GRADE 7	School	Grade Level	7
DAILY LESSON LOG	Teacher	Learning Area	MATHEMATICS
	Teaching Dates and Time	Quarter	FOURTH

	Session 1	Session 2	Session 3	Session 4		
I. OBJECTIVES						
1. Content Standards	The learner demonstrates understanding of key concepts, uses and importance of Statistics, data collection/gathering and the different forms of data representation, measures of central tendency, measures of variability, and probability.					
2. Performance Standards		The learner is able to collect and organize data systematically and compute accurately measures of central tendency and variability and apply these appropriately in data analysis and interpretation in different fields.				
3. Learning Competencies/Objectiv es	tencies/Objectiv measures of central tendency of ungrouped and grouped data. the measures of central tendency of ungrouped tendency of and grouped data. the measures of central the measures of central tendency of ungrouped tendency of and grouped data.		The learner calculates the measures of central tendency of ungrouped and grouped data. (M7SP-IVf-g-1)	The learner calculates the measures of central tendency of ungrouped and grouped data.  (M7SP-IVf-g-1)		
	Calculates the measures of Central Tendency of Ungrouped Data Apply the formula for mean, median and mode Show accuracy in doing work	data set. b. Find or estimate the mean from a frequency table of data.	<ul> <li>a. Find the median of a data set.</li> <li>b. Find or estimate the mean from a frequency table of data.</li> <li>c. Develop logical thinking and correct reasoning.</li> </ul>	a. Find the mode of a data set. b. Find or estimate the mean from a frequency table of data. c. Develop logical thinking and correct reasoning.		

II. CONTENT	Measures of Central Tendency of Ungrouped Data	Mean of Grouped Data	Median of Grouped Data	Mode of Grouped Data
III. LEARNING RESOURCES				
A. References				
Teacher's Guide pages				
Learner's     Materials pages	Mathematics Learner's Module 8 Page 491-506			
3. Textbook pages	iced Algebra, Trigonometry and Statistics Math IV pages 258 – 267 by Soledad Jose-Dilao, Ed. D. and Fernando B. Orines Statistics and Probability by: Merle S. Alferez and Ma. Cecilia A. Duro pages 35-40	Orines, F. B, Jose – Dilao, S., Bernabe, J.G. Advanced Algebra Trigonometry and Statistcs IV. Pp. 270 - 275	Orines, F. B, Jose – Dilao, S., Bernabe, J.G. Advanced Algebra Trigonometry and Statistcs IV. Pp. 260 – 270	Orines, F. B, Jose – Dilao, S., Bernabe, J.G. Advanced Algebra Trigonometry and Statistcs IV. Pp. 260 – 270
4. Additional Materials from Learning Resource (LR) portal	uped data: www.youtube.com/watch?v =QzcgSCmWcVo			
B. Other Learning Resources / Materials	Grade 7 LCTG by DepEd Cavite Mathematics, 2016	Grade 7 LCTG by DepEd Cavite Mathematics, 2016	Grade 7 LCTG by DepEd Cavite Mathematics, 2016	Grade 7 LCTG by DepEd Cavite Mathematics, 2016
IV. PROCEDURES				

A. Reviewing previous	The students will conduct a	Calculate the mean of the		From the words
lesson or presenting the new lesson	survey to one another. They shall ask their classmates one by one of the most preferred social networking site they use now a days. These are the following:	ungrouped data. 2, 2, 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 5, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1		"TAGAYTAY CITY SCIENCE NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL" which letter appears most?
	Social Frequency Networking Site Facebook			
	Instagram		Calculate the median of the ungrouped data.	
	Twitter Snapchat		2, 2, 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 5, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1	
	Viber			
	After this, they will answer the questions given by the teacher.			
	<ol> <li>Arrange the data in order</li> <li>Get the average</li> <li>Get the middle data</li> <li>Which number appeared the most</li> </ol>			
B. Establishing a purpose for the lesson	How will you arrange the data?	How will you find the mean of the given data if	How will you find the median of the given data if	How will you find the mode of the given data if

