## Content Area: AP Literature and Composition

Grade: 1

Unit	Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions	Objectives	Skills
Unit 1	Students will understand that:  1. Characters in literature allow readers to study and explore a range of values, beliefs, assumptions, biases, and cultural norms represented by those characters.  2. Setting and the details associated with it not only depict a time and a place, but also convey values associated with that setting.  3. The arrangement of the parts and sections of a text, the relationship of the parts to each other, and the sequence in which the text reveals information are all	<ul> <li>What are the functions of character, setting, plot, structure, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would textual evidence support the functions of character, setting, plot, structure, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would supporting textual evidence develop from verbal to written expression?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To demonstrate the ability to analyze the effects of literary elements especially the relationship among characters, the sources of conflict, and irony, the interactions between character and his/her environment.</li> <li>To demonstrate depth and insight into critical reading, in recognizing the assumptions and implications in a text and in evaluating an author's ideas.</li> <li>To demonstrate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and describe what specific textual details reveal about a character, the character's perspective, and that character's motives.</li> <li>Identify and describe specific textual details that convey or reveal a setting.</li> <li>Identify and describe how plot orders events in a narrative.</li> <li>Explain the function of a particular sequence of events in a plot.</li> <li>Identify and describe the narrator or speaker in a text.</li> <li>Identify and explain the function of point</li> </ul>

	structural choices made by a writer that contribute to the reader"s interpretation of the text.  4. A narrator's or speaker's perspective controls the details and emphases that affect the reader's experience and interpret a text.  5. Readers establish and communicate their interpretation of literature through arguments supported by textual evidence.		the ability to reflect upon the meaning of a short work of fiction and to write effectively about its relationship to personal experience.  To be able to evaluate significance of purpose and effectiveness of product in a piece of short fiction.  To write appropriately for different purposes, maintain consistent tone, and managing effectively the conventions of standard written English.	of view in a narrative.  Develop a paragraph that includes 1.) a claim that requires defense with evidence from the text and 2.) the evidence itself.
Unit 2: Longer Fiction or Drama 1	<ul> <li>Characters in literature allow readers to study</li> </ul>	What are the functions of character,	To be able to trace the development of tragic drama from	

- and explore a range of values, beliefs, assumptions, bises, and cultural norms represented by those characters.
- The setting and the details associated with it not only depict a time and placen, but also convey values associated with that setting.
- The arrangement of the parts and sections of a text, the relationship of the parts to each other, and the sequence in which the text reveals information ar3 all structural choices made by a writer that contribute to the reader's interpretation of the text.
- Readers establish and communicate their interpretations of literature through arguments

- structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker?
- 2. How would textual evidence support the functions of character. structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker? 3. How would supporting textual evidence develop from verbal to written expression?
- its inception to today.
- To be able to explain the change in nature of the tragic hero over the centuries.
- To demonstrate the ability to recognize the uses of dramatic elements and their effect on a dramatic work.
- To be able to discuss the important themes of a play and how each is developed.
- To identify and analyze the elements of modern drama and its various subgenres.
- To respond actively and imaginatively to a dramatic work.
- To be able to form an analysis/literary paper comparing and contrasting the fate of protagonists.
- To read novels representative of different structures and styles, and different historical periods.
- To demonstrate the ability to understand

	supported by textual evidence.		and interpret a work which covers a wide-range of characters, times, places, conflicts, and themes.  To analyze interactions among elements of fiction—plot, characterization, setting, theme, irony, point of view, symbol, and motif—with increasing depth and insight.  To identify allusions within a text and interpret the significance.  To compare and contrast techniques of fiction in works of complexity and length.  To demonstrate command of the elements of effective analysis	
Unit 3: Poetry 1	1. Characters in literature allow readers to study and explore a range of values, beliefs,	4. What are the functions of character, structure, figurative	To demonstrat e the ability to read poetry with	<ul> <li>Identify and describe what specific textual details reveal about a character, the character's</li> </ul>

- assumptions, biases, and cultural norms represented by those characters. The arrangement
- 1. The arrangement of the parts and sections of a text, the relationship of the parts to each other, and the sequence in which the text reveals information are all structural choices made by a writer that contribute to the reader"s interpretation of the text.
- 2. Comparisons, representations, and associations shift meaning from the literal to the figurative and invite readers to interpret a text.
- 3. Readers establish and communicate their interpretation of literature through arguments supported by textual evidence.

- language, narrator/speaker?
- 5. How would textual evidence support the functions of character. structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker? 6. How would supporting textual evidence develop from verbal to written expression?

