Report By Example Guide

Overview

Report by Example (RBE) extends the features of Query by Example (QBE) by adding some formatting, grouping, and user defined calculation functionality. These tools provide a fill-in-the-blanks interface which automatically generates a native query. There is no need to become an expert in any of the various native querying language Qarbine supports. The core features of the querying languages are supported. For more advanced queries, use the Data Source Designer which is a free form query tool.

Prerequisites

Data service configured to access your data. In this example we will access the MongoDB sample store sales data. It is best to have gone through the Quick Start - Query by Example document.

Opening the Tool

You can access the Report By Example (RBE) tool in several ways. Tools can be opened from the signOn page, the home page, and from various tools using the hamburger menu. From the Home tool.

Querying and Other Data Activities Author or edit a data source to retrieve raw data using a query

Open Query by Example for 'fill-in-the-blank' query interaction

R Open Report by Example for 'fill-in-the-blank' queries and basic formatting

<u>....</u>____

Alternatively you can open the tool from the hamburger = menu on each tool.



Pressing the control key during the menu click opens the tool in another tab.

Specifying the Data to Query

Select your data service from the dropdown. The Qarbine administrator manages which ones are visible to any particular sign on.



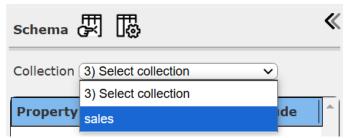
The databases associated with that data service will populate the database dropdown.



The "database" concept varies by the actual cloud data endpoint being interacted with. For example, MongoDB and SQL Server have this concept, while Milvus and Weaviate do not.

The collections associated with that database will populate the collections dropdown. Select the collection as shown below. "Collections" is the generic Qarbine term. For SQL databases this maps to "tables" for example.

Select a collection from the drop down.



The area below will show the general structure of the collection.



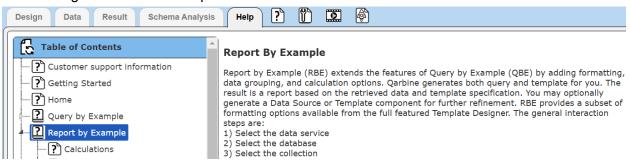
At first the middle area will show some explanatory help information.

Report By Example

Report by Example (RBE) extends the features of Query by Example (QBE) by adding formatting, data grouping, and calculation options. Qarbine generates both query and template for you. The result is a report based on the retrieved data and template specification. You may optionally generate a Data Source or Template component for further refinement. RBE provides a subset of formatting options available from the full featured Template Designer. The general interaction steps are:

- 1) Select the data service
- 2) Select the database
- 3) Select the collection

Once a field is chosen in the left hand area this middle area will be used to specify query criteria. To see it again choose the Help tab as shown below.

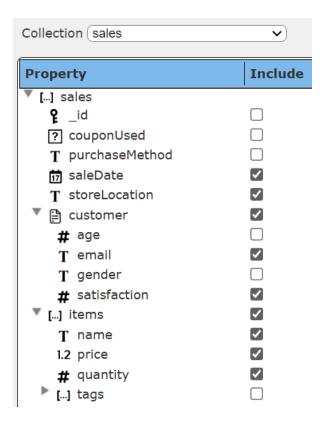


Specifying the Fields of Interest

Refer to the Quick Start- Query By Example document for the initial steps. The data service and database area shown below.



The included fields are shown below.



In this example start by limiting the results to sales in Denver. Simply enter "Denver" as shown below.

	storeLocation
Main criteria	Denver

The right side is updated with the generated native query.

Also select saleDate and sort the orders by that field The query area looks something like the following at this point.

iles			
	storeLocation	saleDate	
Main criteria	Denver		
Main sorting		ascending	
+		·	
customer { } +	•		
	email	satisfaction	
Main criter	ria		
Main sortii	ng		
+		·	
items [] +			
	name	price	quantity
Main criter	ria		
+		•	•

As fields are selected a rough rendering of the analysis template will be shown below the generated query. An example is shown below.

```
Page X of Y_____
1 Page header
                                                 |@runTimestamp |
1 Report header
1 Report header
                 Sales in Denver
1 Report header
                 Sale Date:_|=@salesElement.saleDat|
1.1 Group header
1.1.1 Group header Customer
                    |Satisfaction: |=#satisfact| |Email: |=#email
1.1.1.1 Body
1.1.1.1 Body
1.2 Group header
                 Items
                 Name____|Price___|_Quantity|
=#name____|=#price___|=#quantity|
1.2 Group header
1.2.1 Body
1.2 Group summary
1 Report summary
```

The left hand outline looking text corresponds to the different sections and lines within those sections. To the right of the vertical line are the cells which make up the template's lines. The '#' prefix is used to reference a field (i.e., #email). The '@' prefix is used to reference a variable (i.e., @runTimestamp). These constructs will become more apparent when you use the Template Designer which provides a rich set of reporting and analysis functionality.

