

## Spectra Matching Activity

Lesson developed by Brenda Paul

### NGSS

HS-PS4-1. Use mathematical representations to support a claim regarding relationships among the frequency, wavelength, and speed of waves traveling in various media.

HS-ESS1-2. Construct an explanation of the Big Bang theory based on astronomical evidence light spectra, motion of distant galaxies, and composition of matter in the universe

### Materials

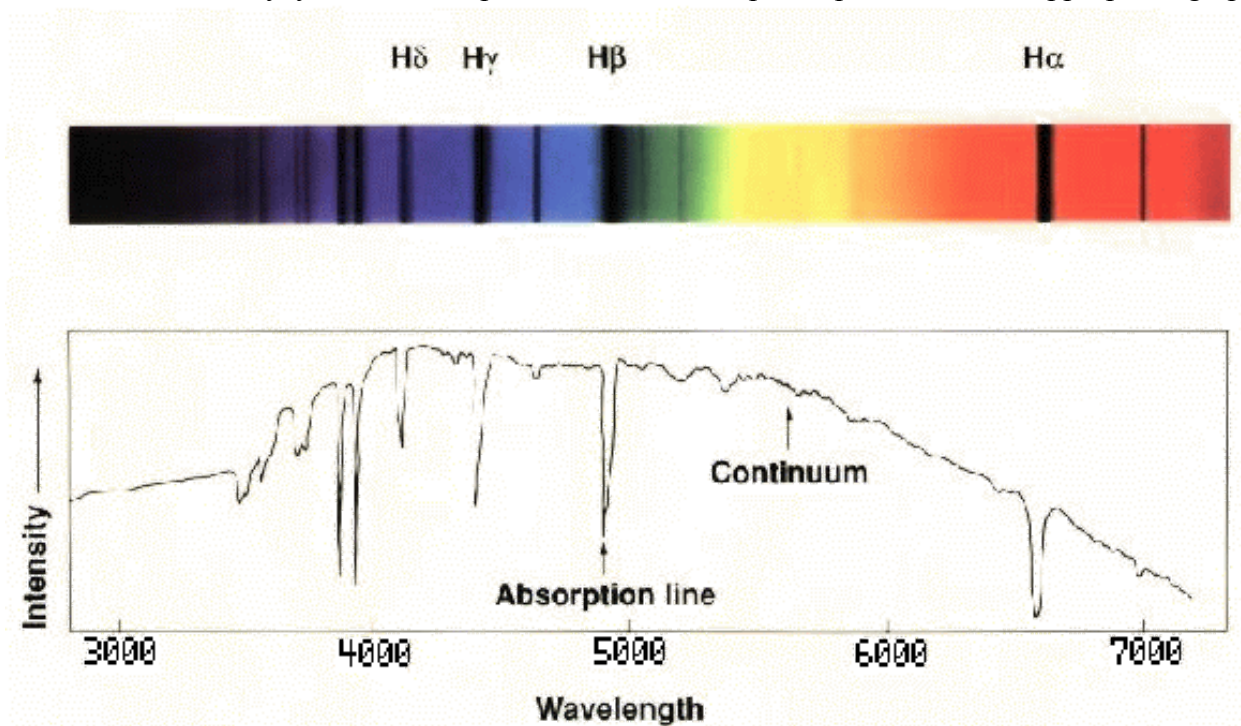
- Set of matching cards (recommend printing in color on cardstock, each page contains two sets)
- Introductory image to display on a projector

