

THE TITLE OF YOUR PAPER SHOULD DESCRIBE THE MAIN IDEA OR IDEAS

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Abstract

The abstract should simply define the content and scope of your work, as well as specify the objective(s), methodology, findings, conclusions, and implications of study. It should be between 200 and 250 words long, with three to five keywords relating to the article highlighted.

Article History

Received DD/Month/YYYY

Revised DD/Month/YYYY

Accepted DD/Month/YYYY

Keywords:

Keyword, keyword,
keyword, keyword,
keyword.

(Keywords must be
alphabetically ordered)

INTRODUCTION

Every paragraph's first line should be indented by 1 cm. State your work's aims and provide appropriate background information while avoiding a lengthy literature survey or a description of the results. Clearly identify the gap in the literature that indicates the importance of your research. Submissions should be 4000-8000 words long (including the abstract, table(s), figure(s), and references).

Within a week of receiving a paper submission, the Editor sends an e-mail of confirmation to the corresponding author. Your submission/email may be lost if you do not receive this confirmation. At this point, there should be no submission fee. For peer review, we use a double-blind approach in which both reviewers and writers remain anonymous. Two experts will peer-review the manuscript. The evaluation procedure might take up to two months. The outcome of the review is communicated via email.

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LITERATURE REVIEW

Include current knowledge, including substantive discoveries, as well as theoretical and methodological contributions to your issue. A literature review examines books, scholarly papers, and any other materials related to a specific issue, field of research, or theory, and gives a description, summary, and critical evaluation of these works in connection to the research problem under consideration.

Sub Heading 1

The reference list should be organized alphabetically according to the requirements of the American Psychological Association's Publication Manual (7th ed.). As an example:

- 1 author (John, 2013)
- 2 authors (Richards & Mike, 2022)
- 3 and more authors (Rachel et al., 2021)

Sub heading 2

Short quotations (less than 40 words):

According to Deterring (1997, p. 54), "connected speech represents more natural data than the rather unnatural vowels obtained from particularly articulated citation speech".

Long quotations (more than 40 words):

Even the sounds of words used by a speaker are expressions of his or her identity from an acoustic standpoint. Jacobi (2009) elaborated as follows:

Along with communicating meaning, the acoustic signal is a product of physical properties and changes, as well as of more generally all those factors that form the identity of the speaker, such as social affiliation or family origin. The choice of words but also the way they are realized differs from speaker to speaker, as well as within a speaker. Even more, from an acoustic point of view, each utterance is unique. (Jacobi, 2009, p. 2).

When summarising information or opinions from a source that is not your own, make sure to convey the author's information or opinions accurately and in your own terms. Even if you are paraphrasing an author's work, you must still offer a citation to that work. When directly quoting an author's work, use citation marks from the beginning to the end of the citation, and provide the page number in addition to the author's name and year of publication.

METHODS

Provide enough detail so that your work may be reproduced. Methods that have already been published should be referenced, and only relevant changes should be stated.

RESULTS (or, this section may be combined with DISCUSSION)

Show the outcomes of your work. If appropriate, use graphs and tables, but also explain your main findings in the text. Discussing the outcomes or speculating on why anything happened belongs in the Discussion.

Sub Heading 1

The title size for tables is 12 and the content size is 10. Tables are numbered sequentially throughout your text, and the title is written above the table (see Table 1).

Table 1. Results of the study.

Indicators	Result A	Result B	Implications
Analysis 1	1	5	Valid
Analysis 2	2	6	Valid
Analysis 3	3	7	Valid
Analysis 4	4	8	Valid
Total	910		

Sub heading 2

The title size for Figures is 12 while the content size (if any) is 10. Figures are numbered sequentially throughout your text, and the title is written underneath the figure (see Figure 1).

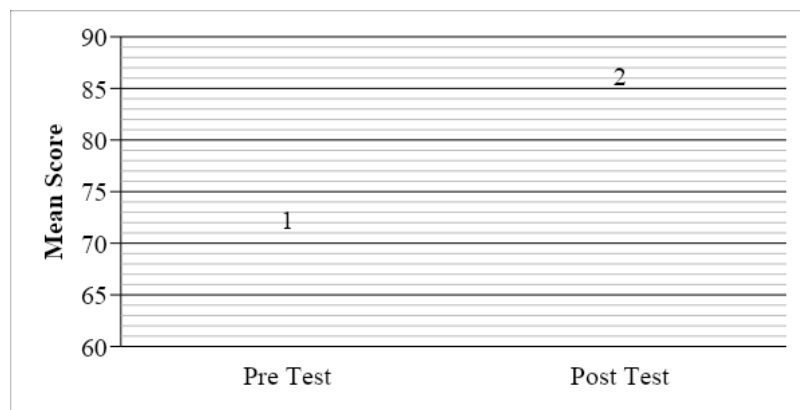


Figure 1. The comparison of results.

DISCUSSION (this section may be combined with RESULTS)

Highlight the most important findings without repeating what is presented in the Results section. The goal of the discussion is to interpret and convey the relevance of your findings in light of what was previously known about the research problem under investigation, as well as to explain any new understanding or insights that occurred as a result of your investigation. A section that combines the Results and Discussion is frequently suitable.

Please keep in mind that all names and references cited in the text/article must be listed in the References section. Names that do not appear in the text or article should be removed from the References section.

CONCLUSION

Give your study's conclusion and concluding thoughts on the importance of your analysis, research, or article. Your study's limitations should be addressed. Recommendations for further research on your issue should also be included.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS (optional)

Give recognition to financing groups and departments that assisted with the project, such as by providing financial support.

REFERENCES (follow the APA 7th style)

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APPENDICES (optional)

If there is more than one appendix, they should be identified as Appendix A, Appendix B, etc. Formulae and equations in appendices should be given separate numbering: Eq. (A.1), Eq. (A.2), etc.; in a subsequent appendix, Eq. (B.1) and so on. Similarly for tables and figures: Table A.1; Fig. A.1, etc.