Appendix C Literacy Instruction Certification Teaching Performance Expectations (TPEs) Preliminary Multiple Subject

Table 4.1: Strong Literature, Language, and Comprehensive Component with a Balance of Oral and Written Language.

In the table template below, the TPE is presented either by sentence or by concept. Programs need not follow this precise format, in other words, they may combine and present the information for these concepts in any way they wish, but reviewers must be able to verify <u>all</u> aspects of the TPE language contained in the left-hand column.

*For each cell below, indicate course number and title with direct link to actual places in the syllabi where these concepts/competencies can be seen explicitly (See Appendix B).

Note to reader: Additions and revisions made in response to Phase III feedback are written and linked below **in purple**.

		
Introduce and Primary	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
Coverage of Concepts		

7.6/U7.6 Meaning Making.

a. Engage students in meaning making by building on prior knowledge and using complex literary and informational texts (print, digital, and oral), questioning, and discussion to develop students' literal and inferential comprehension, including the higher-order cognitive skills of reasoning, perspective taking, and critical reading, writing, listening, and speaking across the disciplines.

Meaning making is introduced in ED 230 through candidates' work with reading comprehension lessons. The selected reading comprehension lessons are complex literary and informational texts. Candidates analyze how the lessons scaffold students' engagement with these complex texts to support literal and inferential comprehension, including critical literacy. They also analyze the language demands of these texts and how the lesson integrates ELD and ELA instruction, as well as how the lessons can be enhanced to integrate **History Social Science** instruction.

In ED 231 residents discuss the importance of using complex text and engage in a demonstration of a close reading lesson that addresses both literal and inferential comprehension and supports students critical reading, listening, and speaking development. See evidence in slides 22-55 of this deck from ED 231.

ED 231M ED 231M ED 221 ED 224 ED 225 ED 232 Candidates' teaching of meaning making is assessed in ED 231 in candidates **Reading Comprehension Lesson Cvcle**, in which they plan and enact a reading comprehension lesson using complex text, questioning, and discussion to develop students' literal and inferential comprehension, critical reading, listening, and speaking.

Additionally, candidates' teaching of meaning making across disciplines is assessed in the ED 233 Science Methods course in Science Lesson Cycle Assignment, in the ED 230 Lesson Analysis (of a social studies lesson) and also in the ED 205 Task Analysis.

ED 231M ED 224 ED 225 ED 232

Introduce and Primary	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
Coverage of Concepts		
Candidates also read		
articles focused on		
content-literacy		
integration (see ED 230		
syllabus reading from		
Vlach & Muhammad or		
texts from Cervetti in		
required ED 230 prework)		
and reading		
comprehension		
instruction which		
highlights both literal and		
inferential comprehension		
(see ED 231 syllabus		
readings from Shanahan		
and Reading Rockets). In		
the Effective Expression		
Module of ED 231,		
candidates read about		
how they can use		
disciplinary texts to		
support students' oral and		
written expression (see		
module 3 of ED 231		
WestEd genre readings).		
ED 230		
ED 231M		
ED 231M		

	Introduce and Primary	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
	Coverage of Concepts		
b. Engage students in reading, listening, speaking, writing, and viewing closely to draw evidence from texts, ask and answer questions, and support analysis, reflection, and research.	Engaging students in reading, writing, listening, and speaking and drawing evidence from texts, ask and answer questions, and support analysis is introduced in ED 230 as candidates analyze and enhance reading comprehension lessons that engage students in reading, listening, speaking, writing, and viewing closely to draw evidence from texts, ask and answer questions, and support analysis, reflection and research. See slides 34-70 of ED 230 presentation deck day 4 or slides 40-85 of ED 230 presentation deck day 3 and texts in the ED 230 lesson analysis.	In ED 231 during session 4, candidates engage in and analyze a close reading lesson that engages students in reading, listening, speaking, writing, and viewing closely to draw evidence from text, ask and answer questions, and support analysis, reflection, and research. See this ED 231 slide deck starting on slide 31. They also view and analyze a close reading lesson in the primary grades (see slides 58-60 in the slide deck linked above). ED 231M ED 231M ED 221 ED 224 ED 225	7.6B is assessed in ED 231 in the Reading Comprehension Lesson Cycle, specifically in prompt J. Candidates plan and enact a lesson that engages students in reading, listening, speaking, writing and viewing closely to draw evidence from texts, ask and answer questions, and support analysis, reflection, and research. ED 231M ED 224 ED 225

