

Develop Your Vocabulary

1 Match the words in the box with their definitions below.

- boarding school, graduate, head teacher, nursery school, primary school, private school, secondary school, state school
- 1 ... is a school paid by the government which gives free education.
 - 2 ... is a non-government school where you have to pay.
 - 3 ... is a school for very young children at the age of 1-4.
 - 4 ... is a school for young children from 4 to 11 years old.
 - 5 ... is a school for older children from 11 to 18.
 - 6 ... is a school where pupils live, eat and sleep.

to learn

1 We learn something so that we get some practical skills and know how to do it.

Example: I'm learning to be a hairdresser.

How long have you been learning English?

Where did you learn to drive?

2 We learn facts, words, numbers or lines (often by heart).

Example: Mary has learned the poem well.

3 We can learn something in the meaning 'find out'.

Example: We learned the details later. We learned about it from newspapers.

to study

1 We study something so that we get the theory of the subject (especially by reading books about it and attending classes at school or college).

Example: Robert studies to be a doctor.

At 17 he moved to Kyiv to study law.

In Britain less than 10% of girls choose to study science at school.

NOTE

But:

(school) to go to school, to be at school

(university) to be at university, to be a student

а government [9gyv3nm3nt] — уряд

69

CONDITIONALS (мовні речення)

Conditionals are two parts sentences which are connected with the word 'if'. With all conditionals, when we start the sentence with 'if', we must use a comma. When 'if' is in the middle of the sentence, we don't use a comma.

Example: *If you smoke too much, you will die.*

You will be fat if you eat fish and chips everyday

1st Conditionals (мовні речення 1го типу)

We use the 1st Conditional to express the **strong possibility** that something will happen in the future. We can also use it to make predictions about things we are sure about.

1st Conditional = **if + Present Simple + Future Simple**

(or **оа Initive**)

Note: We use a **comma** after the 'if-clause'.

Example: *If you leave now, you will catch the bus.*

1st Conditional = **Future Simple (or оа Initive) + if + Present Simple**

Note: We don't use **comma** in the sentence.

Example: *You will catch the bus if you leave now.*

GRAMMAR

LINKS

7 ... is a 'boss' of a school.

8 ... is a person who has finished university and has a degree (e.g. in economics).

2 Choose 'learn' or 'study' and put it in a correct tense form to complete the sentences.

1 You must ... this poem. 2 We must ... the map before we start our journey. 3 She ... to be a doctor by watching the work of her more experienced colleagues. 4 Mary ... to swim. 5 We soon ... to do as we were told in Mr Hughes' class! 6 Mike ... medicine at college because he wants to be a doctor. 7 I'm trying to ... Spanish. 8 I ... to ride a bike when I was five.

Build

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1 Match to make up the 1st conditional sentences.

Example: *If you drop that plate, it will break into a million pieces.*

you drop that plate ✦

he doesn't know

the answer ✦

you are hungry ✦
you call them now ✦
Carla doesn't study ✦
I give you my number ✦
you don't want to read it ✦
you hurry ✦
she arrives late ✦

✦ I'll throw the magazine away

✦ she probably will fail the exam

✦ you can tell them you'll be late

✦ you can still get the early train

✦ he can find the answer for you

✦ it will break into a million pieces

✦ you can get something to eat

✦ she will miss the opening

ceremony

✦ you can call me tomorrow

2 Complete each sentence in your own way.

1 If I don't get into university...

2 I'll have a big party if...

3 If I pass my exams well...

4 We won't get a plane if...

5 If I get my first salary...

6 You'll fail the exam if...

7 He'll be late for work if...

3 Complete the sentence (b) in each pair so that it has a similar meaning to the sentence (a).

1 a) There aren't many TV programmes about science, so people don't know much about it.

b) If there ... more TV programmes about science, people ... more about it.

2 a) ☐ther intelligent beings might inhabit the Universe. If so, they would be very different from us.

b) If other intelligent beings ... the Universe, they ... very different from us.

3 a) It's likely there is life on other planets. If so, we are not alone.

b) If there ... life on other planets, we ... not alone.