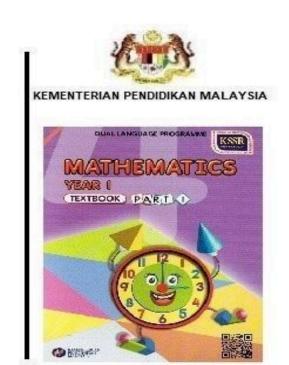
# RANCANGAN PENGAJARAN TAHUNAN 2022/2023



## MATHEMATICS (DLP) YEAR ONE

SCHOOL BAGDE

SCHOOL ADDRESS:.....

TEACHER'S NAME : .....

WEEK: 1-3	TRASITION WEEK					
WEEK: 4-6	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS	TOPIC: 1.0 WHOLE NUMBERS UP TO	O 100			
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES		PERFORMANCE STANDARD		
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR		
1.1 Quantity intuitively.	1.1.1 State the quantity by comparing.	"many or few", "equal or not equal" and "more or less" by:  groups of objects, one-to-one matching,	1	State any number up to 100.		
1.2 Number value	1.2.1 Name the numbers up to 100:	□ patterns.  Zero is introduced after introducing one digit numbers.	2	Determine the number values and arrange numbers in order.		
1.2 Number value.	(i) count objects in groups. (ii) name the number for a group of objects to represent its quantity. (iii) compare quantity of two groups of objects.	Numbers 11 to 19 are introduced as '10 and 1' up to '10 and 9'. Determine the group which is one until nine more than or less than.		Estimate and round off any number.  Complete number sequence and number		
	1.2.2 Determine the number values up to 100: (i) show the quantity of the given number. (ii) match group of objects with its number. (iii) compare the value of two numbers. (iv) arrange group of objects in	Use real objects, pictures, number lines and abacus 4:1.  State the relationship "more than" and "less than".	4	pattern. Solve daily routine problems involving any number.		
1.3 Write numbers.	ascending and descending order.  1.3.1 Write numbers in numerals and words.	Any number placed in between, before and after.  Train pupils to write numbers in	5	Solve daily routine problems involving any number using various strategies.		
		numerals and words correctly.	6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving any number creatively and innovatively.		

WEEK: 7-11	7-11 LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS TOPIC: 1.0 WHOLE NUMBERS UP TO 100					
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES	PERFORMANCE STANDARD			
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR		
<ul><li>1.4 Combination of numbers.</li><li>1.5 Number sequence.</li></ul>	<ul><li>1.4.1 Statecombinations of one digit numbers.</li><li>1.5.1 Count numbers.</li><li>1.5.2 Complete any number sequence.</li></ul>	8 is '7 and 1', '6 and 2', '5 and 3', '4 and 4'. Combination involving two numbers.  Count in ones, twos, fives, tens and fours in ascending and descending order by using various objects, pictures and number lines.	2	State any number up to 100.  Determine the number values and arrange		
1.6 Place value. 1.7 Estimate.	1.6.1 State the place value and digit value of any number.	Use various representations of place value and abacus 4:1 to state the place value and the digit value.	3	numbers in order.  Estimate and round off any number.  Complete number		
1.8 Round off numbers.	<ul><li>1.7.1 Give reasonable estimation for the quantity of objects.</li><li>1.8.1</li><li>Round off whole numbers to the nearest ten.</li></ul>	Estimation is made by stating the quantity based on a reference set and using "approximate", "less than" and "more than".	4	sequence and number pattern.  Solve daily routine problems involving any number.		
1.9 Number patterns.  1.10 Problem	<ul><li>1.9.1 Identify pattern for a given number series.</li><li>1.9.2 Complete various simple number patterns.</li></ul>	Round off can be done by using a number line.	5	Solve daily routine problems involving any number using various strategies.		
solving.	1.10.1 Solve problems involving daily situations.		6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving any number creatively and innovatively.		
	CUTI PENGGAL 1	L, SESI 2022/2023				