	Introduce and Primary Coverage of Concepts	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
7.7/117.7 0.000.000	•	Candidates practice this	Residents are assessed in
7.7/U7.7 Language	ED 230	•	
Development.			_
a. Promote students' oral and written language development by attending to vocabulary knowledge and use, grammatical structures (e.g., syntax), and discourse-level understandings as students read, listen, speak, and write with comprehension and effective expression.	ED 231M ED 231M ED 231M ED 205	element in the ED 230 Lesson Analysis assignment. They analyze the receptive language demands of the text students work with in a reading comprehension lesson and analyze and enhance the integration of ELD and ELA standards in the lesson. In ED 231, candidates learn about, engage in, and practice with strategies for attending to and developing vocabulary knowledge through reading comprehension lessons. See slides 31-113 in this ED 231 M ED 235 ED 205 ED 224 ED 225	this TPE in ED 231 through the Reading Comprehension Lesson Cycle. Candidates analyze the language demands of the text students will be reading, identify the target ELD standard, and include supports and strategies to promote student language development during the comprehension lesson. The lesson incorporates activities in which students read, listen, speak, and write. This is also assessed in ED 205 in the Integrated ELD Task Analysis and Designated ELD Lesson Plan, both of which focus on developing students' oral and written expression ED 231M ED 231M ED 205 ED 224 ED 225

	Introduce and Primary Coverage of Concepts	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
b. Create environments	ED 230	ED 231M	ED 231M
that foster students'	ED 231M	ED 231M	ED 231M
oral and written	ED 231M	ED 231M	ED 205
language	ED 205	ED 205	ED 224
development,		ED 224	ED 225
including		ED 225	
discipline-specific			
academic language.			

c. Enhance language development by engaging students in the creation of diverse print, oral, digital, and multimedia texts.

Residents are introduced to this TPE among the readings for sessions 5 and 6 of ED 231, the WestED Genre Cheat Sheets (see link to syllabus) and additionally in the reading and webinar on the Teaching and Learning Cycle (see link to syllabus). Both of these readings help residents unpack the language demands of different genres and introduce ways to support students' language development through instruction in oral and written expression. Additionally, in Resident Seminar (see link to ED 222 syllabus) residents engage with the ISTE standards which include readings and videos around 1.6 - creative communicator, in which students enhance language through expression with, for example, "Students choose the appropriate platforms and digital tools for meeting the desired objectives of their creation or communication" (see link to ISTE resource

In Session 5 of ED 231 (see slides 13-33 in this deck), residents analyze an example lesson that supports language development by engaging students in the creation of print, oral, and artistic texts. They also analyze student writing samples to assess language development, identifying relevant evaluation criteria and next steps for instruction.

Additionally, In ED 231, during session 6. candidates engage in and analyze videos of strategies that enhance language development in the creation of print and oral texts. They also practice analyzing students' writing to identify strengths, needs, next steps, and relevant strategies to support their expressive development. See slides 68-92 in this ED 231 session deck.

> ED 222 ED 231M ED 231M ED 224

In the ED 231 Effective **Expression assignment** residents are assessed in their ability to engage students in the creation of texts or oral expression. This is tied explicitly to language in the planning portion of the assignment, which is completed in the ED 205 **Designated ELD Lesson** Plan. Furthermore the **ED 231 Effective Expression Case Study** assesses resident ability to guide their students in creating texts.

Additionally, as part of the technology toolkit assignment in ED 222, residents are assessed on their ability to select and analyze a technology tool and how it enhances language development and expression among students. (see <u>link to technology toolkit assignment</u>).

ED 222

Introduce and Primary	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
Coverage of Concepts		
reviewed by residents).	ED 225	ED 231M
		ED 224
ED 230		ED 225
ED 222		
ED 231M		

d. Conduct instruction	ED 205	Among the	Resident instruction
that leverages	ED 230	opportunities to	that utilizes students'
students' existing		practice inclusive	linguistic repertoires is
linguistic repertoires,		linguistic pedagogies is	primarily evaluated
including home		Step 2 in the ED 205	through the ED 205
languages and		Task Analysis in which	Focus Strategies
dialects, and that		residents are asked to	Assignment . In this
accepts and		surface and build on	assignment, residents
encourages		students' home	analyze and teach four
translanguaging.		languages and dialects	different strategies at
		in designing an	least four times across
		instructional task.	the length of the fall
		Additionally residents	course
		are required to respond	(August-December),
		to the prompt: "How	explaining how it
		does your task design	supports and builds
		honor students' home	upon students' linguistic
		languages and cultural	resources. At each
		identities?"	teaching event residents
			draw evidence from
		As part of all lesson	their teaching to
		cycles in the ED 231	demonstrate how they
		course, residents are	leverage students'
		required to describe	existing linguistic
		student assets, including	repertoires.
		linguistic assets. See for	
		example <u>ED 231</u>	ED 231M
		Reading	<u>231E</u>
		Comprehension Lesson	ED 224
		<u>Cycle</u> .	ED 225
		ED 231M	
		ED 210	
		ED 205	

	Introduce and Primary Coverage of Concepts	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
		<u>ED 224</u>	
		ED 225	
		ED 232	
		ED 232	
7.8/U7.8 Effective	ED 231M	ED 231M	ED 231M
Expression.	ED 205	ED 205	ED 205
	ED 205	ED 224	ED 224
a. Develop students'		ED 225	ED 225
effective expression		ED 232	ED 232
as they write,			
discuss, present, and			
use language			
conventions. Engage			
students in a range			
of frequent formal			
and informal			
collaborative			
discussions, including			
extended			
conversations, and			
writing for varied			
purposes, audiences,			
and contexts.			

b. Teach students to plan, develop, provide feedback to peers, revise using peer and teacher feedback, edit, and produce their own writing and oral presentations in various genres, drawing on the modes of opinion/argumentation, information, and narration.

