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Author Abstract

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All submissions must include 150-200 words of bilingual abstract [English/Arabic and Indonesian] within a single paragraph. The abstract should explain: Purposes of the Study, Methodology, Main Findings, and Research Novelty. Other important matters discussed in the paper that significantly contribute to the research findings may be noted here, but you have to consider, however, the limited space of the abstract.

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Keywords: *mention only specific concepts [word or phrase], 3-5 concepts, truly conceptual words, and not too general ones*



Abstrak

Put here the translation of your abstract within 150-200 words. The translated texts must be consistent with the original abstract. The editorial team appreciates it if the authors could provide the translation in Bahasa Indonesia. The translation shall increase the coverage of readership from scholars of Indonesia and Southeast Asia.

[Letakkan terjemahan abstrak anda dalam 150-200 kata di bagan ini. Teks terjemah harus konsisten dengan abstrak asli. Tim editor mengapresiasi bila penulis dapat menyediakan terjemahan dalam Bahasa Indonesia. Teks terjemahan meningkatkan cakupan pembaca dari sarjana Indonesia dan Asia Tenggara.]

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Kata Kunci: *mention the translated Keywords in Bahasa Indonesia.*

Introduction

The text should be written in 12 pt font with 1.0 line spacing, with no additional spaces before or after paragraphs. Authors are advised not to use any special formatting except for specific emphasis. Non-English, Indonesian and Arabic terms should be written in italics. All Arabic terms must be transliterated in accordance with the standard of [*international Journal of Middle East Studies \(IJMES\)*](#).

The introduction should include the background to the research, the research's place within the existing literature, and a relevant literature review. The author should explain: (1) why the research question is important to investigate, and (2) how this research contributes to the existing scientific discourse.

The body of the paper should be between 5,000 and 7,000 words, including the abstract, references, and footnotes. This section should concisely cover the following points: (1.) What is already known about the topic related to the paper? (2) What is not known, and what does the study aim to examine or present? Typically, the background can be summarized in 2–3 sentences, each addressing a different aspect of the relevant information. The purpose of the background is to provide context and lead smoothly into a description of the study's methods.

The Introduction outlines the problem investigated, providing enough information for readers to understand the specific objectives within a broader theoretical framework. After situating the research in a larger context, the specific research questions should be stated. This section may also include a summary of previous research on the topic and how the current study will contribute to or expand existing knowledge. All background information from other sources must be properly cited.



The Introduction should also briefly mention the research methods. This is typically the second-longest section of the abstract and should provide enough detail to give the reader a clear understanding of what was done and the key questions that the Methods section will address.

Method

It is the presence of the scientific method within a written work that confers scientific status upon it. Therefore, every academic work must include a description of the research method employed. The method serves to identify the subject matter under study and the approach taken to examine it. At the very least, the method should explain three things.

Firstly, the type of research: whether it is a literature review or field research.

Secondly, the approach; whether it is hermeneutic, phenomenological, ethnographic, isnad-cum-matn, 'living Qur'an/hadith', and so on.

Thirdly, the data sources, both primary and secondary. Primary sources are the entities from which you derive the subject matter of your study. For example, if you are researching Quraish Shihab's interpretation of Al-Mā'idah verse 51. In this case, your research material consists of every sentence written by Quraish Shihab in his explanation of Al-Mā'idah: 51. Thus, your primary sources are the works containing Quraish Shihab's interpretation of Al-Mā'idah: 51, including 'Tafsir Al-Misbah', recordings of his lectures, and the book he specifically wrote on that verse. Secondary sources are other relevant references, whether from Quraish Shihab himself (such as his interpretations of other verses and related verses, his writings on the principles of exegesis, and so on) or from other authors.

Fourthly, the method of data analysis. In this section, you explain the methods you have used to analyse your research material. This section must be consistent with the approach you have adopted. If you are using hermeneutics, then the method of analysis is interpretative. If you are using the hermeneutics of a particular figure, such as Schleiermacher, then your method of analysis is linguistic and psychological hermeneutics.

Result And Discussion

In this section, discuss the research issues systematically by constructing a strong argument. The data and analysis must be integrated and compared with the findings of other researchers. Citations should be presented as footnotes in accordance with the **Chicago Manual of Style, 18th edition (notes and bibliography, classic variants)**.

References may be drawn from journal articles, books, reports, dissertations, theses, websites and other academic sources. Arabic-language literature must be transliterated into the Latin alphabet. Include the URL and date of access where available.

Additional sections may be added as required. Sub-sections should be written in bold italics, and it is recommended to use narrative text rather than numbered lists.



Figures, tables and illustrations should be placed directly within the text in the relevant section and provided with a title and brief caption. The editor recommends that illustrations be converted into narrative form where possible.

The body of the paper should be between 5,000 and 7,000 words, including the abstract, references, and footnotes. This section should concisely cover the following points: (1.) What is already known about the topic related to the paper? (2) What is not known, and what does the study aim to examine or present? Typically, the background can be summarized in 2–3 sentences, each addressing a different aspect of the relevant information. The purpose of the background is to provide context and lead smoothly into a description of the study's methods.

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The Introduction should also briefly mention the research methods. This is typically the second-longest section of the abstract and should provide enough detail to give the reader a clear understanding of what was done and the key questions that the Methods section will address.

Result and Discussion

The Discussion and Results should be combined into one continuous section, starting with the main results followed by supporting results, accompanied by a discussion. Any figures and tables (if included) should be integrated within this section and are subject to active editing by the editors. Example:

Table 1. example table

No.	Themes	Ex. 1	Cat. 1
1.	Example 1	1	1.1
2.	Example 2	2	2.1



Sumber: Redaksi Moderasi

Conclusion

Authors are advised to avoid repeating the abstract in the conclusion. This section should clearly state the implications of the findings, directly addressing the problem or question posed in the introduction. It should not provide reasons for the conclusions drawn—those should have already been discussed in the Discussion section. Ideally, by reading just the Introduction and Conclusion, a reader should understand the main focus of the research and the key findings, even if they are not familiar with the specific methodologies used.

Acknowledgements

These are directed at those who have made a significant contribution but do not meet the criteria to be listed as authors.

Conflict of Interest

The authors declare that there are no conflicts of interest in the research and publication of this article.

Authors' Contributions

Describe each author's contribution to the research and writing of the article.

Ethical Considerations



This statement outlines the ethical compliance of all parties involved in the research and publication.

Funding Information

List sources of funding, grants, or institutional support, if any.

Data Availability

Describe the availability of data and compliance with applicable regulations.

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Generative AI

This article makes limited use of AI for the correction of grammar, typographical errors and minor formatting tasks that do not significantly affect the results of the analysis.

References

References in your manuscript must be recent, typically from the last 5 to 10 years, and should include a minimum of 30 references, with at least 40% sourced from primary sources or journals. All references should be accessible to the public. Authors are responsible for ensuring that all reference details are complete and accurate. Every reference must be cited within the text; otherwise, it will be automatically removed. The reference list is formatted in accordance with the **Chicago Manual of Style, 18th edition (notes and bibliography, classic variants)** and arranged alphabetically using 10 pt. font size and single spacing.

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