	<ul><li>2. Can you formulate an equation to get the average?</li><li>3. How will you find the middle data?</li><li>4. What is the highest repeating number?</li></ul>	the number of data is very large? How will you organize the data?	the number of data is very large? How will you organize the data?	the number of data is very large?
C. Presenting examples/ instances of the lesson	Watch the video clips on how to calculate mean, median and mode of a certain data.  www.youtube.com/watch?v =QzcgSCmWcVo	Calculate the mean grade of 50 students in Elementary Algebra.    Class Interval   f   X (midpoint)   90.94   7   92   92.9   93.98   93.3   87   70.74   6   72   70.74   6   72   70.74   n=50      A. How can we get the mean of the given data?   B. What are the differences and similarities of the steps in getting the mean of ungrouped and grouped data?	ate the median of the score of students in four Elementary Algebra classes of Mrs. Magsino.    Frequency   Midpoints   Cumulative   frequency   111   89.5   95   17   84.5   84   25   79.5   67   20   74.5   42   12   69.5   22   7   64.5   10   3   59.5   3   n=100	late the mode of the score of students in four Elementary Algebra classes of Mrs. Magsino.    Frequency   Midpoints   Cumulative   frequency
D. Discussing new concepts and practicing new skills #1	<ol> <li>What do you think is the measures of central tendency all about?</li> <li>What are the measurement shown in the video?</li> <li>How will you describe the results shown in the video?</li> </ol>	Given the following frequency table, calculate the mean.	ate the median of Mid-year test score of students in Filipino.	ate the mode of Mid-year test score of students in Filipino.

	4. What is the formula in finding those measures?	Class boundaries 34 - 36 31 - 33	Frequency 2	ORE 1-45 3-40	FREQUENCY 1	<b>ORE</b> 1-45	FREQUENCY
	illiuling those measures?	34 - 36 31 - 33	2	10			
		31 - 33	2	p-40	8	6-40	8
				1-35	8	1-35	8
			2	3-30	14	3-30	14
		28 - 30	6	1-25	7	1-25	7
\				6-20	2	3-20	2
		25 - 27	47				
		22 - 24	70				
		19 - 21	40				
		16 - 18	5				
		i=3	n = 172				
E. Discussing new	ctions: Ungrouped Data						
	Calculate the measures of						
	central tendency of the						
#2   <sup>†</sup>	following.						
	<ol> <li>A researcher collects</li> </ol>						
	data on the ages of						
	recipients of doctoral degree						
	in science and engineering,						
	and his study yields the						
	following.						
	37   37   24   28   43						
	<u> </u>						
	36   41   33   27						
1.							
<u> </u>	Find the mean.						
l.	Only the second						
	Solution: The mean is						
	determined by the sum of						
	the ages and then dividing						
	by the total number of						
	- 1						
į l	recipients.						

_	_		$\sum x$	$\sum x$
x	x	=	n	n

Where:  $\sum x \sum x$  - sum of the item values

n - number of items

37+37+24+28+43+44+3 6+41+33+27 10

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{350}{10} = 35 = 35$$

therefore, then = 35.
ven mothers were selected
and given a blood pressure
check. Their systolic
pressures were recorded
below.

135	21	119	116	1
130	21	131		

Find their median.

**Solution:** Arrange the data in increasing order

116	119	121	121
130	131	135	

Select the middle value. Therefore the median is **121.** 

2. Eight novels were			
randomly selected and the			
numbers of pages were			
recorded as follows:			

415	398	402	400
420	415	407	425

he median.

on: Arrange the data in order.

398	400	402	407
415	415	420	425

the middle point falls halfway between 407 and 415, find the median by getting the mean of these two values.

sizes of 15 classes selected at random are:

40	39	42	48
45	46	42	49
43	42	41	44

median is 411

F. Developing mastery (Leads to Formative Assessment 3)  A. Directions:  UNGROUPED DATA:  Arrange in increasing order and calculates the mean, median and mode/s of each of the following sets of data.  1. 5, 6, 6, 4, 8  2. 3, 5, 6, 7, 4  3. 1, 3, 2, 5, 9, 1, 7, 6, 6, 8  4. 5, 6, 0, 6, 8, 2, 9, 4, 6, 8, 2, 3  5. 10, 10, 12, 14, 15, 9, 13, 13, 12   GROUPED DATA:  Calculate the mean of the given data.  1. The following table gives the frequency distribution of the number of orders received each day during the past 50 days at TCSNHS – Canteen.    Calculate the median of the weight of Grade 7 – Narra students.   Weight in kg   Frequency   T5-79   1   T0-74   4   65-69   10   66-69   10   66-69   10   60-64   14   55-59   21   50-54   15   60-64   14   10   60-64
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	6. 2, 2, 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 5, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1 7. 11,5, 5, 5, 6, 2, 12, 9, 3, 8. 8, 7, 9, 10, 8, 6, 5, 4, 3 9. 16, 24,18, 23, 29, 8, 24, 25, 12 10. 84, 85, 84, 89, 87, 87, 86, 82, 88,84, 87, 87
G. Finding practical applications of concepts and skills in daily living	A. Direction:.UNGROUP ED DATA :Calculate the mean, median and mode/s of the following.  1. Given scores in Algebra Quiz: 18, 20, 22, 15, 16, 12, 17, 21, 10  2. The library logbook shows that 56, 60, 54, 35, and 97 books, respectively, were borrowed from Monday to Friday last week.
	<ul> <li>3. Berna's scores in 10 quizzes during the third quarter are 8, 7, 6, 10, 9, 5, 9, 6, 10 and 7.</li> <li>4. The sizes of 15 families in chosen</li> </ul>