To introduce residents to how to guide students through the writing process—including planning, drafting, providing and incorporating feedback, revising, and producing final written presentations—the ED 231 course introduces students to a structured writing comprehension module from Reading Rockets (see linked in syllabus at this link). This Reading Rockets module emphasizes peer editing and revision based on teacher feedback, ensuring that students engage with the essential stages of writing across various genres.

Slides 92-108 in this ED 231 session deck (notice particularly slides 95 and 101) demonstrate how residents practice the writing process, seeing and analyzing videos of writing instruction, and considering how the teaching and learning cycle for constructing writing, including revision and revising with feedback, supports students' in learning how to plan, provide feedback, revise, edit and produce their own writing and oral presentations...

> ED 231M ED 224 ED 225

The ED 231 Reading
Guide 5 is a required
assignment that
residents must
complete and pass. It
includes a post test
score from the Reading
Rockets module
involving feedback in
writing. It also includes
the required questions:

"In what ways do peer editing and revising from feedback play a crucial role in enhancing student writing development across all genres?

Why is it important to plan carefully to design opportunities for peer feedback in the writing process?"

Introduce and Primary Coverage of Concepts	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
The importance of		In the ED 231 Effective
revision peer and		Expression Case Study,
teacher feedback is		residents are also
reinforced in Module 3		assessed in their
of the ED 231 syllabus,		teaching of expression.
where students read or		Residents analyze a case
watch a webinar about		study student's opinion
the <i>Teaching and</i>		writing and plan a
Learning Cycle (see <u>link</u>		lesson to address one of
to syllabus).		the student's needs. As
		part of the lesson, they
ED 231M		need to include peer
ED 205		feedback and revision
		tied to the lesson's
		evaluation criteria.
		ED 231M
		ED 224
		ED 225

c. Develop students'	ED 222	In the spring seminar	As part of the
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ED 222	In the spring seminar	technology toolkit
use of keyboarding,	ED 231M	course, residents	<u> </u>
technology, and		analyze and discuss the	assignment in ED 222,
multimedia, as		<u>ISTE standards</u> ,	residents are assessed
appropriate, and		including 1.6 Creative	on their ability to select
fluency in spelling,		Communicator which	and analyze a
handwriting, and		includes resources and a	technology tool and
other language		video around use of	how it improves,
conventions to		technology to support	informs, or enhances
support writing and		writing and	student creation of
presentations.		presentations.	written work and
		Furthermore, they	multimedia
		consider and discuss	presentations (see link
		wise and responsible	to technology toolkit
		uses of technology in	assignment).
		their classrooms (see for	,
		example slides 29-42 in	The ED 231 Language
		Seminar 4 deck).	Conventions Case Study
		,	assesses resident ability
		Slides 97, 99, 101 in this	to develop student
		ED 231 session deck	spelling, handwriting,
		involve discussion of	and language
		technology and	conventions.
		multimedia for	
		enhancing writing.	
		ED 222	
		ED 231M	
		ED 224	
		ED 225	
		<u>ED 223</u>	

	Additionally, this
	element comprises part
	of the keystone clinical
	assessment for Alder,
	the Alder Resident
	Evaluation (see <u>link</u>) in
	which the resident,
	mentor, and university
	supervisor observe
	practice in the clinical
	setting and assess
	resident progress.
	In the ED 205 Task
	Analysis, residents
	analyze language
	conventions and
	language demands
	(vocabulary, syntax,
	discourse) students
	would be expected to
	produce in meeting
	grade-level content
	standards in order to
	support students'
	writing and
	presentations (see steps
	four and five in the
	linked assignment).
	<i>-</i>
	ED 222
	ED 231M
	ED 224
	ED 225

	Introduce and Primary Coverage of Concepts	Opportunities to Practice	How Assessed
d. Teach young children	ED 230	Among the ways Alder	Alder residents are
letter	ED 231M	residents practice letter	assessed in this TPE
formation/printing	ED 231M	formation and related	through an ED 231 case
and related language		conventions and	study around Print
conventions, such as		concepts are in ED 231	Concepts (see Print
capitalization and		Reading Guide 1 and	Concepts Case Study),
punctuation, in		also in class sessions	which includes practice
conjunction with		(see for example slides	with letter formation,
applicable decoding		34-37 in this ED 231	capitalization, and
skills.		deck).	related skills.
			Additionally the ED 231
		ED 231M	Language Conventions
		ED 231M	Case Study assesses
		ED 224	resident capacity to
			design learning
			experiences in this area.
			ED 231M
			ED 231M
			ED 224