

GRADE 5 RELIGION MONITORING SHEET

- ____ REL.5.1 Profession of Faith - The Creed
- ____ a. The Trinity
- ____ In the Profession of Faith, one accepts God's word and professes belief in the Trinity: Three persons in one divine nature. (CCC 261-26)
- ____ The Father is the 1st person of the Trinity--creator of heaven and earth (CCC198-242)
- ____ Jesus Christ is the 2nd Person of the Trinity
- ____ Jesus' Passion, Death, Resurrection, and Ascension is called the Paschal Mystery. (CCC 571)
- ____ Though He was sinless (and could never sin), Jesus took upon Himself our sins and died to save us.
- ____ Because He is God, Jesus could give His life for each one of us personally and individually, and His sacrifice redeemed the whole world. (CCC 604-608)
- ____ The Holy Spirit is the 3rd Person of the Trinity
- ____ The Holy Spirit works in each of us and in the Church through Scriptures, the sacraments, the teaching authority of the Church, Christian works of charity, the spiritual and corporal works of mercy, prayer, etc. (CCC 687-747)
- ____ b. The Church
- ____ The Church is the presence of Jesus Christ in the world today.(CCC 748-810)
- ____ The Church and every Christian has the responsibility to spread the Gospel message to the world. (CCC 849-856)
- ____ The Church is One, Holy, Catholic and Apostolic, and possesses the fullness of God's revelation and the fullness of the means of salvation. (CCC 811-870)
- ____ The Church follows the example of Christ in His concern for insuring the worth, dignity and value of every human person.
- ____ c. Saints
- ____ Mary is a powerful intercessor for us. (CCC 964-975)
- ____ Mary's relationship to the Church and Marian Feasts
- ____ Mary as the Mother of the Church
- ____ Our Lady of Guadalupe as Patroness of the Americas
- ____ Mary's importance in bringing Christ into the world
- ____ Immaculate Conception
- ____ Assumption
- ____ The children should learn about the lives of the saints because they are examples of faith, models of virtue and intercessors on our behalf.
- ____ d. Bible Content
- ____ Four evangelists
- ____ "Covenant" – in both Old and New Testament
- ____ Bible as the "library of written word of God"
- ____ New Testament and Gospels – stories of Christ, Mary and Apostles
- ____ Bible Stories
- ____ Parables
- ____ Good Samaritan
- ____ Prodigal Son
- ____ e. Authority of the Church
- ____ The chief pastors of the Church are the Pope and the bishops united with him
- ____ The apostolic succession is the handing on of authority from the apostles to the bishops (through ordination)
- ____ The Magisterium is the teaching office of the Church. The Magisterium is made up of the Pope and bishops united with him. They have received from Jesus Christ the mission of teaching the truths and laws of God to all men.
- ____ REL.5.2 The Celebration of the Christian Mystery - Liturgy and Sacraments
- ____ a. Liturgy

_____ The term "liturgy" refers to the official (public) prayers and celebrations of the Church. (CCC 1187-1199)
_____ Through the liturgical year, we recall how the history of salvation unfolds and culminates in Jesus Christ, and
is _____ reflected in the lives of the saints whom we celebrate as part of the Church's year. (CCC 1168-1173)
_____ The Mass is divided into two major parts; the Liturgy of the Word (CCC 1349) and the Liturgy of the
Eucharist. _____ (CCC 1346)
_____ The Mass is one action which sacramentally represents Christ's Paschal Mystery. (CCC 1350-1355)

_____ b. The Seven Sacraments:

_____ Baptism:
_____ frees us from original sin (CCC 390) (as well as any sins we may have committed before Baptism) and
_____ restores us to friendship (sanctifying grace) with God. (CCC 1213)
_____ may only be received once in a person's life. (CCC 1272)
_____ sacramental signs of Baptism are:
_____ water (CCC 1278) and
_____ the Trinitarian formula (I baptize you in the name of the Father....) (CCC 1262, 1266)

_____ Confirmation:
_____ strengthens our baptismal commitment
_____ helps us to profess our faith with courage and conviction in spite of obstacles. (CCC 1285-1292)
_____ sacramental signs of Confirmation are
_____ laying on of hands, (CCC 1299)
_____ anointing with Chrism and the words of Confirmation. (CCC 1293-1296)

_____ The Holy Eucharist is Christ truly present in the Eucharist, body, blood, soul and divinity under the
appearance

_____ of bread and wine. The Eucharist is the:
_____ sacramental re-enactment of Jesus' sacrifice on Calvary,
_____ Bread of Life given to us in Holy Communion for our spiritual nourishment and growth.
_____ Sacramental signs:
_____ bread
_____ wine
_____ words of Consecration. (CCC 1333) (CCC 1412)

_____ Penance/Reconciliation:
_____ sacrament in which Jesus calls us to repentance by forgiving our sins and reconciling us to God and one
another.

