

YEAR 11 GEOGRAPHY MODULE 1

Homework 2

What were the IMMEDIATE RESPONSES?

1. The president televised a warning.
2. The authorities evacuated 800,000 people. Many sought refuge in an indoor stadium in Tacloban. BUT although this has had a reinforced roof to withstand typhoon winds they died when it was flooded.
3. The government ensured essential equipment and medical supplies were sent out BUT in one region these supplies were washed away.
4. Emergency aid supplies arrived three day later by plane BUT only once the airport was reopened.
5. It was a week before power was restored in some regions and partially in others.
6. Within two weeks, over one million food packs and 250,000 litters of water were distributed.
7. A curfew was imposed two days after Typhoon Haiyan to reduce looting.
8. Thirty-three countries and international organisations pledged help, with rescue operations and an estimated US \$ 88.871 million. Celebrities such as the Beck hams, The X Factor and larger multinational companies and organisations, such as Coca-Cola, Wal-Mart, Apple and FIFA donated and used their status and influences to raise awareness and public donations.
9. More than US \$1.5 billion was pledged in foreign aid.

What were the LONG-TERM RESPONSES?

1. In July 2014, the Philippine government declared it was working towards the country's long-term recovery.
2. 'Build Back Better' is the intention that buildings would not just be rebuilt, but upgraded and therefore protected in the event of future disasters.
3. A 'no build zone' along the coast in Eastern Visayas so part of the coast is allowed to flood naturally
4. A new storm surge warning system to ensure evacuation in time and public awareness
5. Mangroves replanted so their roots stabilise the coastal area and they act as a barrier for the surge
6. Plans to build the Tacloban-Palo-Tanuan Road Dike- a ridge of higher land that also acts as a dam to the surge but keeps traffic above it.

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