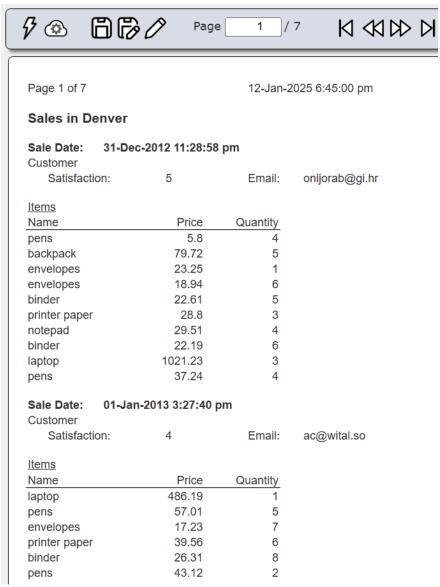
Running the Query

Click the run button \mathcal{F} to see your initial results.

Note that the active tab was changed to the "Result" tab as shown below.



To see the underlying data processed click the "Data" tab. This is the same information seen in the Query by Example tool. A sample formatted result is shown below.



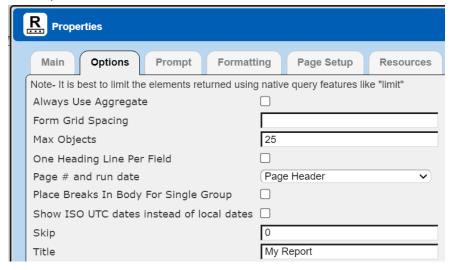
We were able to very quickly obtain information from our NoSQL database data with embedded document and arrays structures. The formatting is mostly raw values at this point.

Click the "Design" tab to get back to the query design content.

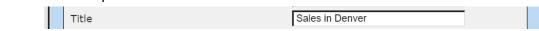


Default Generation Options

To view several default generation options click the button to open the property dialog. Activate the Options tab as shown below.



Enter the new report title.

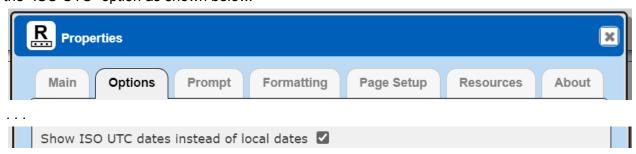


Click OK to close the dialog.

Date Display and Maximum Element Retrieval Options

Note that the sample data above has sale dates stored as UTC dates. By default dates are shown in the local timezone. To change this presentation click the property dialog.

Check the "ISO UTC" option as shown below.



This dialog is also one way you can change the maximum number of elements in the answer set you want processed.

Adding Formatting Adjustments

Suppress the store location output since we know this result is only for Denver. Click the highlighted '+' as shown below.

sales

		storeLocation	saleDate
	Main criteria	Denver	
	Main sorting		ascending
l	+		

For the formatting options enter "suppress" as shown below.

sales

	storeLocation	saleDate
Main criteria	Denver	
Main sorting		ascending
-		
Display as		
Formatting	suppress	
Grouping		
Calculations		

The customer email cell had a width of 20 which may be a bit too small. We can specify a larger width by clicking the highlighted '+' to see more options.

customer { } +

		satisfaction	email
ı	Main criteria		
Į	Main sorting		
	+		

Fill in the formatting criteria as shown below.

