

Dictionary

Dictionary

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace TestDB
{
    public class class1
    {
        // attribute
        public int val { get; set; }
        public string key { get; set; }

        // method
        public void call(string _key)
        {
            // create dictionary (duplicate value 222)
            Dictionary<string, int> dic=new Dictionary<string, int>();
            dic.Add("g", 123);
            dic.Add("h", 422);
            dic.Add("c", 561);
            dic.Add("d", 257);
            dic.Add("e", 222);
            dic.Add("f", 157);
            dic.Add("a", 876);
            dic.Add("b", 222);

            // loop to see result
            foreach (KeyValuePair<string, int> pair in dic)
            {
                key = pair.Key;
                val = pair.Value;
                Console.WriteLine(key + " " + val);
            }

            dic.Keys.ToList();
            if (dic.ContainsKey(_key))
            {
                key = _key;
                val = dic[_key];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }

    // get the first or default record of value 222)
    var myKey = dic.FirstOrDefault(x => x.Value == 222).Key;
    Console.WriteLine("FirstorDefault Function -> {0}: {1}",
myKey.ToString(), dic[myKey]);

    // ** Sorting **

    // Use LINQ to specify sorting by value. (Method #2
sorting)
    var items = from pair in dic
                orderby pair.Value ascending
                select pair;

    // Display results.
    foreach (KeyValuePair<string, int> pair in items)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("{0}: {1}", pair.Key, pair.Value);
    }

    //// Use List to sort Key (Method #1 sorting)
    //var list = dic.Keys.ToList();
    //list.Sort();
    //// Loop through keys.
    //foreach (var key in list)
    //{
    //    Console.WriteLine("{0}: {1}", key, dic[key]);
    //}

    }
};

// main class
class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {

```

```
        class1 c = new class1();  
        c.call("a");  
        Console.WriteLine("Key and Value : " +c.key + " " +  
c.val);  
    }  
}  
}
```

```
g 123  
h 422  
c 561  
d 257  
e 222  
f 157  
a 876  
b 222  
FirstorDefault Function -> e: 222  
g: 123  
f: 157  
e: 222  
b: 222  
d: 257  
h: 422  
c: 561  
a: 876  
Key and Value : a 876  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Two Dictionary

2 Dimension Dictionary

```
Dictionary<int, int> inner = new Dictionary<int, int>();
inner.Add(0, 1); // add item, if the key exist, it will throw error
inner[1] = 8; // this is also add new item or replace if exist

Dictionary<int, Dictionary<int, int>> dic = new Dictionary<int, Dictionary<int, int>>();
dic.Add(0, inner);
//dic[1].Add(5, 1); // throw error, keynotfound
//dic[1][0] = 1; // throw error, keynotfound
dic.Add(1, new Dictionary<int, int>() { { 0, 5 }, { 1, 4 } });

dic[0].Add(4, 5); // since got key 0 in dic, directly can add in another row of
dictionary with key 2
dic[0][0] = 10; // reset the value of dictionary from 1 to 10

//----- safety check if containskey of 0 -----
if (dic.ContainsKey(0))
{
    if (dic[0].ContainsKey(0))
        dic[0][0] += 1; // add one number
    else
        dic[0].Add(0, 1);
}
else
{
    dic.Add(0, inner);
}

Console.WriteLine("Print dic[0]: ");
foreach (KeyValuePair<int, int> pair in dic[0])
{
    Console.Write("Key: " + pair.Key.ToString() + " | ");
    Console.WriteLine("Value: " + pair.Value.ToString());
}

Console.WriteLine("Print dic[1]: ");
foreach (KeyValuePair<int, int> pair in dic[1])
{
    Console.Write("Key: " + pair.Key.ToString() + " | ");
    Console.WriteLine("Value: " + pair.Value.ToString());
}

Console.WriteLine("Show All: ");
foreach (KeyValuePair<int, Dictionary<int, int>> pair in dic)
{
    foreach (KeyValuePair<int, int> pair_inner in pair.Value)
    {
        Console.Write("MainKey: " + pair.Key.ToString() + " | ");
        Console.Write("Key: " + pair_inner.Key.ToString() + " | ");
        Console.WriteLine("Value: " + pair_inner.Value.ToString());
    }
}
```

```
Console.ReadKey();
```

```
Print dic[0]:  
Key: 0 | Value: 11  
Key: 1 | Value: 8  
Key: 4 | Value: 5  
Print dic[1]:  
Key: 0 | Value: 5  
Key: 1 | Value: 4  
Show All:  
MainKey: 0 | Key: 0 | Value: 11  
MainKey: 0 | Key: 1 | Value: 8  
MainKey: 0 | Key: 4 | Value: 5  
MainKey: 1 | Key: 0 | Value: 5  
MainKey: 1 | Key: 1 | Value: 4
```

Dictionary vs Hashtable

Dictionary	Hashtable
Generic Type Dictionary<TKey, TValue> TKey: Type of keys in Dictionary TValue: Type of Values in Dictionary	Not Generic Type
Only public static members are thread safe	All members in Hashtable are thread safe
Return error if try to find a key which does not exist	Return null if the key is found does not exist
Faster than hashtable because no boxing and unboxing	Slower than dictionary because it requires boxing and unboxing

Dictionary

```

class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Dictionary<string, int> d = new Dictionary<string, int>()
        {
            {"csharpstar", 2}, {"easywcf", 1}
        };
        // Loop over pairs with foreach
        foreach (KeyValuePair<string, int> pair in d)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("{0}, {1}", pair.Key, pair.Value);
        }
        foreach (var pair in d)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("{0}, {1}", pair.Key, pair.Value);
        }
        Console.ReadKey();
    }
}

```

Hashtable

```
class Program
{

    static Hashtable GetHashtable()
    {
        // Create and return new Hashtable.
        Hashtable hashtable = new Hashtable();
        hashtable.Add("csharpstar", 1);
        hashtable.Add("easywcf", 2);
        return hashtable;
    }

    public static void Main()
    {
        Hashtable hashtable = GetHashtable();
        // See if the Hashtable contains this key.
        Console.WriteLine(hashtable.ContainsKey("easywcf"));
        // Test the Contains method. It works the same way.
        Console.WriteLine(hashtable.Contains("csharpstar"));
        // Get value of csharpstar with indexer.
        int value = (int)hashtable["csharpstar"];
        // Write the value of Area.
        Console.WriteLine(value);
    }
}
```