

# Article title

First Author<sup>1</sup>, Second Author<sup>1</sup>, Third Author<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>First Affiliation

<sup>2</sup>Department of, University, City, Country

<b>Article history</b> Received: xx Month 20xx Revised: xx Month 20xx Accepted: xx Month 20xx  <b>Keywords</b> First keyword Second keyword Third keyword	<b>Abstract</b> The abstract should be written in both English in one paragraph consists of maximum 250 words. The abstract should explain the purpose, method, and the result of the research concisely. An abstract should stand alone, means that no citation in the abstract. The abstract should be written in both English in one paragraph consists of maximum 250 words. The abstract should explain the purpose, method, and the result of the research concisely. An abstract should stand alone, means that no citation in the abstract. The abstract should be written in both English in one paragraph consists of maximum 250 words. The abstract should explain the purpose, method, and the result of the research concisely. An abstract should stand alone, means that no citation in the abstract. The abstract should be written in both English in one paragraph consists of maximum 250 words. The abstract should explain the purpose, method, and the result of the research concisely. An abstract should stand alone, means that no citation in the abstract.
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## 1. Introduction

Introduction is a part consists of a background of the study, literature review as a basis of the research issue, hypotheses, and the purpose of the study. This part shall be presented in the form of the paragraph.

## 2. Method

Method is a part consists of the design of the research, subject, instrument, data collection procedure, and data analysis.

### 2.1. Method 2

Method is a part consists of the design of the research, subject, instrument, data collection procedure, and data analysis.

#### 2.1.1. Method 3

Method is a part consists of the design of the research, subject, instrument, data collection procedure, and data analysis.

#### 2.1.1.1. Method 4

Method is a part consists of the design of the research, subject, instrument, data collection procedure, and data analysis.

## 3. Result and Discussion

Result exposes the findings obtained from research data which is related to the hypotheses. The results should summarize (scientific) findings rather than providing data in great detail.

Discussion explains the findings obtained from research data along with theory and similar research comparison. Make the discussion corresponding to the results, but do not reiterate the results. The following components should be covered in discussion: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section

(what/how)? Do you provide interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

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## **4. Conclusion**

Conclusion part answers the aforementioned hypotheses, research purpose, findings, and discussion as well as the expected suggestions for the future research. Conclusion shall be written in a paragraph. Do not repeat the Abstract, or just list experimental results.

## **Author Contributions**

For transparency, we encourage authors to submit an author statement file outlining their individual contributions to the paper using the relevant CRediT roles:

Conceptualization; Data curation; Formal analysis; Funding acquisition; Investigation; Methodology; Project administration; Resources; Software; Supervision; Validation; Visualization; Roles/Writing - original draft; Writing - review & editing. Authorship statements should be formatted with the names of authors first and CRediT role(s) following. **Sample: Puwanto Rudi:** Conceptualization, Methodology, Software. **Priya Hdi Negara:** Data curation, Writing- Original draft preparation. **Sultan Afif:** Visualization, Investigation. **Jhon Jamil:** Supervision. **Dewi Ayu:** Software, Validation. **Diah Pitaloka:** Writing- Reviewing and Editing.

All authors have equal contributionsto the paper. All the authors have read and approved the final manuscript.

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### **Declaration of Conflicting Interests**

All authors must disclose any financial and personal relationships with other people or organizations that could inappropriately influence (bias) their work. Examples of potential competing interests include employment, consultancies, stock ownership, honoraria, paid expert testimony, patent applications/registrations, and grants or other funding. Authors must disclose any interests in two places: 1. A summary declaration of interest statement in the title page file (if double anonymized) or the manuscript file (if single anonymized). If there are no interests to declare then please state this: 'Declarations of interest: none'. 2. Detailed disclosures as part of a separate Declaration of Interest form, which forms part of the journal's official records. It is important for potential interests to be declared in both places and that the information matches.

The author declared no potential conflicts of interest with respect to the research, authorship, and/or publication of this article.

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Recognize those who helped in the research, especially funding supporter of your research. Include individuals who have assisted you in your study: Advisors, Financial supporters, or may another supporter, i.e. Proofreaders, Typists, and Suppliers, who may have given materials. Do not acknowledge one of the authors names.

### **References**

All the references that used in the article must be listed in this part. In this part, all the used references must be taken from **primary sources** (scientific journals at least **85%** from all the references) that published in the **last five years**. Cite the main scientific publications on which your work is based. Citations of textbooks should be used very rarely and citations to web pages should be avoided. Avoid excessive self-citations. Each article should has at least **25 references**.