

The title should be clear, brief, and informative. Abbreviations and formulas should be avoided. No place or year is included □ Maximum 14 words

(Please do not include any author information such as Name, Institution, or Country during the submission process. Author details will be required if the manuscript is accepted)

Abstract: the abstract was written using Times New Roman-10.5, italics. The abstract contains the research aim/purpose, method, and research results; written in 1 paragraph, single space among rows, using past tense sentences.

Keywords: one or more word(s) or phrase(s), that are important, specific, or representative of the article.

INTRODUCTION

The introduction should provide the background, rationale, and urgency of the research. Relevant references (literature or previous studies) should be included in this section, along with their connection to the justification for the research urgency, the emergence of research problems, alternative solutions, and the chosen solution. In-text citations should include the author's name, source, year of publication, and page number. For example: '...research results show that more than 70% of students cannot identify authentic problems...' (Retnawati, 2014). The currency of the references should be ensured by including a significant proportion of sources from the past 10 years, with a preference for primary sources.

The research problem, objectives, and utility should be written in narrative form, without the need for specific subheadings. Similarly, operational definitions, if necessary, should also be written narratively. The introduction should be typed in Times New Roman, 11-point font, with single spacing. Each paragraph should begin with an indentation of 5 spaces, or approximately 1 cm, from the left margin of the column.

METHOD

The method should detail the research design, including the time and location of the study, the target population or participants, the research procedures, data collection instruments, and data analysis techniques. Specific details such as the target population, participants, procedures, data and instruments, data collection methods, and data analysis techniques can be presented in subsections. Subheadings should be written in lowercase with the first letter capitalized, using 11-point Times New Roman font, aligned to the left margin. For both qualitative and quantitative research, the time and location of the study should be clearly stated. The target population or participants (for qualitative research) or the population and sample (for quantitative research) should be explicitly defined in this section.

The methods for selecting participants (for qualitative research) or sampling techniques (for quantitative research) should also be described. The research procedures should be elaborated according to the specific research design. This section should outline how the research was conducted and how the data was collected. For experimental research, the experimental design used should be specified. The types of data, data collection methods, data collection instruments, and the specific data collection procedures should be clearly explained. The interpretation of the obtained data in relation to the research problem and objectives should be thoroughly elaborated.

Note: Sub-sub headings may vary depending on the type or approach of the research. If there are sequential procedures or steps, they can be numbered (numerically or alphabetically) according to their position.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The results are presented in the form of graphs, tables, or descriptive text. Analysis and interpretation of these results are necessary before discussion.

Tables are placed in the middle or at the end of each descriptive text of the research results/findings. If the table width is not enough to fit in half a page, then it can be written on a full page. The table title is written left-aligned and centered, with all words capitalized except for conjunctions. If it is more than one line, it is written in single spacing. For example, see Table 1.

Table 1. The Style and Its Function ← 10 pt

No.	Name of Style	Function
1.	JIPI_Title	Title
2.	JIPI_Author	Author
3.	JIPI_AbstractBody	Abstract
4.	JIPI_AbstractTitle	Abstract Title
5.	JIPI_AbstractKeyword	Keyword
6.	JIPI_Heading 1	Subtitle 1
7.	JIPI_Body	Paragraph
8.	JIPI_Picture Capture	Figure Title
9.	JIPI_Table Capture	Table Title
10.	JIPI_Reference	List of References
	And more	

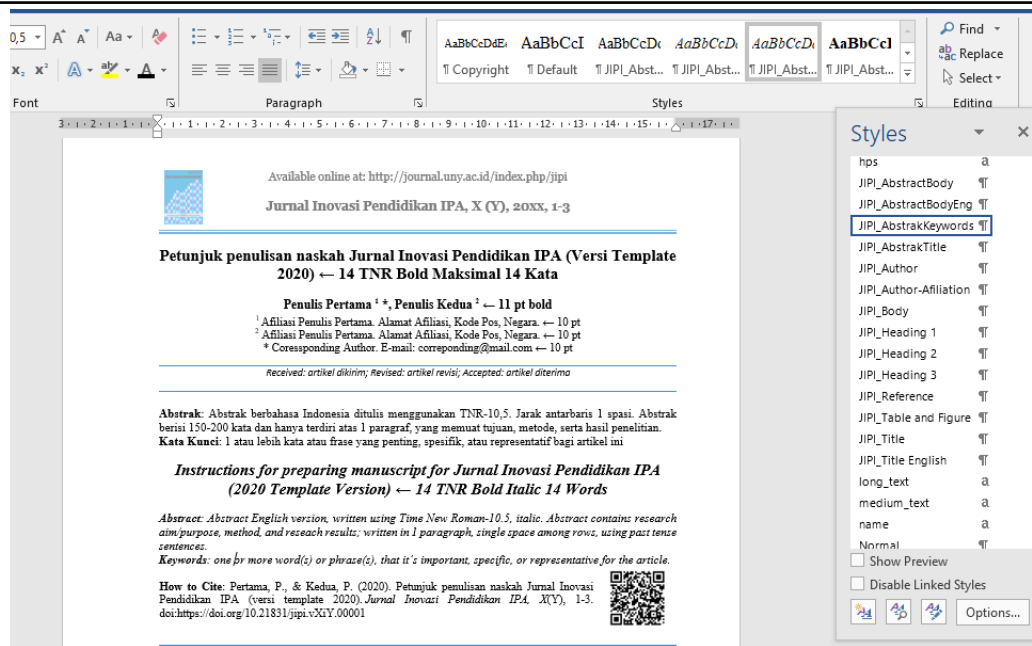


Figure 1. Style in Template

Results presented in the form of figures, diagrams, graphs, or similar visual representations should adhere to standard formatting guidelines. Figure captions or titles should be placed below the figure, aligned to the left, and separated from the figure by a single space. If the caption extends to multiple lines, single spacing should be used between lines. For an example, refer to Figure 1.

The discussion should focus on linking the data and its analysis to the research problem or objectives, as well as to a broader theoretical context. It may also provide answers to questions regarding why particular findings were observed in the data.

The discussion should be closely tied to the specific data being discussed, and efforts should be made to avoid separating the discussion from the data itself.

CONCLUSION

The conclusion may either present a generalization of the findings about the research question or offer recommendations for further investigation.

REFERENCE

The article is expected to use at least 25 recent primary references (maximum 8 years old). Citations and the reference list must strictly adhere to the latest APA Style (American Psychological Association) guidelines. To ensure consistency in referencing, citations, and the reference list, it is recommended to use a reference managers application such as Zotero, Mendeley, or other paid options. The text should be single-spaced, with a single space between references in the reference list.

Note: The article length should be between 5,000 and 7,000 words.