CUTI PENGGAL 1, SESI 2022/2023

(KUMPULAN A: 03.06.2022 - 11.06.2022, KUMPULAN B: 04.06.2022 - 12.06.2022)

ARNING STANDARD	NOTEO		TOPIC: 2.0 BASIC OPERATIONS			
	NOTES		FORMANCE STANDARD			
		PL	DESCRIPTOR			
btraction.  1.2 Introduce the symbol of addition, btraction and 'equal to'.  1.3 Use the symbol of addition, btraction and 'equal to', to write number intence based on the given situation.  2.1 Add in the range of basic facts.  2.2 Add two numbers with the sum thin 100.  3.1 Subtract in the range of basic cits.  3.2 Subtract two numbers within 100.	and 3' is 9, '1 and 4' is 5.  State spontaneously basic facts in addition.  Use various strategies to construct and state basic facts in addition.  Use objects, pictures, number lines, abacus 4:1 and mental calculation to represent calculation in addition.  State spontaneously basic facts in subtraction.  Use various strategies to construct and state basic facts in subtraction.  Use objects, pictures, number lines,	1 2 3 4	State the vocabulary and symbols in context of addition, subtraction and 'equal to'.  State spontaneously basic facts in addition and subtraction.  Add and subtract up to two numbers within 100, write number sentence of repeated addition and repeated subtraction and justify the answers.  Solve daily routine problems involving addition and subtraction of two numbers.  Solve daily routine problems involving addition and subtraction of two numbers using			
btra 1.3 btra nter 2.1 2.2 thin	Action and 'equal to'.  Use the symbol of addition, action and 'equal to', to write number nace based on the given situation.  Add in the range of basic facts. Add two numbers with the sum 100.  Subtract in the range of basic Subtract two numbers within 100.	Say the total of two numbers such as '6 and 3' is 9, '1 and 4' is 5.  State spontaneously basic facts in addition.  Add in the range of basic facts. Add two numbers with the sum  100.  Subtract in the range of basic  Subtract two numbers within 100.  Subtract two numbers such as '6 and 3' is 9, '1 and 4' is 5.  State spontaneously basic facts in addition.  Use objects, pictures, number lines, abacus 4:1 and mental calculation to	Say the total of two numbers such as '6 and 3' is 9, '1 and 4' is 5.  State spontaneously basic facts in addition.  Add in the range of basic facts. Add two numbers with the sum 100.  Subtract in the range of basic  Subtract two numbers within 100.  Subtract two numbers within 100.  Say the total of two numbers such as '6 and 3' is 9, '1 and 4' is 5.  Use various strategies to construct and state basic facts in addition.  Use objects, pictures, number lines, abacus 4:1 and mental calculation.  State spontaneously basic facts in subtraction.  Use various strategies to construct and state basic facts in subtraction.  Use various strategies to construct and state basic facts in subtraction.  Use objects, pictures, number lines, abacus 4:1 and mental calculation to			

		Solve daily non-routine problems involving addition and subtraction of two numbers creatively and innovatively.

WEEK: 16-18	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS	TOPIC: 2.0 BASIC OPERATIONS	
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES	PERFORMANCE STANDARD
STANDARD			PL DESCRIPTOR

2.4 Problem solving.	2.4.1 Create stories involving addition	Problem-solving skill involves the		
J	and subtraction within 100.  2.4.2 Solve problems involving addition and subtraction in daily life situations.	following steps:  Understand and interprate the problem.  Plan a solving strategy.  Carry out the strategy.  Look back.	2	State the vocabulary and symbols in context of addition, subtraction and 'equal to'.  State spontaneously
2.5 Repeated addition.	2.5.1 Write number sentence of	Use simulations or situation model.		basic facts in addition and subtraction.
2.6 Repeated subtraction.	repeated addition in twos, fives, tens and fours.  2.6.1 Write number sentence of repeated subtraction in twos,	Use objects, pictures and number lines. Understand repeated addition as concept of multiplication. Use objects, pictures and number lines. Understand repeated subtraction as	3	Add and subtract up to two numbers within 100, write number sentence of repeated addition and repeated subtraction and justify the answers.
	fives, tens and fours.	concept of division.	4	Solve daily routine problems involving addition and subtraction of two numbers.
			5	Solve daily routine problems involving addition and subtraction of two numbers using various strategies.
			6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving addition and subtraction of two numbers creatively and innovatively.