customer { } +

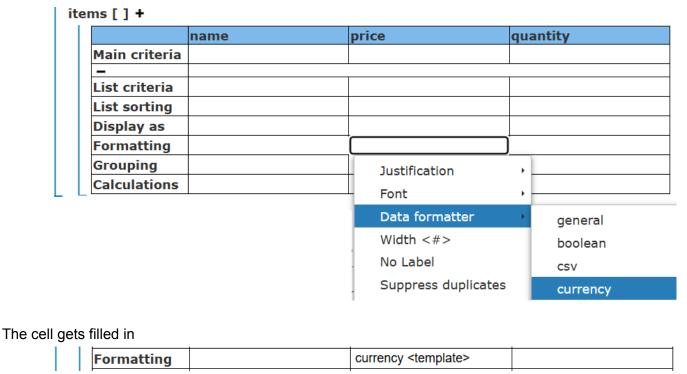
	satisfaction	email		
Main criteria				
Main sorting				
_				
Display as				
Formatting		width 30		

We want to use currency formatting for the price. View the options by clicking the highlighted '+'.

items[]+

		name	price	quantity
Ma	in criteria			
+				

This can be done by simply typing in "currency" or by using the pop up menu sequence as shown below.



We'll use the default template. We also want to right-justify the prices. This can be set by entering "right" into the formatting cell. Shown below is one result.

Formatting	right currency default	

Output from running this is shown below.

Sales in Denver

Sale Date: 31-Dec-2012 11:28:58 pm

Customer

Satisfaction: 5 Email: onijorab@gi.hr

<u>Items</u>		
Name	Price	Quantity
pens	\$5.80	4
backpack	\$79.72	5
envelopes	\$23.25	1
envelopes	\$18.94	6
binder	\$22.61	5
printer paper	\$28.80	3
notepad	\$29.51	4
binder	\$22.19	6
laptop	\$1,021.23	3
pens	\$37.24	4

Sale Date: 01-Jan-2013 3:27:40 pm

Customer

Satisfaction: 4 Email: ac@wital.so

<u>Items</u> Name Price Quantity \$486.19 laptop \$57.01 5 pens \$17.23 7 envelopes 6 printer paper \$39.56 8 binder \$26.31 pens \$43.12 2

Adding Calculations

It would be natural to want to know the number of separate product items, total number of items and the overall value of each order. This can easily be added via the "Calculations" options shown below.

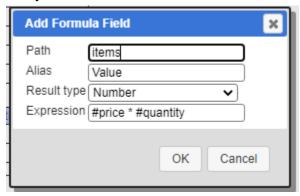
items []+

	name	price	quantity		
Main criteria					
-					
List criteria					
List sorting					
Display as					
Formatting		right currency default			
Grouping					
Calculations	count		sum		

Next we can add an extended price calculation for each product.

Click on f+

Sample entry values are shown below.



The overall settings for the items are shown below.

items[]+

		_	_	_
	name	price	quantity	Value
Main criteria				
-				
List criteria				
List sorting				
Display as				
Formatting		right currency default	integer	
Grouping				
Calculations	count		sum	

Running this results in the following.

Sales in Denver

	Sale Date: Customer	31-Dec-2	31-Dec-2012 11:28:58 pm			
	Satisfaction	on:	5	Email:	onijorab@gi.hr	
	<u>Items</u>					
	Name		Price	Quantity	Value	
	pens		\$5.80	4	23.20	
	backpack		\$79.72	5	398.60	
	envelopes		\$23.25	1	23.25	
	envelopes		\$18.94	6	113.64	
	binder		\$22.61	5	113.05	
	printer paper		\$28.80	3	86.40	
	notepad		\$29.51	4	118.04	
	binder		\$22.19	6	133.14	
	laptop		\$1,021.23	3	3,063.69	
	pens		\$37.24	4	148.96	
Count	10					
Sum				41		
	Sale Date: Customer	01-Jan-2	2013 3:27:40	pm		
	Satisfaction	on:	4	Email:	ac@wital.so	
	<u>Items</u>					
	Name		Price	Quantity	Value	
	laptop		\$486.19	1	486.19	
	pens		\$57.01	5	285.05	
	envelopes		\$17.23	7	120.61	
	printer paper		\$39.56	6	237.36	
	binder		\$26.31	8	210.48	
	pens		\$43.12	2	86.24	
Count	6					
Sum				29		

Notice the 2 new summary lines- one for the count and one for the summation.

