Wraparound Traits Trivia Questions

This trivia activity is designed to help participants learn and remember the traits of effective Wraparound facilitators. Use these questions to engage teams in a collaborative learning exercise.

- 1. What is the best way for a facilitator to respect the team's time?
- A) Start and end on time
- B) Focus only on discussions
- C) Extend meetings if needed
- D) Skip the agenda
- 2. Why should a facilitator use an agenda, minutes, and records?
- A) To keep track of decisions and progress
- B) To impress the team
- C) To reduce the need for follow-up
- D) To avoid responsibility
- 3. How should facilitators use data during team discussions?
 - A) To guide the team past assumptions
 - B) To ignore personal experiences
 - C) To focus solely on numbers
 - D) To argue with team members
- 4. What should facilitators do when summarizing information?
 - A) Challenge adults to reflect together
 - B) Focus only on the facts
 - C) Avoid discussion
 - D) Speak for all team members
- 5. What should a facilitator prioritize when a decision needs to be made?
- A) Push for decisions
- B) Delay until the next meeting
- C) Avoid involvement
- D) Ask only one team member to decide
- 6. Why is it important to return to decisions made in previous meetings?
- A) To review follow-through and results
- B) To undo them if needed
- C) To remind team members of mistakes
- D) To fill meeting time
- 7. What does this mean: 'The process is never more important than the help itself'?
 - A) Facilitators should prioritize the team's impact over the process
 - B) Focus entirely on steps in the process

- C) Avoid planning
- D) Disregard the team's feelings
- 8. What is a facilitator's best tool?
 - A) The team members
 - B) A strict agenda
 - C) Detailed reports
 - D) A long lecture
- 9. Why should facilitators 'think team from the first point of contact'?
- A) To build collaboration and shared ownership
- B) To reduce the facilitator's workload
- C) To finish faster
- D) To focus on services only
- 10. How should facilitators view Wraparound?
 - A) As a planning process
 - B) As a rigid service
 - C) As a quick solution
 - D) As a one-time fix
- 11. Why should facilitators recognize the limitations of planning only?
 - A) Because results depend on follow-through and action
 - B) Planning always fails
 - C) Plans never change
 - D) Teams don't need plans
- 12. Why is it important to engage skills from various sources and experiences?
 - A) To bring diverse perspectives to problem-solving
 - B) To ensure only experts contribute
 - C) To make the process easier
 - D) To replace team members
- 13. How should facilitators adapt their planning?
 - A) To fit the situation and context
 - B) To fit their personal preferences
 - C) To avoid team input
 - D) To focus only on the
- 14. What should facilitators focus on to avoid wasting time?
 - A) What's most important
 - B) Everything equally
 - C) Small details

- D) Issues that don't matter
- 15. Why should facilitators fuss about results and people rather than words?
 - A) Actions and impact matter more than discussions
 - B) Words are unimportant
 - C) Team members dislike talking
 - D) Meetings should be quiet
- 16. How can facilitators lead effectively?
 - A) By action rather than lecture
 - B) By speaking more than others
 - C) By ignoring team feedback
 - D) By dictating all decisions
- 17. Why should facilitators pay attention to the family and individual team members?
 - A) To build trust and understanding
 - B) To reduce their workload
 - C) To avoid accountability
 - D) To end meetings quickly
- 18. What is a facilitator's role in recognizing team contributions?
 - A) Reward what team members have done right
 - B) Point out mistakes
 - C) Take credit for successes
 - D) Avoid giving feedback
- 19. When should facilitators change something that's already working?
 - A) Only when absolutely necessary
 - B) Always, to improve it
 - C) Frequently, to adapt
 - D) Never, even if needed
- 20. Why is it important to communicate when 'out of model'?
 - A) To maintain transparency and trust
 - B) To avoid responsibility
 - C) To delay decisions
 - D) To stop team input