WEEK: 19-20	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS	TOPIC: 3.0 FRACTIONS			
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES	PERFORMANCE STANDARD		
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR	
	two over four and three over four.	Understand fraction as equal parts and define one over two and one over four of one whole object.  Use vocabulary of 'half', 'quarter' and	1	State one over two, one over four, two over four and three over four.	
		'three quarters' by using objects, folded papers and pictures.	2	Shade one over two, one over four, two over four and three over four.	
3.2 Problem solving.	3.2.1 Solve problems involving daily life situations.	Forming one over four with multiple variations should be emphasized.	3	Form one over two, one over four, two over four and three over four using objects and folded papers.	
			4	Solve daily routine problems involving fractions.	
			5	Solve daily routine problems involving fractions using various strategies.	
			6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving fractions creatively and innovatively.	

WEEK: 21-23	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS	TOPIC: 4.0 MONEY			
CONTENT	EARNING STANDARD NOTES		PERFORMANCE STANDARD		
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR	
4.1 Notes and coins.  4.2 Financial resources and savings.	4.1.1 Identify coins and notes of Malaysian currency. 4.1.2 Represent the value of money in: (i) Sen up to RM1. (ii) Ringgit up to RM10. 4.1.3 Convert money in: (i) Coins up to RM1. (ii) Notes up to RM10.  4.2.1 Identify financial resources and savings. 4.2.2 Record savings and expenses from the financial resources.  4.3.1 Solve daily life problems involving addition and subtraction of money.	Use current money in real life situation. Represent value of money using abacus 4:1.  Use combination of money in the form of notes and coins. Use suitable situations. Before solving daily life problem, mechanical solving process can be done to explain addition and subtraction involving:  (a) Sen up to RM1.  (b) Ringgit up to RM10.  Addition and subtraction involving money using abacus 4:1.	2	State:  • Malaysian currency in coins and notes.  • Financial resources and savings.  Solve number sentence involving money.  Justify the answer for the solution of number sentences involving money. Record savings and expenses from the financial resources.  Solve daily routine problems involving money.  Solve daily routine problems involving money using various strategies.  Solve daily non-routine problems involving money creatively and innovatively.	

#### CUTI PENGGAL 2, SESI 2022/2023 (KUMPULAN A: 02.09.2022 - 10.09.2022, KUMPULAN B: 03.09.2022 - 11.09.2022)

WEEK: 24-26	LEARNING AREA: MEASUREMENT AND GEOMETRY TOPIC: 5.0 TIME				
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES		PER	RFORMANCE STANDARD
STANDARD				PL	DESCRIPTOR
5.1 Days and months.	<ul> <li>5.1.1 State time in a day.</li> <li>5.1.2 State the sequence of events in a day.</li> <li>5.1.3 Name the days of a week.</li> <li>5.1.4 Name the months of a year.</li> </ul>		uation. ulary to indicate a specific day: , "today", "yesterday" and		State time and sequence of events in a day.
5.2 Clock face.	5.2.1 Identify the clock hands on the clock face. 5.2.2 Identify and state "half", "quarter" and "three quarters" based on the clock face.	Guidio.		3	Name the days of a week and the months of a year.  Say and write time in hours and fractions of an hour.
	5.2.3 Say and write time in hour, half an hour and a quarter hour using an analogue clock.			4	Solve daily life routine problems involving time.
5.3 Problem solving.	5.3.1 Solve problems involving daily life situations.			5	Solve daily routine problems involving time using various strategies.

	6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving time creatively and innovatively.

