

PARTS IN PLANTS.

- Generally have green leaves.
- Are fixed and do not move.
- Absorb CARBON DIOXIDE and release OXYGEN.
- Use sunlight to create nutrients. CARBON DIOXIDE and WATER are transformed in PHOTOSYNTHESIS.

MAIN PARTS.

ROOTS	STEMS	LEAVES
- Are underground. Fix the plant. -Absorb water and minerals	-Are long. -Nutrients CIRCULATE inside -Grow above ground. -Secondary stems → branches	-Carry out PHOTOSYNTHESIS → Make nutrients with SUNLIGHT and CARBON DIOXIDE

GROW.

- VEGETATION is the different plants in one place.

PLANTS NEED	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sunlight• Water• Air• Most need soil• Some grow on water or other plants
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TYPES

TREES	BUSHES	GRASSES
-Are large. -STEM → TRUNK . It's thick and hard	-Are medium size. -STEM → several. -Are hard and thin	Are small. STEM → Thin, flexible and green

REPRODUCTION

WITH SEEDS	WITHOUT SEEDS
• POLLEN enters the pistil	• FERN and MOSSES (helechos y musgo)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pollen reaches the OVULES • POLLEN + OVULE become a SEED • Pistil grows into a FRUIT with a seed. • The fruits FALLS into the ground • The seed grows a NEW PLANT. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use SPORES. • WIND carries spores to a new area. • Spores produce ROOTS and a NEW PLANT
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CULTIVATION IN PLANTS

AGRICULTURE	FORESTY
Plants for FOOD : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In FIELDS. • In ORCHADS 	Trees for WOOD

WILD PLANTS

USE OF PLANTS