### Lesson Plan

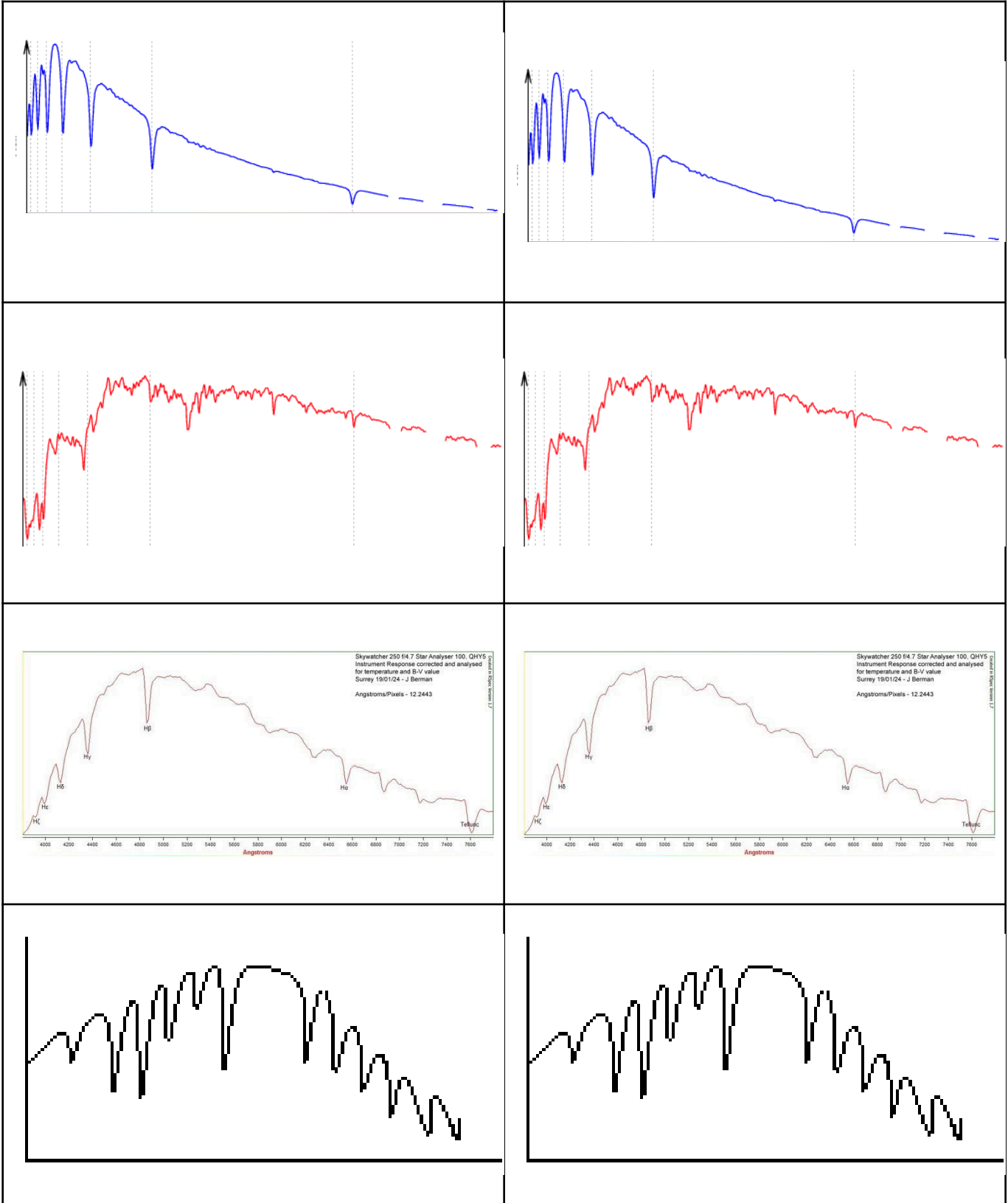
In this activity, students will be given a set of cards containing the spectrum of several stars, presented as both an absorption spectrum and a graph. The goal is for students to match the correct graph and absorption spectrum.