_____ (CCC 1422)
_____ sacramental signs of Penance/Reconciliation are
_____ expression of sorrow and confession of sins to the priest,
_____ words of absolution and doing the assigned penance. (CCC 1491)
_____ all children must be given the opportunity to receive the Sacrament of Penance during Lent
_____ Review the steps to a good confession, an age-appropriate examination of conscience and the rite of Penance

_____ Anointing of the Sick:
_____ continues the healing work of Jesus. (CCC 1504)
_____ sacramental signs of Anointing of the Sick are:
_____ laying of hands on the sick,
_____ anointing with the oil of the sick and the
_____ sacramental words. (CCC 1510)
_____ most often recommended to be preceded by the sacrament of Penance/Reconciliation and concluded with the
reception of Holy Eucharist (when the recipient is able)

_____ Matrimony:
_____ Sacrament in which a baptized man and a baptized woman enter into a permanent, life-long covenant with
each other,
_____ publicly promising to love one another for the rest of their lives and to accept children lovingly from God.

(CCC 1652-1654)

- _____ The bond between a Christian husband and wife cannot be dissolved because it is a living sign of the ever-faithful love that God has for all people and that Christ has for the Church. (CCC 1638, 1644, 1645)
- _____ The sacramental signs of Matrimony are:
 - _____ free, personal consent of the couple (an act of the will)
 - _____ formula of the wedding vows. (CCC 1623)

Holy Orders:

- _____ Sacrament in which God calls certain men to share in the ministry of the ordained priesthood in the Sacrament of Holy Orders. (CCC 1536)
- _____ gives a man a share in the priesthood of Christ, enables him to act in the person of Christ when celebrating the sacraments and the mysteries of faith. (CCC 1581)
- _____ The sacramental signs of Holy Orders are:
 - _____ imposition of hands
 - _____ prayer of consecration by the Bishop.
- _____ Three degrees of Holy Orders: diaconate (deacons), Presbyterate (priests) and episcopate (bishops) (CCC 1536)

- _____ c. The Sacraments of Initiation: Baptism, Confirmation and Holy Eucharist.
- _____ d. The Sacraments of Healing: Penance/Reconciliation and the Anointing of the Sick.
- _____ e. The Sacraments of Vocation: Matrimony and Holy Orders.
- _____ f. Sins are forgiven in the Church principally by the Sacraments of Baptism and Penance (but also through the Anointing of the Sick)
- _____ g. The Church dispenses the grace Jesus won on the cross, specifically through the Sacraments. The Sacraments make us holy by either giving us sanctifying grace (which takes away sin) or by increasing that grace which we already possess

REL.5.3 Life in Christ - Commandments

- _____ a. Understand that every member of the Church has a vocation to holiness, to be a saint by cooperating with God's grace and being more like Christ. (CCC 767-768)
- _____ b. Understand and review the Ten Commandments as a basis for daily examination of conscience.
- _____ c. Review the Beatitudes. (CCC 1716)
- _____ d. Review the Corporal and Spiritual Works of Mercy. (CCC 2447)
- _____ e. Study and develop the virtues of cheerfulness, perseverance, industriousness, fortitude, justice and orderliness. (CCC 1807-1808)

REL.5.4 Christian Prayer - Prayer

- _____ a. Recognize the Sign of the Cross, the Gloria, the Glory Be, and the Mass itself, as prayers of praise to the Trinity.
- _____ b. Learn the Devotional practices of Eucharistic Exposition, Benediction and visits to the Blessed Sacrament.
- _____ c. Review various forms of prayer and be encouraged to practice daily spontaneous and fixed formula prayer.
- _____ d. Celebrate Advent, Christmas, Lent, Easter, Saints' Feast days.

