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## ABSTRACT (10 PT)

A well-prepared abstract allows readers to identify the basic content of the document quickly and accurately, to determine its relevance to their interests, and thus decide whether to read the document in its entirety. Abstracts should be informative and fully self-explanatory, providing a clear statement of the problem, approach or proposed solution, and indicating key findings and conclusions. The abstract should be 100 to 200 words long. The abstract should be written in the past tense. Standard nomenclature should be used and abbreviations should be avoided. No literature should be cited. The keyword list provides an opportunity to add keywords, used by indexing and abstraction services, in addition to those already present in the title. Judicious use of keywords can increase the ease with which interested parties can find our articles (10 pt).

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# 1. INTRODUCTION

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The introduction should provide a clear background, a clear statement of the problem, relevant literature on the subject, the proposed approach or solution, and the novel value of the research that is an innovation. It should be understandable to colleagues from different disciplines. Bibliography organization and citations are made in IEEE style in marks using Mendeley Reference Manager [1,2] and so on. Foreign language terms are *italicized*. The text should be divided into sections, each with a separate heading and numbered consecutively. Section/subsection titles should be typed on a separate line, for example, [3]. Introduction, Authors are advised to present their article in a section structure: 1. Introduction - 2. comprehensive literature review and/or Proposed Method/Algorithm - 3. Research Methods - 4. Results and Discussion - 5. Conclusion.

The literature review that has been conducted by the author is used in the "Introduction" chapter to explain the differences between the manuscript and other papers, which are innovative, used in the "Research Methods" chapter to describe the research steps and used in the "Results and Discussion" chapter to support the analysis of the results [2]. If the manuscript is highly original, proposing a new method or algorithm, an additional chapter can be added after the "Introduction" chapter and before the "Research Methods" chapter to briefly explain the theory and/or proposed method/algorithm [4].

## 2. RESEARCH METHODS

Describe the chronology of the research, including the research design, research procedures (in the form of algorithms or otherwise), testing methods and data acquisition [1-3]. The description of the course of research must be supported by references, so that the explanation is scientifically acceptable [2, 4].

Tables and Figures are centered, as shown in Table 1 and Figure 1, and cited in the manuscript before they appear.

<b>Table 1</b>		
Variable	S	p
X	X	X
у	X	X
Z	X	X

Explaining the image.....

# 3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION (12 Pt)

In this section, the results of the research are explained and a comprehensive discussion is given. Results can be presented in the form of figures, graphs, tables and others that make readers easy to understand [2, 5]. The discussion can be done in several sub-chapters.

## 3.1. Research Results

The research results show that [main research findings]. Based on the data analysis, it was found that [describe significant results], which indicates the existence of [explanation of findings]. In addition, these results revealed [additional findings] relevant to [research context]. The research also highlights [practical or theoretical implications], which make a significant contribution to [field of study or application]. As such, the results of this study provide new insights and can form the basis for further research in the future.

## 3.2.Discussion

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he discussion of this research focuses on the interpretation of the findings and how they relate to theory, literature, or previous research. The research results are critically analyzed to understand the patterns, relationships, or differences found. In the discussion, it explains how the findings support or challenge existing theories as well as factors that may have influenced the results. In addition, the discussion includes the practical and theoretical implications of the research, including how these results can be applied or further developed. Limitations of the study are also identified to provide greater context, followed by suggestions for future research to deepen or extend the findings.

## 4. CONCLUSIONS

Provide a statement that what is expected, as stated in the "Introduction" chapter, can ultimately result in the "Results and Discussion" chapter, so that there is a match. In addition, prospects for the development of research results and prospects for the application of further research (based on the results and discussion) can also be added.

## 5. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Dengan penuh rasa syukur, saya mengucapkan terima kasih yang sebesar-besarnya kepada semua pihak yang telah memberikan dukungan, bantuan, dan doa dalam proses penyusunan karya ini. Terima kasih kepada keluarga yang selalu memberikan semangat, para dosen dan pembimbing yang telah membagikan ilmu serta bimbingannya, rekan-rekan yang senantiasa memberi motivasi, serta semua pihak yang tidak dapat saya sebutkan satu per satu. Semoga segala kebaikan yang telah diberikan mendapat balasan yang berlipat ganda dari Tuhan Yang Maha Esa.

# 6. LITERATURE

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- X. S. Li, et al., "Analysis and Simplification of Three-Dimensional Space Vector PWM for Three-Phase Four Legged Inverters," IEEE Transactions on Industrial Electronics, vol. 58, pp. 450-464, February 2011.
- R. Arulmozhiyal and K. Baskaran, "Implementation of Fuzzy PI Controller for Induction Motor Speed Control Using FPGA," Journal of Power Electronics, vol. 10, pp. 65-71, 2010.
- D. Zhang, et al., "Common Mode Circulating Current Control of Interleaved Three-Phase Two-Level Voltage Source Converter with Discontinuous Space-Vector Modulation," 2009 IEEE Energy Conversion Congress and Exposition, Volumes 1-6, pp. 3906-3912, 2009.
- Z. Yinhai, et al., "Novel SVPWM Modulation Scheme," in Applied Power Electronics Conference and Exhibition, 2009. APEC 2009. Twenty-Fourth Annual IEEE, 2009, pp. 128-131.