	barangay in Tagaytay City at random are as follows: 8,7, 4, 6, 12, 6, 7, 6, 8, 10, 7, 8, 5, 3, 4  5. The grades of 10 selected students in Mathematics of TCSNHS are 85, 82, 85, 86, 81, 79, 80, 78, 86, 88.			
H. Making generalizations and abstractions about the lesson	MEASURE OF CENTRAL TENDENCY  Mean – (Arithmetic mean) is the average of a set of data which is affected by extremely high or low scores.  To find the mean of an ungroup data, use the formula: $\frac{\sum x}{x} \sum \frac{\sum x}{n}$ Where: $\sum x \sum x$ - sum of the item values  n - number of items  Median – The median of a data set illustrates the middle value when the set is ordered in ascending or descending. The median is an	To find the mean of group data, use the formula: $ \overline{X} = \frac{\sum fx}{n} $ Where: f - frequency of the class interval $x$ - midpoint of the class interval (presumed to be the mean of the values grouped under this interval	To find the median of a grouped data, use the formula: $ \mathbf{Md} = L + \left(\frac{\frac{n}{2} - F}{f}\right) i $ Where: $ L - \text{exact lower limit of the median class} $ $ n - \text{total number of items} $ $ F - \text{``less than ``or ``equal to ``cumulative frequency preceding the class interval containing the median } $ $ f - \text{frequency of the median class} $ $ i - \text{size of the class interval} $	To find the mode of a grouped data use the formula: $ Mo = L_{mo} + \left(\frac{d_1}{d_1 + d_2}\right) i $ Where: $L_{mo}$ - the exact lower limit of the modal class $D_1$ - the difference between the frequency of the modal class and that of the frequency below the modal class $D_2$ - the difference between the frequency of the modal class and that of the frequency above the modal class and that of the frequency above the modal class

	average of two middle values if a data set contains even number of values. The median will either be a specific value or will fall between two values.  Mode –is the measure or value which occurs most frequently (repeated) in a set of data. It is the value with the greatest frequency. In other words the highest repetition of a same number in a data set is considered to					i – the size of interval	the class
I. Evaluating learning	be mode for a data set. The data set doesn't have the mode when each number in a data set occurs in the same number of time.  A. Direction:  UNGROUPED DATA.  Calculate the mean, median, and mode/s of	Below are the 65 students in Mathematics	n a test.	The following the frequency of the numbe	/ distribution	The following the frequency of the number received each	distribution of orders day during
	the following.  1. The scores received by Leo and Berna in 10 quizzes in Math are as follows:	Score 55-58 51-54 47-50 43-46 39-42 35-38 31-34	Frequency 2 4 5 6 10 13 8	received each the past 50 da TCSNHS – C  Number of order  19-21  16-18  13-15  10-12  Find the med data above.	ays at canteen.  Frequency  14  20  12  4	the past 50 da TCSNHS — Ca  Number of order  19-21 16-18 13-15 10-12  Find the mode above.	Frequency  14  20  12  4

2. The grades of Grade 7 student in nine subjects are 87, 81, 86, 85, 81, 86, 83, 82, 80 3. Julia Andrei Aala timed 21 people in the Tagaytay Fun Run 2016, to the nearest second: 59, 65, 61,53, 55, 60, 70, 64, 56, 58, 58, 62, 62, 68, 59, 65, 56, 59, 68, 61, 67 4. In a English class, 10 test scores were randomly selected, and the following results were obtained:  73 77 77 71 68 65 77 67 66  5. In a test
, subjects estimate the (in DECBE of sound, their results are as

	215 308 225 236 272 300 254 260 332			
d. Additional activities for application or remediation	he mean, median and mode/s 3 4 4 7 B. 0 2 8 6 3 6	Follow – up Activity:  1. What are the steps in solving for the mean of grouped data?	Follow-up Activity 2. What are the steps in solving for the median of grouped data?	Follow-up Activity 1. What are the steps in solving for the mode of grouped data?
	5 7 5 5 9 4 o find the mean, mode and median of grouped data?	Study: 1. Median of Grouped Data	Study: 1. Mode of Grouped Data	Study: 1. Measures of Variability
V. REMARKS				
VI. REFLECTION				
No. of learners who earned 80% on the formative assessment				
No. of learners who require additional				

activities for remediation.		
3. Did the remedial lessons work? No. of learners who have caught up with the lesson.		
No. of learners who continue to require remediation		
5. Which of my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work?		
6. What difficulties did I encounter which my principal or supervisor can help me solve?		
7. What innovation or localized materials did I use/discover which I wish to share with other teachers?		