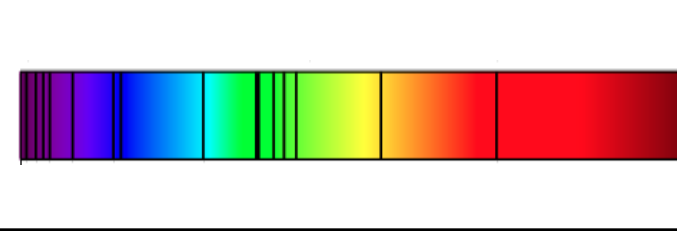
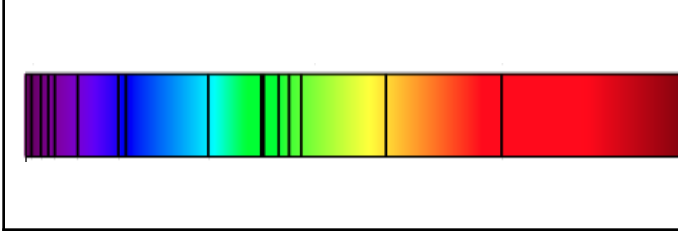
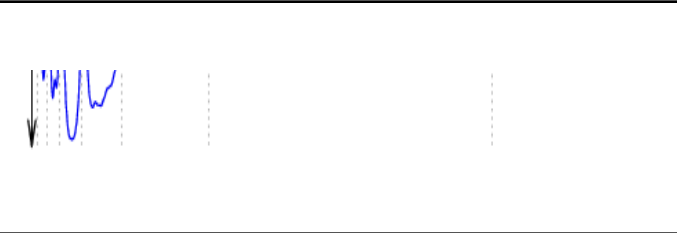
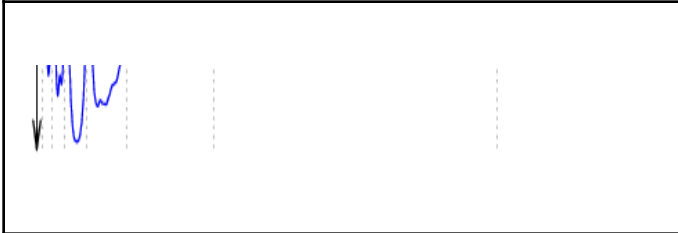
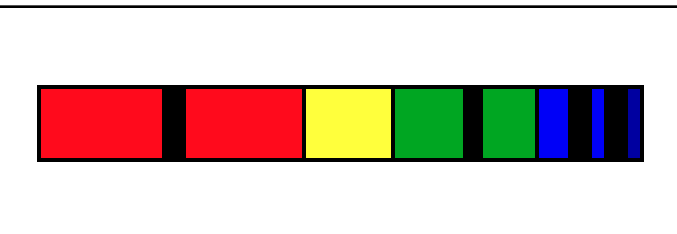
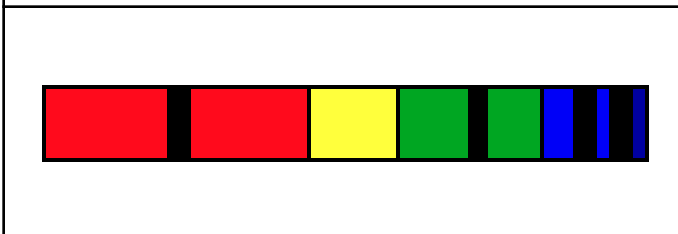
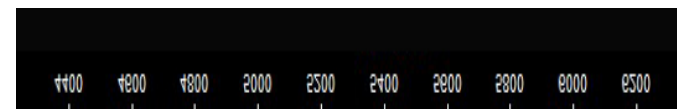
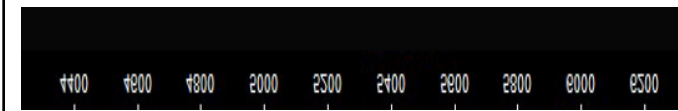
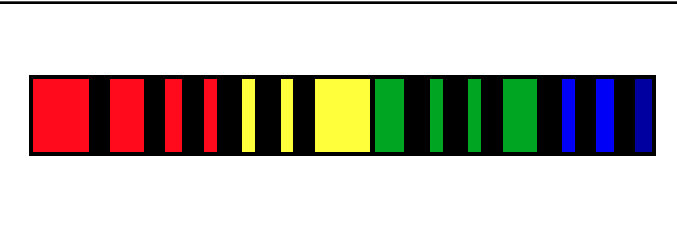
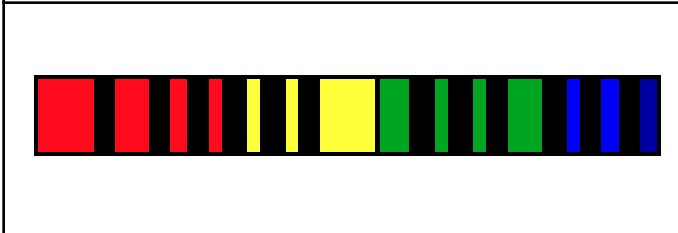
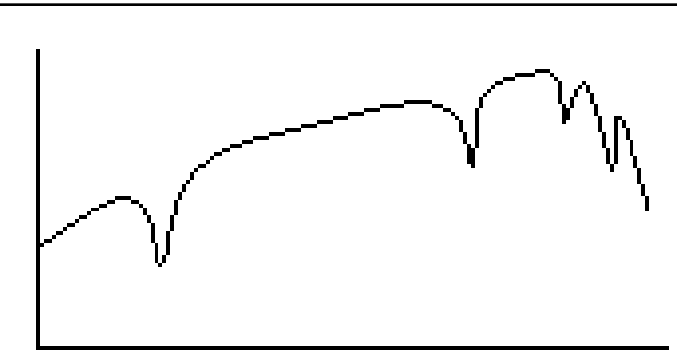
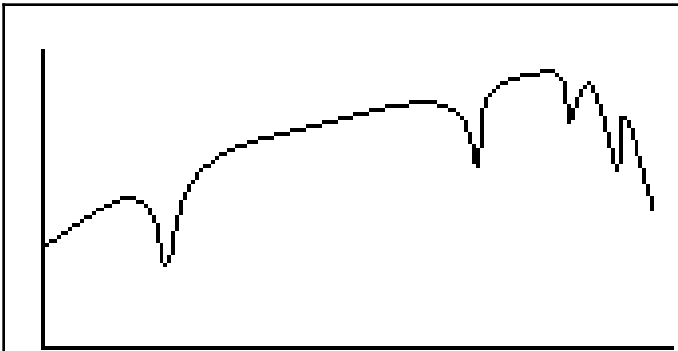
First, display the image on a projector and discuss with students. Use the following guide in a discussion of the image into the matching activity.

- The spectrum of a star can be presented two ways: on an absorption spectrum or as a graph. The two provide the same information, but presented differently.
- The wavelengths on the graph correlate with the dark lines on the absorption spectrum. This is how the elemental composition of the star is determined.
- In this activity, you will attempt to match the absorption spectra with the appropriate graph.



# Matching Cards





# Matching Cards Key

