Mr. Kalaf-Hughes

7.9 Practice MCQs (APW)

"In view of the outbreak of war between Great Britain and Turkey, which occurred because of the ill-advised, unprovoked, and deliberate action of the Ottoman government, His Majesty's government has made a public announcement regarding the holy places of Arabia, the holy shrines of Mesopotamia, and the port of Jeddah,* which is as follows.

His Majesty's most loyal Muslim subjects should understand that His Majesty's government is not fighting this war because of religion. The British navy and its military forces will not attack the holy places of Arabia or Jeddah unless the Turks interfere with pilgrimages from India to the holy places and shrines in question. In that case, British military forces will intervene to keep the pilgrimage routes open. At the request of His Majesty's government, the governments of France and Russia have given similar assurances."

*a city located on the western coast of Arabia along the Red Sea

Pamphlet published by the British Indian War Department, 1915. The pamphlet was translated and distributed in cities and towns in India.

- **1.** The treaties that settled the conflict referred to in the passage most directly changed the geopolitical structure of the Middle East in which of the following ways?
 - (A) Most states that were formerly under European colonial rule became independent.
 - (B) The state of Israel was created, which led to numerous wars.
 - (C) Allied powers received territorial mandates from the League of Nations.
 - (D) Religious fundamentalism increased, which led to attacks on Western states.



Snark/ Art Resource, NY

Poster from the Seventeenth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, 1934.

Poster text: "Raise the Flag of Lenin, It Gives Us Victory!"

Banners at bottom read: "Long live the invincible party of Lenin!" "Long live the great guide of the international proletarian revolution, Comrade Stalin!"

- **2.** Which of the following directly enabled the establishment of the government that produced the poster?
 - (A) The collapse of the Russian Empire under the stress of the First World War
 - (B) Redrawn national boundaries as a result of peace treaties ending the First World War
 - (C) The abolition of serfdom and other forms of coerced labor in Russia during the nineteenth century
 - (D) Increased ethnic violence in Russia due to imperial expansion in the nineteenth century
- **3.** "I gave the people to understand that neither Turkey nor the handful of men Turkey possesses could be placed at the disposal of the Caliph [leader of the Muslims] so that he might fulfill the mission attributed to him, namely to found a State comprising the whole of Islam. . . . The people of the new Turkey have no reason to think of anything else but their own existence and their own welfare. Turkey has nothing more to give away to others."

Mustafa Kemal, president of Turkey, speech to a party congress, 1927

In the excerpt above, Mustafa Kemal is most clearly supporting which of the following?

- (A) Fundamentalism
- (B) Totalitarianism
- (C) Marxism
- (D) Nationalism

- **4.** Which of the following best describes an important difference between the theories of revolution of Mao Zedong and those of Lenin?
 - (A) Lenin stressed the need for a powerful state structure.
 - (B) Lenin thought that Marx's writings were important.
 - (C) Mao claimed that Marx's early writings were less valid than Marx's later ones.
 - (D) Mao thought that communism was appropriate only for some nations and cultures.
 - (E) Mao placed emphasis on the revolutionary potential of peasants.
- **5.** Some historians consider the late nineteenth century and early twentieth century to have been crucial decades in the development of Western thought. Which of the following best supports that contention?
 - (A) Discoveries in physics introduced the concepts of uncertainty and relativity, which challenged mechanistic models of the universe.
 - (B) Christian missionaries introduced strains of relativism into Western thought after encountering cultures with radically different world views.
 - (C) Efficiency experts employed scientific methods to regulate the workplace and thereby encouraged faith in economic progress.
 - (D) Visual artists inspired by photography made realism the dominant aim of painter and sculptors.