- appreciatio n and understandi ng.
- To recognize the nature and variety of poetic terms.
- To understand the elements of poetry, emphasizin g how and why these elements are used and to what effect.
- demonstrate the ability to analyze poetic text, explicating the effects of language choices on

- perspective, and that character's motives.
- Explain the function of structure in a text.
- Explain the functions of contrasts within a text.
- Explain the function of specific words and phrases within a text.
- Explain the function of a simile
- Explain the function of a metaphor
  - Develop a paragraph that includes 1.) a claim that requires defense with evidence from the text and 2.) the evidence itself.

			the meaning of the poem as a whole.  • To demonstrat e the ability to distinguish between literal and figurative meanings.  • To collect data from a poetic text and use it to support a personally developed thesis about the meaning of the poem.	
Unit 4: Short Fiction 2	1. Characters in literature allow readers to study and explore a range of values, beliefs, assumptions, biases, and cultural norms represented by those characters.	<ol> <li>What are the functions of character, setting, plot, structure, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would textual evidence support the functions of character, setting,</li> </ol>	• To demonstrate the ability to analyze the effects of literary elements especially the relationship among characters, the sources of	<ul> <li>Identify and describe what specific textual details reveal about a character, the character's perspective, and that character's motives.</li> <li>Identify and describe specific</li> </ul>

- 2. Setting and the details associated with it not only depict a time and a place, but also convey values associated with that setting.
- 3. The arrangement of the parts and sections of a text, the relationship of the parts to each other, and the sequence in which the text reveals information are all structural choices made by a writer that contribute to the reader"s interpretation of the text.
- A narrator's or speaker's perspective controls the details and emphases that affect hoe reader's experience and interpret a text.
   Readers establish and communicate their interpretation of

plot, structure, narrator/speaker? 3. How would supporting textual evidence develop from verbal to written expression?

- conflict, and irony, the interactions between character and his/her environment.
  - To demonstrate depth and insight into critical reading, in recognizing the assumptions and implications in a text and in evaluating an author's ideas.
  - To demonstrate the ability to reflect upon the meaning of a short work of fiction and to write effectively about its relationship to personal experience.
  - To be able to evaluate significance of purpose and effectiveness of

- textual details that convey or reveal a setting.
- Identify and describe how plot orders events in a narrative.
- Explain the function of a particular sequence of events in a plot.
- Identify and describe the narrator or speaker in a text.
- Identify and explain the function of point of view in a narrative.
- Develop a paragraph that includes 1.) a claim that requires defense with evidence from the text and 2.) the evidence itself.

	literature through arguments supported by textual evidence.		product in a piece of short fiction.  • To write appropriately for different purposes, maintain consistent tone, and managing effectively the conventions of standard written English.	
Unit 5: Longer Fiction or Drama 2	<ul> <li>Characters in literature allow readers to study and explore a range of values, beliefs, assumptions, bises, and cultural norms represented by those characters.</li> <li>The setting and the details associated with it not only depict a time and placen, but also convey values associated with that setting.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>What are the functions of character, structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would textual evidence support the functions of character, structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would supporting textual evidence</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To be able to trace the development of tragic drama from its inception to today.</li> <li>To be able to explain the change in nature of the tragic hero over the centuries.</li> <li>To demonstrate the ability to recognize the uses of dramatic elements and their effect on a dramatic work.</li> <li>To be able to discuss the important themes of a play and how each is developed.</li> </ul>	

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<ul> <li>The arrangement of the parts and sections of a text, the relationship of the parts to each other, and the sequence in which the text reveals information ar3 all structural choices made by a writer that contribute to the reader's interpretation of the text.</li> <li>Readers establish and communicate their interpretations of literature through arguments supported by textual evidence.</li> </ul>	develop from verbal to written expression?	<ul> <li>To identify and analyze the elements of modern drama and its various subgenres.</li> <li>To respond actively and imaginatively to a dramatic work.</li> <li>To be able to form an analysis/literary paper comparing and contrasting the fate of protagonists.</li> <li>To read novels representative of different structures and styles, and different historical periods.</li> <li>To demonstrate the ability to understand and interpret a work which covers a wide-range of characters, times, places, conflicts, and themes.</li> <li>To analyze interactions among elements of fiction—plot, characterization, setting, theme, irony, point of view, symbol, and motif—with increasing depth and insight.</li> <li>To identify allusions</li> </ul>	

			within a text and interpret the significance.  • To compare and contrast techniques of fiction in works of complexity and length.  • To demonstrate command of the elements of effective analysis	
Unit 6: Poetry 2	1. Characters in literature allow readers to study and explore a range of values, beliefs, assumptions, biases, and cultural norms represented by those characters.  2. The arrangement of the parts and sections of a text, the relationship of the parts to each other, and the sequence in which the text reveals information are all structural choices made by a writer that contribute to	<ol> <li>What are the functions of character, structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would textual evidence support the functions of character, structure, figurative language, narrator/speaker?</li> <li>How would supporting textual evidence develop from verbal to written expression?</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>To demonstrat e the ability to read poetry with appreciatio n and understanding.</li> <li>To recognize the nature and variety of poetic terms.</li> <li>To understand the elements of poetry,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and describe what specific textual details reveal about a character, the character's perspective, and that character's motives.</li> <li>Explain the function of structure in a text.</li> <li>Explain the functions of contrasts within a text.</li> <li>Explain the function of specific words and phrases within a text.</li> </ul>

the reader"s interpretation of the text.  3. Comparisons, representations, and associations shift meaning from the literal to the figurative and invite readers to interpret a text. 4. Readers establish and communicate their interpretation of literature through arguments supported by textual evidence.	emphasizin g how and why these elements are used and to what effect.  To demonstrat e the ability to analyze poetic text, explicating the effects of language choices on the meaning of the poem as a whole.  To demonstrat e the ability to distinguish between literal and figurative meanings.  To
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	a poetic text and use it to support a personally developed thesis about the meaning of the poem.	