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Title of Article in English

(Times New Roman 14pt, capitalize the first letter of each word except conjunctions, maximum 20 words, Centered, Bold, 1.5 line spacing)

First Author[1] ✉, Second Author[2], Third Author[3], Fourth Author [4], etc.
(No Academic Titles, Times New Roman 10, Centered, Maximum 5 Authors)

[a] First Author's Affiliation, Link ORCID, Official Email
[b] Second Author's Affiliation, Link ORCID, Official Email

(Times New Roman 10pt, Center, 1 Spacing)

✉ Coresponding Email: we prefer use official email

ABSTRACT

The abstract must be written in italics, using Times New Roman (12 pt), single-spaced, and justified. It should be written formally, remaining clear, concise, and descriptive, and must strictly consist of 200 to 250 words. As a standalone section that reflects the entire content of the manuscript, the abstract must not contain any citations and should directly explain the topic discussed. Furthermore, it must comprehensively provide a brief introduction to the main problem, the research objectives, the methodology, a summary of the findings, and the conclusion. Please note that while research-based manuscripts must explicitly state the methodology, conceptual manuscripts do not require one.

Keyword: **written in lowercase and italics, separated by commas (,), consisting of 3 to 5 words, and ending with a period (.). For example: public law, private law, digitalization.**

Introduction

The introduction must clearly articulate the primary legal issues using formal, simple English accessible to non-native speakers, while incorporating global perspectives for an international audience. Before stating the objectives, authors must provide a comprehensive background and a concise literature review that explores and synthesizes at least five previous studies. This survey should map existing solutions, highlight the best of previous works, critically identify their main limitations, and explicitly state what the current study hopes to achieve in solving those gaps. By doing so, the introduction firmly establishes the manuscript's scientific merit, uniqueness, theoretical or practical contributions, and overall novelty.

Furthermore, authors must strongly emphasize the urgency and scientific significance of the research, convincingly arguing why this specific legal issue demands immediate attention. In the concluding section of the introduction, authors must definitively state the research objectives and explicitly formulate the focused research problems, ensuring that at least one primary legal substance is critically examined. The introduction must end with a definitive concluding comment on the significance regarding the identification of the issue and the objective of the research.

The manuscript must have a minimum length of 6,000 words (including in-text citations, but excluding the abstract and references). Citations must be formatted using American Psychological Association (APA) Style (Body Note / In-Text Citation) automatically generated via Mendeley reference management software. Authors are required to use at least 30 references, primarily featuring the latest literature published within the past five years. Crucially, body notes must be used for all source crediting, and any substantive explanations, additional arguments, or analytical reviews should be integrated directly into the body of the text.

All submitted manuscripts undergo an initial screening by the editorial staff. Submissions evaluated as inappropriate for the journal's criteria are promptly rejected without external review. Manuscripts demonstrating potential interest to the readership are forwarded for a double-blind peer review by two or more subject experts. These reviewers will evaluate whether the manuscript is scientifically sound and coherent, free from duplication of already published work, and sufficiently clear for publication. Based on the reviewers' reports, the Editors will determine one of the following outcomes: rejected, require major revision, need minor revision, or accepted. Ultimately, the Editor-in-Chief of the Fundamental Law Review holds the final right to decide which submitted manuscripts will be published.

Method (Optional)

The research method section must be written descriptively, systematically explaining the methodology employed in the study. The explanation should encompass the research type, research approach, sources of data or legal materials, and analytical methods. Authors must also clearly detail the analytical mechanisms used to examine the core legal issues focused on in the research.

The presentation of the research method should provide readers with a comprehensive overview of how the study was conducted, ensuring that the legal analytical framework is logical and transparent. This section is optional and applies strictly to original research articles; for conceptual papers that do not involve systematic empirical or normative legal research, a dedicated research method section is not required

Result and Discussion

The research results must be presented clearly and concisely. The discussion should elaborate on the significance or meaning of the results, rather than merely repeating them. Avoid excessive citations and overly lengthy discussions of previously published literature or research.

