

The title manuscript should be Concise and Descriptive, No more than 15 words: Written with Palatino Linotype Font size 20pt and Bold, Left

First Author Name¹ 

Second Author² 

Third Author³ 

Abstract:

Abstracts should be written in one paragraph, in English. The writing of the title 'abstract' is in bold while the substance is without bold using Palatino linotype font size 10pt, 1 space, consisting of 150-250 words. The abstract contains at least: problems discussed, objectives of the paper, methods, discussion of results, conclusions and recommendations (if any).

Keywords: one; two; three; four; five. (related keywords)

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Introduction (14 pt)

The introduction is an important part that serves for readers to understand the context, background, and purpose of paper. The introduction should outline 1) the main context or issue that is the basis for writing the paper, 2) explain the relevance of the topic to the field of law and humanities with real problems in society, 3) there are previous studies that support the importance of the topic discussed to show the novelty of the problem or issue discussed, 4) use current and relevant references to show that the topic discussed is still actual. Avoid overly long descriptions; the introduction should ideally be no more than 10-15% of the total length of the article.

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written uses Palatino Linotype (12 pt), 1.5 pt space. For the Articles section with a length of 4,000-10,000 words (including footnotes) and with a minimum of 25 footnotes (80% from journal articles) and the Book Reviews section with a length of 1,000-2,000 words (including footnotes).

Methods

The method is descriptive and should provide a statement of the methodology of the research and the methods of activity applied in the assessment or collection of data, resulting in the apparent scientificity of the data. The method includes the approach used, and as much as possible provides the reader with an overview of the methods used.

Result and Discussion

This section is the most important part of your article. The analysis or results of the study should be clear and concise. The research results should summarize the (scientific) findings rather than provide the data in great detail. Please highlight the differences between your results or findings and previous publications by other researchers.

The title of the discussion section should be written consistently with the structure of the article in the introduction. The headings of the discussion section use numbers (1., 2., 3., etc.; you can add more than one discussion section, depending on the structure of the discussion you want to write).

1. Subject 1

The title of the first subject to be discussed. Fonts and margins are consistent with the template layout.

- a. Concise
- b. Is clear
- c. Explain the findings

2. Sub-discussion 2

the results of data processing in the form of a matrix, or a graph with a minimum of lines (according to below). Include the source of the graph/matrix retrieve.

Table 1. Table Headings (Palatino linotype, 10pt)

City or Town	Point A	Point B	Point C	Point D	Point E
Point A	—				
Point B	87	—			
Point C	64	56	—		
Point D	37	32	91	—	
Point E	93	35	54	43	—

Source:, Year ... (Palatino linotype, 10pt)

The discussion should not end at the table. Below the graph/matrix should be a paragraph describing the data in the matrix/graph.

Conclusion

The conclusion contains a description that should answer the objectives of the research. Provide a clear and concise conclusion. Do not repeat the abstract or simply describe the results of the research. Give a clear explanation regarding the possible application and/or suggestions related to the research findings. **One paragraph only and do not use bulleting or numbering.**

References

All manuscripts should be accompanied **with a minimum of 20 footnotes and 20 references (80% from the journal articles)**. Footnotes must use the Chicago Manual Style 17th Edition (fullnote). In order to simplify writing in the Chicago Manual Style 17th Edition, the authors are advised to use Mendeley software.

Admin. 2020. *Lingkup Hukum dan Humaniora dalam Social Science*. November 11. Accessed Desember 13, 2020. www.wikipedia.com.

Puluhulawa, Jufryanto, Ahmad Wijaya, Usman Rasyid, and Risman Kaku. 2020. "Ilmu Hukum dalam Pengabdian." *Das Sein Jurnal Pengabdian Hukum & Humaniora* 1 (3): 50-62.

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Towadi, Mellisa, and Novendri M Nggilu. 2020. "Perkembangan pengabdian Hukum di Indonesia." In *Eksistensi Jurnal Hukum Pengabdian*, by Irwansyah Irwansyah, 50-62. Makassar: UNHAS Press.

