# **JURNAL EMPOWER:**



# Jurnal Pengembangan Masyarakat Islam

P-ISSN: 2580-085X, E-ISSN: 2580-0973

Volume 8 Issue 2, Desember 2023

# The Title of Article (Book Antiqua Bold 16 pt)

The title reflects the main topic of the article. The title should be simple, concise and informative in sentence case format. The title consists of a maximum of 15 words and is written using title case and bold, with a size of 12 pt. Avoid using titles with parenthesis openings (\_)

# First Author<sup>1</sup>, Second Author<sup>2</sup>, Third Author<sup>3</sup>

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#### ARTICLE INFO

#### Keywords:

keyword one; keyword two; keyword three (max. five keywords).

#### How to cite:

Last Name, A1., Last Name, A2., & Last Name, A3. (year). Title of Article. Jurnal Empower: Jurnal Pengembangan Masyarakat, Vol (No), page.

#### Article History:

Received Accepted Published

#### ABSTRACT

Abstracts are written in English and Bahasa. Font Book Antiqua (10 pt) Italic and preferably not more than 300 words. The abstract should be clear, concise, and descriptive. This abstract should provide a brief introduction to the problem, objective of paper, followed by a statement regarding the methodology and a brief summary of results.

#### 1. Introduction

The introduction should contain (sequentially) the general background and research question or hypothesis. If there is literature review, it can be included in this chapter or written title on another contain. The study objective should be written at the end of the introduction.

#### Literature Review

The literature review represents the theoretical core of an article. The purpose of a literature review is to "look again" (re + view) at what other researchers have done regarding a specific topic (Leedy & Ormrod, 2010, p. 70). A literature review is a means to an end, namely to provide background to and serve as motivation for the objectives and hypotheses that guide one's own research. A good literature review should not merely provide a summary of previous relevant research; the researcher is also expected to critically evaluate, re-organize and synthesize the work of others (Leedy & Ormrod, 2010, p. 84).

#### 2. Method

The research methods should elaborate on the method utilized in addressing the issues including the method of analysis. It should contain enough details allowing the reader to evaluate the appropriateness of methods as well as the reliability and validity of findings.

#### 3. Results and Discussion

The results and discussion contain the results of the research findings and discussion. Write down the findings obtained from the results of the research that has been done and must be supported by adequate data. The results of research and findings must be able to answer the research question or hypothesis in the introduction.

#### 4. Conclusion

The concluding statement should contain summary and suggestion. The summary should exemplify the answers provided to the hypothesis and/or research objectives or acquired findings. The summary should not contain repetition of research results and discussions, and it should instead contain a summation of research results and findings as expected in the research objective or hypothesis. The suggestions should present matters that will subsequently be conducted in relation to the research's ensuing concepts.

# Acknowledgments

Acknowledgements, avoiding identifying any of the authors prior to peer review.

## References

References at the end of the manuscript should be written in APA (American Psychological Association) Citation Style. Cite only items that you have read and on footnotes. Please use Reference Manager Applications like EndNote, Mendeley, Zotero, etc. 80% of references consist of scientific journals that have been published in the last 10 (ten) years, the remaining 20% can be in the form

of research articles or research reports (thesis, books and other relevant publications). All publications cited in the text should be included as a list of Bibliography, arranged alphabetically by author.

Books with an author:

Moris, T. (2006). Social Work Research Methods Four Alternative Paradigms. California: California University Press.

#### Books with an editor:

Leedy, P. D., & Ormrod, J. E. (2010). Practical Research: Planning and Design (9th ed.). New York: Pearson.

## Journal articles:

Shinn, M. (2007). International homelessness: Policy, socio-cultural, and individual perspectives. Journal of Social Issues, 63(3), 657-677. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1540-4560.2007.00529.x

#### World Wide Web:

Harris, M. (2011, August 16). Grades improve if classes start later, studies find. The Calgary Herald. Retrieved from http://www.calgaryherald.com/

# **Footnotes**

Footnotes and Bibliography should be written in *APA (American Psychological Association) Citation Style*. Please use Reference Manager Applications like EndNote, Mendeley, Zotero, etc. (we suggest Mendeley).

## Tables, Figures and Graphs

Place the title/label of the table above the table (center) and the number in table order, while the title/label of the figure and graphics at the bottom of the figure/graph. Examples of writing tables, figures and graphs are as follows:

Table 1. Table Naming Example

	O	
Tanggapan Tanggapan	F	Tingk <mark>at Penc</mark> apaian
Responden		(%)
Sangat puas	6	15
Puas	23	57,5
Kurang puas	11	27,5
Tidak puas	0	0
Amount	40	100,0



Figure 1. Image Naming Example

#### **Indicator of Understanding Concepts** 100% 86% 85% 90% 80% 66% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% Indicator of Understanding Concepts 20% 10% 0% identify the characteristics of a identify concepts verbally and in writing change one form of representation to another concept by recognizing the conditions that determine a concept

Graph 1. Example of Graph Naming

