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B.Sc. (Non Medical) (Semester – 5th)

LINEAR ALGEBRA

Subject Code: BSNMD1532

Paper ID: 22131427

Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instruction for candidates:

1. Section A is compulsory. It consists of 10 parts of two marks each.
2. Section B consist of 5 questions of 5 marks each. The student has to attempt any 4 questions out of it.
3. Section C consist of 3 questions of 10 marks each. The student has to attempt any 2 questions.

Section – A

(2 marks each)

Q1. Attempt the following:

- a) Let $T:V(F)\rightarrow U(F)$ be a linear transformation. Show that Range space of T is a subspace of $U(F)$.
- b) Find matrix representing the linear transformation $T:R^3 \rightarrow R^4$ defined by $T(x, y, z) = (x + y, 2z - x, 3y, 4z)$ relative to standard basis of R^3 and R^4 .
- c) Prove that a real square matrix has non real eigenvalues in conjugate pair.
- d) Let S be an orthonormal set of vectors in an inner product space $V(F)$. Prove that S is a linearly independent set.
- e) Define Linear Transformation.
- f) Show that the similar matrices have the same characteristic polynomial and hence the same eigen values.
- g) Define null space of a linear transformation. Find null space of $T: R^{2*2} \rightarrow R^2$ defined by $T(A) = (b, \text{trace}(A))$ where $A = [a \ b \ c \ d]$.
- h) Let T be a linear operator on R^3 which is represented in the standard ordered basis by the matrix $A = [1 \ 2 \ 4 \ 0 \ 3 \ 6 \ 0 \ 0 \ 4]$. Find the minimal polynomial of T.
- i) Prove that the linear operator T on R^3 defined by $T(x, y, z) = (-9x+4y+4z, -8x+3y+4z, -16x+8y+7z)$ is diagonalizable.
- j) Define Diagonalization.

Section – B

(5 marks each)

- Q2. State and prove Cayley– Hamilton theorem.
- Q3. Let V and W be a finite dimensional vector space over the field F and let $T: V \rightarrow W$ be a linear transformation with $\dim V = \dim W$. Prove that T is one-one iff T is onto.
- Q4. If two vector spaces are isomorphic then prove that they have same dimension.
- Q5. Find the characteristic polynomial of $A = [0 \ 4 \ 2 \ -3 \ 8 \ 3 \ 4 \ -8 \ -2]$.
- Q6. Let T be a linear operator on a finite dimensional vector space $V(F)$. Prove that T is onto iff T carries each linearly independent subset of V onto a L.I. subset of V.

Section – C

(10 marks each)

- Q7. Solve the system of equations: $x+2y+3z=2$; $x-y+3z=0$; $2x-3y+4z=2$.
- Q8. Let V and W be vector space over the field F. Let $L(V,W)$ be the set of all linear transformations from V into W. Prove $L(V,W)$ is a vector space over F.
- Q9. Prove that the minimal polynomial of a linear operator is unique.