ENGLISH 7

Summative Test No. 1

Direction: Choose the letter of the correct answer.

1. Which part of the plot introduces the main characters and the setting?

A. Climax
B. Resolution
C. Exposition
D. Rising Action
2. The problem or struggle faced by the main character in a story is called:
A. Theme
B. Conflict
C. Plot
D. Resolution
3. Which literary element refers to the sequence of events in a story?
A. Theme
B. Plot
C. Setting
D. Character
4. The character who opposes the protagonist is the:
A. Narrator
B. Antagonist
C. Hero
D. Sidekick
5. Which part of the plot is the most exciting and intense moment?
A. Exposition

B. Rising Action
C. Climax
D. Falling Action
6. A character who changes significantly as the story develops is called:
A. Static Character
B. Dynamic Character
C. Flat Character
D. Stock Character
7. A character who remains unchanged throughout the story is called:
A. Static Character
B. Round Character
C. Dynamic Character
D. Protagonist
8. The main character in a story is known as the:
8. The main character in a story is known as the: A. Antagonist
A. Antagonist
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator D. Author
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator D. Author 9. The lesson or central message of a story is called its:
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator D. Author 9. The lesson or central message of a story is called its: A. Conflict
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator D. Author 9. The lesson or central message of a story is called its: A. Conflict B. Theme
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator D. Author 9. The lesson or central message of a story is called its: A. Conflict B. Theme C. Plot
A. Antagonist B. Protagonist C. Narrator D. Author 9. The lesson or central message of a story is called its: A. Conflict B. Theme C. Plot D. Setting

C. Rising Action
D. Exposition
11. Which of the following describes direct characterization?
A. The author states the character's traits clearly
B. The author reveals traits through actions and dialogue
C. The reader guesses the character's personality
D. The narrator hides the traits from the reader
12. Which element of prose answers "Where and when did the story happen?"
A. Theme
B. Setting
C. Plot
D. Resolution
13. What is the rising action in a story?
A. The introduction of the conflict
B. The sequence of events that build suspense
C. The conclusion of the story
D. The background details of the setting
14. Which part of the story comes after the climax and shows events leading to the end?
A. Rising Action
B. Falling Action
C. Exposition
D. Theme
15. Which of the following is an example of indirect characterization?
A. "Maria is kind and honest."
B. "He shouted angrily and slammed the door."
C. "The teacher explained that she was generous."

D. "The narrator told us Juan was brave."
16. A short moral lesson usually found in a fable is also called the:
A. Plot
B. Theme
C. Resolution
D. Setting
17. The character who experiences personal growth or change in the story is:
A. Static Character
B. Dynamic Character
C. Flat Character
D. Minor Character
18. Which part of the story keeps the reader wondering what will happen next?
A. Resolution
B. Climax
C. Suspense in the Rising Action
D. Theme
19. Which type of character shows only one or two traits?
A. Round Character
B. Flat Character
C. Static Character
D. Dynamic Character
20. Which element of a story includes the time and place of events?
A. Plot
B. Theme
C. Setting
D. Resolution

21. The character who tells the story is the:
A. Narrator
B. Author
C. Antagonist
D. Protagonist
22. Which part of the plot presents background information before the conflict begins?
A. Exposition
B. Climax
C. Falling Action
D. Resolution
23. Which of the following is the BEST definition of "theme"?
A. The struggle faced by the character
B. The central idea or moral lesson
C. The description of the characters
D. The arrangement of events
24. Which of the following is the falling action in a story?
A. The buildup of events
B. The climax of the story
C. The events after the climax leading to the ending
D. The background description
25. Which is an example of a protagonist?
A. The villain of the story
B. The main character who drives the action
C. The character who opposes the hero
D. The narrator of the story
26. Which type of character often fits a stereotype (e.g., "the villain," "the hero")?

A. Flat Character
B. Round Character
C. Stock Character
D. Dynamic Character
27. Which of the following is an example of a theme?
A. "The story happens in Manila."
B. "The main character is brave."
C. "Hard work leads to success."
D. "The conflict begins at school."
28. Which type of character is complex and shows many traits, both good and bad?
A. Round Character
B. Static Character
C. Dynamic Character
D. Flat Character
29. Which part of the plot shows how the conflict is introduced and developed?
A. Exposition
B. Rising Action
C. Climax
D. Resolution
30. Which of the following is an example of conflict?
A. "The story takes place in a forest."
B. "Ana must decide whether to follow her parents' wishes or pursue her dream."
C. "The lesson of the story is patience."
D. "The story ends with everyone celebrating."
Answer Key 1. C

2	D
۷.	D

- 3. B
- 4. B
- 5. C
- 6. B
- 7. A
- 8. B
- 9. B
- 10. A
- 11. A
- 12. B
- 13. B
- 14. B
- 15. B
- 16. B
- 17. B
- 18. C
- 19. B
- 20. C
- 21. A
- 22. A
- 23. B
- 24. C
- 25. B
- 26. C
- 27. C

- 28. A
- 29. B
- 30. B