A. First Sub-Title

Figure 1. Judicial Review at the Supreme Court, 2010-2022

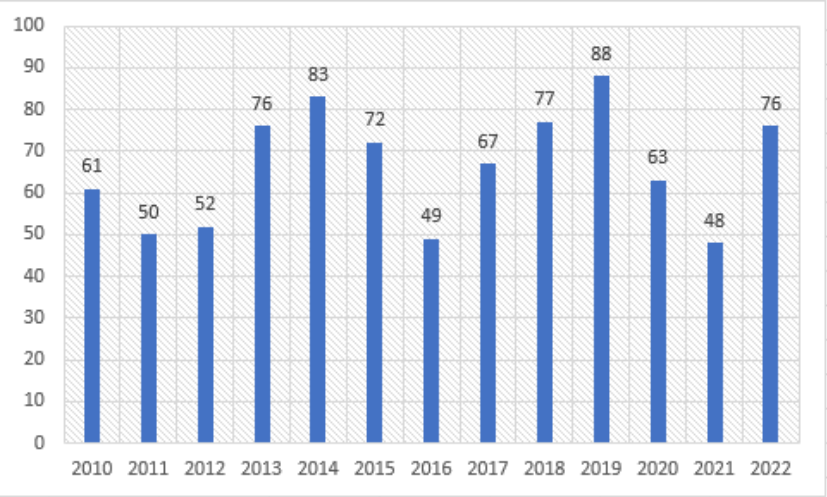


Table 1. Legislation Statistics, 2013-2022

No	Year	Act	Government Regulation in Lieu of Law	Government Regulation	Presidential Regulation
1	2022	29	2	63	134
2	2021	11	0	122	112
3	2020	13	2	81	120

4	2019	24	0	90	96
5	2018	13	0	60	136
6	2017	18	2	66	129
7	2016	19	1	99	121
8	2015	14	1	142	165
9	2014	41	2	102	188
10	2013	23	1	100	109
Total		205	11	925	1310

B. Second Sub-Title

……..

……..

Conclusion

Conclusion must be able to direct the reader to the important points of the manuscript. In addition, it contains a concise statement in accordance with what has been elaborated from the discussion results to answer the formulated problems. Lastly, the suggestion contains proposed considerations based on experience and/or writing research.

References

Authors must use an automatic reference manager and include DOIs in their citations. Fundamental Law Review uses APA Style for the reference list at the end of the manuscript. Authors are only permitted to include sources that have been actually read and cited in the body of the text (in-text citations). To ensure citation consistency, authors are required to use the Mendeley reference management application.

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publications cited in the text must be included in the Reference section and arranged alphabetically.

Authors are strictly prohibited from using blogs or non-academic websites as sources. Book sources, whether printed or e-books, must clearly state the author's name and publisher. The entire reference list must be single-spaced.

Book:

Posner, R. (1986). *Economic Analysis Of Law* (9th ed.). Wolters Kluwer Law & Business.

Website:

Tina, S. (2018). The Lion's Share – a simple way to make a powerful difference for animals, wildlife and habitats. In *UNDP*. https://www.undp.org/blog/lions-share-simple-way-make-powerful-difference-animals-wildlife-and-habitats

Journal:

Jatmiko, B., & Prananingtyas, P. (2023). Kajian Yuridis Ketentuan Mengenai Pemilik Manfaat (Beneficial Owner) Perseroan. *Notarius*, *16*(1), 236–252. https://doi.org/10.14710/nts.v16i1.37779.

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Declaration of Conflict Interests

Authors must declare any potential conflicts of interest; whether financial, personal, or professional; that could influence or bias the objectivity of the research. Example: "The authors declare that there is no conflict of interest regarding the publication of this article."

Funding Information

Authors must disclose all sources of funding, grants, or financial support received for the research, including specific contract or grant numbers if

applicable. Example: “This research was funded by [Institution/Funder Name], grant number [Grant Number].”

Acknowledgment

This section is used to express gratitude to individuals, organizations, or institutions that provided significant assistance during the research or writing process but do not meet the criteria for formal authorship. Example: "The authors would like to thank [Name/Institution] for their valuable support in data collection."

Generative AI Statement

Authors must disclose if they used generative Artificial Intelligence (such as ChatGPT, Gemini, Claude, etc.) during the writing, translation, or analysis process, and clearly define the scope of its use. Example: "During the preparation of this work, the author(s) used [AI Name] to [purpose of use, e.g., improve language readability]. After using this tool, the author(s) reviewed and edited the content as needed and take full responsibility for the content of the publication.”

About Author(s)

This section provides a brief biography of the contributor(s), which typically includes the full name, institutional affiliation, area of expertise, corresponding email address, ORCID ID. The biography must be concise, with a maximum of 150 words.