New to Grade

☐ Anointing of the Sick
☐ Beatitudes
☐ Cheerfulness
☐ Chrism
☐ Diaconate
☐ Episcopacy
☐ Evangelist
☐ Exposition of the Blessed Sacrament
☐ Feast Day
☐ Fortitude
☐ Holy Orders
☐ Incense
☐ Industriousness
☐ Intercessor
☐ Justice
☐ Liturgical Year
☐ Liturgy
☐ Magisterium
☐ Marks of the Church – *One, Holy, Catholic and Apostolic*

☐ Matrimony
☐ Matter (Sacramental)
☐ Monstrance
☐ Orderliness
☐ Ordination
☐ Perseverance
☐ Paschal Mystery
☐ Priesthood
☐ Reconciliation
☐ Revelation
☐ Sacraments of Healing
☐ Sacraments of Initiation
☐ Sacraments of Vocation
☐ Sacramental Sign
☐ Salvation History
☐ Sanctifying Grace
☐ Vocation
☐ Vow
☐ Works of Mercy

Cumulative List

☐ Marks of the Church – *One, Holy, Catholic and Apostolic*
☐ Absolution
☐ Adam and Eve
☐ Adoration
☐ Advent
☐ Alleluia
☐ Angel
☐ Apostles Creed
☐ Ark of the Covenant
☐ Assumption of Mary
☐ Baptism
☐ Beatitudes
☐ Benediction
☐ Bible
☐ Bishop
☐ Blessed Sacrament
☐ Charity
☐ Children of God
☐ Christmas
☐ Church
☐ Commandments
☐ Communion
☐ Confession
☐ Conscience
☐ Consecration
☐ Contrition

☐ Corporal Works of Mercy
☐ Covenant
☐ Creation
☐ Creator
☐ Creed
☐ Deacon
☐ Easter
☐ Eucharist
☐ Faith
☐ Fast
☐ Father
☐ Fixed Formula Prayer
☐ Forgiveness of Sin
☐ Genuflection
☐ God
☐ Gospel
☐ Grace
☐ Guardian Angel
☐ Heaven
☐ Hell
☐ Hero
☐ Holy Communion
☐ Holy Family
☐ Holy Spirit
☐ Holy
☐ Trinity

☐ Immaculate Conception	☐ Parts of the Mass
☐ Incarnation	☐ Pentecost
☐ Jesus	☐ Penance
☐ Joseph	☐ Pope
☐ Justice	☐ Prayer
☐ Kingdom	☐ Priest
☐ of God	☐ Prophet
☐ Laity	☐ Purgatory
☐ Last	☐ Real Presence
☐ Supper	☐ Redeemer
☐ Lent	☐ Religious Community
☐ Liturgy of the	☐ Respect
☐ Eucharist	☐ Resurrection
☐ Liturgy of the Word	☐ Reverence
☐ Love of God	☐ Sacrament
☐ Love of Neighbor	☐ Saint/Sainthood
	☐ Salvation History
	☐ Savior
	☐ Sin (Mortal and Venial)
	☐ Son
	☐ Sorrow for Sin
	☐ Spiritual Works of Mercy
☐ Mary, Mother of God	☐ Spontaneous Prayer
☐ Mass	☐ Tabernacle
☐ Miracle	☐ State of Grace
☐ Mysteries of the Rosary	☐ Trinity
☐ Mystery	☐ Witness
☐ New Covenant	☐ "Yes to God"
☐ New Testament	
☐ Obedience	
☐ Old Testament	
☐ Original Sin	
☐ Parable	

REL.5.6 PRAYERS AND CONCEPTS TO KNOW

New to Grade

- ☐ Benediction
- ☐ Divine Praises
- ☐ Eucharistic Exposition and Benediction
- ☐ Hail Holy Queen (Salve Regina)
- ☐ Memorare

Cumulative List

- ☐ Acts of Faith, Hope and Love (Standard form)
- ☐ Examination of Conscience
- ☐ Spiritual and Corporal Works of Mercy
- ☐ Act of Contrition
- ☐ Apostles' Creed

- _____ Genuflection (Method and Meaning)
- _____ Gloria
- _____ Glory Be
- _____ Grace Before Meals
- _____ Guardian Angel Prayer Fifteen
- _____ Hail Mary
- _____ Lamb of God
- _____ Morning Offering (Some form)
- _____ Our Father (The Lord's Prayer)
- _____ Penitential Act
- _____ Prayer to St. Michael the Archangel
- _____ Profession of Faith (Nicene Creed)
- _____ Rosary
- _____ Sign of the Cross
- _____ Ten Commandments
- _____ Two Commandments of Love (Recite from Memory)
- _____ Order of the Mass (Outline and Congregational Prayers: penitential rite, Gloria, Nicene Creed, Holy, Holy, Lamb of God)
- _____ Twenty Mysteries of the Rosary