Report By Example Control Breaks

Walk Through

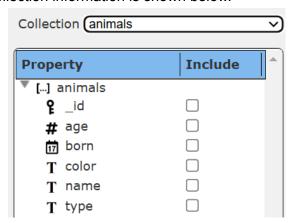
The example reports below are strictly columnar for the purpose of this explanation.

"Control-breaks" are a way of grouping similar data objects together for analysis.

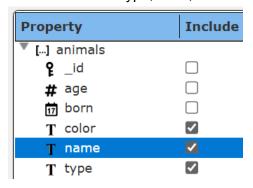
Consider a collection of animals (or perhaps sales objects with team and person fields). The data used is from the following data service and database.



The collection information is shown below.



The user first selects the type, color, and name fields.



The criteria area has

animals

l		type	color	name
l	Main criteria			
l	Main sorting			
	+			

The generated template looks like the following.

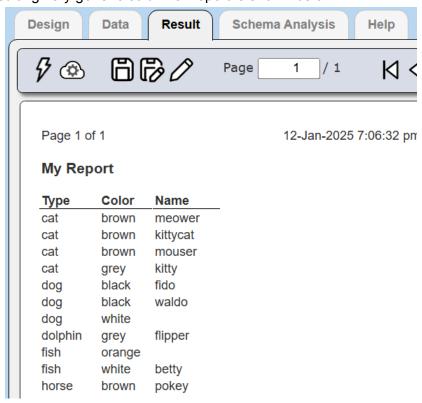
1 Page header	Page X of Y	@runTimestamp
1 Report header		
1 Report header	Sales in Denver	
1 Report header		
1.1 Group header	Type Color Name	
1.1.1 Body	=#type =#color =#name	
1.1 Group summary		
1 Report summary		

Next, the user indicates the data should be sorted first by type and then, within each type, by color.

animals

	type	color	name
Main criteria			
Main sorting	ascending	ascending	
+			

The resulting very generic columnar report is shown below.



Notice there are several types of animals. In a sales report data could have different sales territories and then within each different salespersons.

Activate the tab shown below.



Next, let's group the data based on the animal type. Click the highlighted '+' to view the options.

animals

	type	color	name
Main criteria			
Main sorting	ascending	ascending	
+			

The first control-break is indicated by a '1' below the field of interest. (This is a bit goofy UI wise, but for now....).

animals

	type	color	name
Main criteria			
Main sorting	ascending	ascending	
-			
Display as			
Formatting			
Grouping	1		
Calculations		count	

The generated template is shown below.

1 Page header	Page X of Y	@runTimestamp
1 Report header		
1 Report header	My Report	
1 Report header		
1.1 Group header <brk></brk>	Type:_ =@animal	
1.1 Group header <brk></brk>	Color Name	
1.1.1 Body	=#color =#name	
1.1 Group summary <brk></brk>	Count = count	
1.1 Group summary <brk></brk>		
1 Report summary		

Here is the result with each type creating a separate group.

My Report

	Type:	cat
	Color	Name
	brown	meower
	brown	kittycat
	brown	mouser
	grey	kitty
Count	4	
	Type:	dog
	Color	Name
	black	fido
	black	waldo
	white	
Count	3	
	_	
	Type:	dolphin
	Type: Color	dolphin Name
Count	Color	Name
Count	Color grey	Name
Count	Color grey	Name flipper
Count	Color grey 1 Type:	Name flipper
Count	Color grey 1 Type: Color	Name flipper
Count	Color grey 1 Type: Color orange	Name flipper fish Name
	Color grey 1 Type: Color orange white	Name flipper fish Name
	Color grey 1 Type: Color orange white 2	Name flipper fish Name betty
	Color grey 1 Type: Color orange white 2 Type:	Name flipper fish Name betty

Notice there are also similar colors for some of the animals.

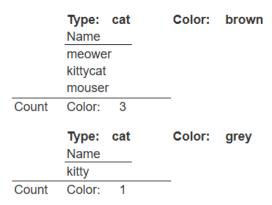
We can also indicate to perform a "control break" if either the type or color changes.

animals

	type	color	name
Main criteria			
Main sorting	ascending	ascending	
-			
Display as			
Formatting			
Grouping	1	1	
Calculations		count	

Here is the result for the 2 cat color groups.

My Report



For a strictly columnar result option the properties page and navigate to the tab shown below.



Choose the option below.

Place Breaks In Body For Single Group

Running now shows the following.

