

# Conversation – Describing Yourself and Others

When getting to know someone, it's useful to be able to describing yourself and the people you meet. The question to answer is this:

- ¿Cómo eres tú? - \_\_\_\_\_
  - Yo soy inteligente y alto. - \_\_\_\_\_

When asked another person, the question to answer is this:

- ¿Cómo es Ricardo? - \_\_\_\_\_
  - Ricardo es bajo y simpático. - \_\_\_\_\_

When asked about others collectively, the question is this:

- ¿Cómo son Victoria y Laura? - \_\_\_\_\_
  - Victoria y Laura son flacas y rápidas. - \_\_\_\_\_

Remember that each noun in Spanish, let alone people, is assigned a gender and a number. When describing people, the adjectives must match their gender (masculine or feminine) and their number (either singular or plural).

- Miguel es **alto**.
- Laura es **alta**.
- Miguel y Laura son **altos**.
- Laura y Veronica son **alta**.

If the subject is plural, but comprised of mixed genders, the adjective would be written in its masculine form.

Some adjectives don't have a feminine form.

- Miguel es fuerte.
- Laura es **fuerte**.
- Miguel es inteligente.
- Laura es **inteligente**.

These adjectives still have a plural form.

- Los chicos son **inteligentes**
- Las chicas son **fuertes**.