Avoiding One-on-One Meetings by Jensen Huang, CEO of NVIDIA

WATCH THIS >>> Video of Jensen describing why he avoids 1-1 meetings (3 min)

Why Jensen Huang Prefers Group Meetings

- Group meetings foster collective problem-solving and shared context among team members.
- They ensure **decisions are transparent** and that no one feels excluded from the process.
- Encourages collaborative decision-making, reducing reliance on individual authority.

Problems with One-on-One Meetings

- Lack of transparency: Private meetings can create the perception that decisions are being made in silos.
- **Excludes key stakeholders**: Team members may miss out on relevant information or feel left out of critical discussions.
- **Creates inefficiencies**: One-on-ones often become **therapy sessions** rather than actionable discussions.

Preferred Communication Approach

1. Group Meetings for Major Decisions:

- Promotes inclusivity and team-wide participation.
- Ensures everyone has the same information and input.
- o Provides a clear record of decisions and discussions.
- 2. Direct Calls and Messages for Quick Updates:
 - Used for urgent matters or when information needs to be quickly relayed.
 - Allows efficient, targeted communication without formal meeting structures.
- 3. Creating a Transparent Decision-Making Culture:
 - Team members can track decision history and understand the rationale.
 - Ensures fair participation while avoiding unnecessary bureaucracy.
 - Reduces ambiguity and promotes a culture of clarity and collaboration.

4. Feedback and Learning Through Open Discussions:

- Group settings allow for real-time feedback, ensuring better alignment and understanding.
- Employees can **learn from each other's insights**, leading to **faster problem-solving** and innovation.
- Open discussions reduce defensiveness in receiving feedback, as decisions are evaluated collectively rather than in isolation.

Key Takeaway:

- Huang prioritizes efficient, transparent, and inclusive communication.
- He avoids recurring one-on-one meetings, **preferring group collaboration** and **direct**, **need-based communication**.
- This strategy helps maintain **organizational alignment and faster decision-making** while reducing inefficiencies in leadership.