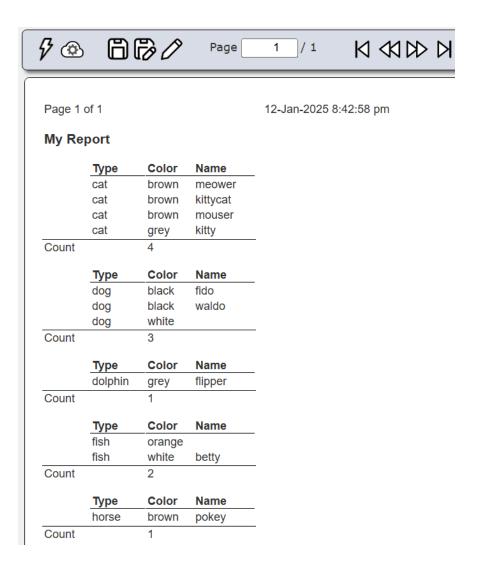
My Report

	Туре	Color	Name
	cat	brown	meower
	cat	brown	kittycat
	cat	brown	mouser
Count		3	
	Type	Color	Name
	cat	grey	kitty
Count		1	

Other Grouping Options

The value for the grouping must at least specify the group number. If the field is date oriented, then it may be followed by the keywords year, month or day indicating the granularity of the break condition. This uses the dateProperty() macro function to extract the break field value.

To have groups start on new pages, append "pageBreakAfterIfMoreData" to the grouping criteria. Prior to applying this the output may be

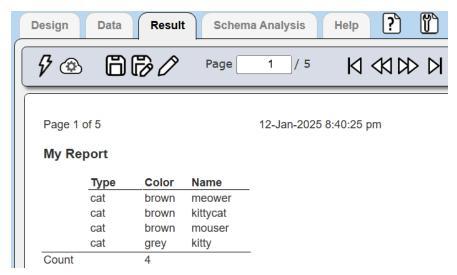


Adding that option to the type break is shown below.

animals

	type	color	name
Main criteria			
Main sorting	ascending	ascending	
-			
Display as			
Formatting			
Grouping	1 pageBreakAfterIfMoreDat		
Calculations		count	

The effect of this on the result is shown below.

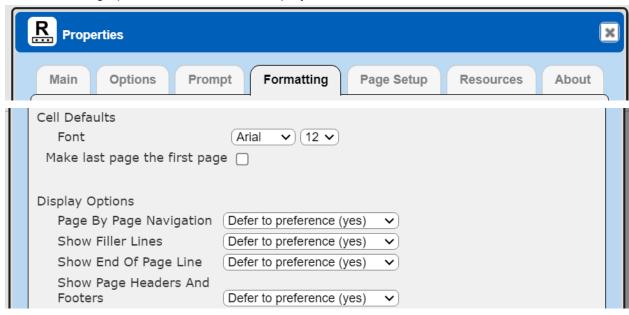


Notice that there are now 5 pages of output- one for each type. This can be useful for segregating sales team output by region for example.

Viewing Results

Result Navigation

A template's formatting options indicate how to display the result.



The result toolbar includes information of how many total pages were generated. You may choose to show all the pages at once or navigate them one by one. For example, for a 2 page result this setting

Page By Page Navigation Yes

shows the following in the result toolbar

Page 1	/ 5	NAD	N
--------	-----	-----	---

and one page at a time is shown.

Alternatively this setting

Page By Page Navigation	No	~
-------------------------	----	---

shows the following in the result toolbar

Page	All	2
5	,	

and all of the pages are shown.

Below is a table cross referencing the toolbar result page navigation icons.

Icon	Description
И	Go to the first page.
4 1	Go to the previous page.
\bowtie	Go to the next page.
N	Go to the last page.

Finding Text

The searching for text does span pages in the forward direction.

Icon	Description
ଦ	Find the first occurrence of the string starting on the current page.
Q <u>`</u>	Find the next occurrence of the string.

Zooming In and Out

The result content may be zoomed in and out for your reviewing needs.

Icon	Description
Q	Zoom out.
Q	Reset the zoom to "none".
(Zoom in.

Next Steps

Once you have a result you can then do other actions such as:



copy it to the clipboard in JSON format.



view the JSON in another window.



send it in various formats to a particular destination such as a download folder.