

AP Euro Final Review -- DBQ or LEQ Topics

Compare/Contrast

1. Compare the views of Machiavelli and Rousseau on human nature and the relationship between government and the governed.
2. Compare and contrast the Lutheran Reformation and the Catholic Reformation of the 16th century regarding the reform of both religious doctrines and religious practices.
3. Contrast the goals and major policies of Peter the Great of Russia (ruled 1682-1725) and Frederick the Great of Prussia (ruled 1740-1786).
4. "Repeatedly in the course of modern European history a single state has threatened the balance of power; these threats have been met by coalitions of powers which have dissolved when the threats were contained." Analyze this statement with regard to France under Napoleon I and the Soviet Union under Stalin.
5. Compare the key economic developments that characterized Eastern and Western Europe in the second half of the 20th century

Continuity and Change over Time (CCOT)

1. By 1700 it had become evident that Western Europe and Eastern Europe were moving in opposite directions in terms of their basic social structures. Analyze these changes.
2. *The Industrial Revolution created new political and economic opportunities and generated new ideologies that greatly affected European society.* Using your knowledge of European history, assess the validity of this statement.
3. Evaluate the extent to which Metternich's attempts to maintain the old order in Europe were successful.
4. 1848 was a critical year for the conservative interests trying to maintain the ways of the *Ancien Regime*. Analyze the "revolutions" of 1848 and evaluate the ways in which they put an end to the old order.

Causation

1. Analyze the ways in which specific intellectual and scientific developments of the 17th and 18th centuries contributed to the emergence of the religious outlook known as "Deism."
2. "The essential cause of the French Revolution was the collision between a powerful, rising bourgeoisie and an entrenched aristocracy defending its privileges." Assess the validity of the statement as an explanation of the events from 1788-1792.
3. Assess the extent to which the unification of Germany under Bismarck led to authoritarian government between 1871 and 1914.
4. Analyze the long-term social and economic trends in the period 1860 to 1917 that prepared the ground for revolution in Russia.
5. In what ways did European painting or literature reflect the disillusionment in society between 1919 and 1939?
6. Analyze the major reasons for the collapse of the Soviet Union and the end of the Cold War.