- Rule 4 Vowels *a, e, o,* and *u* usually say *a, e, o,* and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy, me, o pen, mu sic*). (delay)
- Rule 18 We often use *ay* to say *a* at the end of a base word, never *a* alone. (delay)
- Rule 4 Vowels *a, e, o,* and *u* usually say *a, e, o,* and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy, me, o pen, mu sic*). (behind)
- Rule 19 Vowels *i* and *o* may say *i* and *o* if followed by two consonants (*find*, *old*). (behind)
- Rule 4 Vowels *a, e, o,* and *u* usually say *a, e, o,* and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy, me, o pen, mu sic*). (around)
- Rule 17 We often double *l*, *f*, and *s* following a single vowel at the end of a one-syllable word (*will*, *off*, *miss*). Rule 17 sometimes applies to two-syllable words like *recess*. (spell)
- Rule 13 The phonogram *sh* is used at the beginning or end of a base word (*she, dish*), at the end of a syllable (*fin ish*), but never at the beginning of a syllable after the first one except for the suffix *ship* (*wor ship*, *friend ship*). (finish)
- Rule 18 We often use *ay* to say *a* at the end of a base word, never *a* alone. (maybe)
- Rule 4 Vowels *a, e, o,* and *u* usually say *a, e, o,* and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy, me, o pen, mu sic*). (maybe)
- Rule 4 Vowels *a*, *e*, *o*, and *u* usually say *a*, *e*, *o*, and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy*, *me*, *o pen*, *mu sic*). (across)
- Rule 17- We often double *l*, *f*, and *s* following a single vowel at the end of a one-syllable word (*will*, *off*, *miss*). Rule 17 sometimes applies to two-syllable words like *recess*. (across)
- e Job 2 The silent final *e* must be there because English words do not end in *v*. (move)
- e Job 1 The silent final *e* makes the vowel say its second sound. (bare)