WEEK: 27-30	LEARNING AREA: MEASUREMENT AND GEOMETRY		TOPIC: 6.0 MEASUREMENT		
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD NOTES			PERFORMANCE STANDARD	
STANDARD			PL		DESCRIPTOR

6.1 Relative units to measure length, mass and volume of liquids.	6.1.1 Use and vary the vocabulary in the context of length, mass and volume of liquid 6.1.2 Measure length and mass of objects, and volume of liquid using	Use objects and pictures to measure and compare.	1 2	State the vocabulary in context of length, mass and volume of liquid.  Measure length, mass
	non-standard units. 6.1.3 Compare the length, mass, and volume of liquid of two or more objects using			and volume of liquid
6.2 Problem solving	non-standard units.  6.2.1 Solve problems involving daily life situations		3	Compare the length, mass and volume of liquid of two or more objects and justify the answer.
			4	Solve daily routine problems involving measurement.
			5	Solve daily routine problems involving measurement using various strategies.
			6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving measurement creatively and innovatively.

WEEK: 31-36	LEARNING AREA: MEASUREMENT AND GEOM	ETRY TOPIC: 7.0 SPACE		
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES		FORMANCE STANDARD
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR
7.1 Three-dimensional shapes.	<ul> <li>7.1.1 Name the shape of cuboid, cube, cone, square-based pyramid, cylinder and sphere.</li> <li>7.1.2 Describe face, edge and vertex of three- dimensional shapes.</li> <li>7.1.3 Arrange objects according to the pattern.</li> <li>7.1.4 Create new models using combinations of three-dimensional shapes.</li> </ul>	Use objects to understand three-dimensional shapes.  Arrange three-dimensional shapes to create certain shapes such as robot, ship, house.	2	Name three-dimensional and two-dimensional shapes.  State the characteristic of three-dimensional and two-dimensional shapes, and arrange objects and shapes according to the
7.2 Two-dimensional shapes.	<ul> <li>7.2.1 Name the shape of square, rectangle, triangle and circle.</li> <li>7.2.2 Describe straight line, side, corner and curved line of two-dimensional shapes.</li> <li>7.2.3 Arrange two-dimensional shapes according to the pattern.</li> <li>7.2.4 Create pattern based on two-dimensional shapes.</li> <li>7.3.1 Solve problems involving daily situations.</li> </ul>	Arrange, paste and colour shapes to create patterns.	3	pattern.  Create new model from the combination of three-dimensional shapes and pattern based on two-dimensional shapes, and justify the answers.  Solve daily routine problems involving space.
7.3 Problem solving			6	Solve daily routine problems involving space using various strategies. Solve daily non-routine problems involving space creatively and innovatively.

**CUTI PENGGAL 3, SESI 2022/2023** 

(KUMPULAN A: 09.12.2022 - 31.12.2022, KUMPULAN B: 10.12.2022 - 31.12.2022)

WEEK: 37-39	LEARNING AREA: STATISTICS AND PROBABI	LITY	TOPIC: 8.0 DATA MANA	GEMEN	IT
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	NOTES		PER	FORMANCE STANDARD
STANDARD				PL	DESCRIPTOR
8.1 Collect, classify and arrange data.	8.1.1 Collect data based on real life situation.	Use tally in	collecting simple data.	1	Name the pictograph.
8.2 Pictograph.	8.2.1 Read and obtain information from a pictograph.	Indicator sh	nows one unit of picture one value.	3	Collect data based on daily situation.
8.3 Problem solving .	8.3.1 Solve problems involving daily situation.				Read and obtain information from pictograph.
				4	Solve daily routine problems involving data management.
				5	Solve daily routine problems involving data management using various strategies.

	6	
		Solve daily non-routine problems involving data management creatively and innovatively.

40	ULANGKAJI
41	PENTAKSIRAN AKHIR TAHUN
42-43	PENGURUSAN AKHIR TAHUN

CUTI AKHIR PERSEKOLAHAN SESI 2022/2023 (KUMPULAN A: 17.02.2023 - 11.03.2023, KUMPULAN B: 18.02.2023 - 12.03.2023)

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