Mishnah Yoma Chapter 5

Source Sheet by Michael Werbow

Mishnah Yoma 5

(1) They brought out the spoon and the coal pan to the High Priest so he may perform the service of the incense. **He scoops** his handfuls from the incense and places it into the spoon. The High Priest with large hands fills the spoon with incense in an amount corresponding to the large size of his hands, and the High Priest with small hands fills the spoon with incense in an amount corresponding to the small size of his hands. And this was the measure of the spoon, i.e., it was made to correspond to the size of his hands. He took the coal pan in his right hand and the spoon in his left hand. The High Priest would then walk west through the Sanctuary until he reaches the area between the two curtains that separated the Sanctuary and the Holy of Holies, and the space between them was one cubit. Rabbi Yosei says: There was only one curtain there, as it is stated: "And the curtain shall divide for you between the Sanctuary and the Holy of Holies" (Exodus 26:33). The outer curtain between the Sanctuary and the Holy of Holies was hooked [perufa] slightly open on the south side of the Sanctuary, and the inner curtain hooked slightly open on the north side of the Sanctuary, and therefore the High Priest could not enter the Holy of Holies directly. Rather, he enters through the southern opening and walks between the curtains until he reaches the opening to the north. When he reaches the opening to the north, he enters the Holy of Holies through that opening, turns his face to the south, and walks to his left along the curtain until he reaches the area before the Ark. When he reaches the Ark, he places the coal pan between the two staves. He piles the incense atop the coals, and the whole chamber in its entirety would fill with smoke. He then exits and comes out the way that he entered. He does not turn around but leaves the Holy of Holies walking while facing the Ark. And he recites a brief prayer in the outer chamber, in the Sanctuary. And he would not extend his prayer there so as not to alarm the Jewish people, who would otherwise conclude that something happened and that he died in the Holy of Holies.

משנה יומא ה'

(א) הוציאוּ לוֹ אָת הַכַּף וָאָת הַמַּחָתַּה, וָחַפַּן מַלֹּא חַפְנֵיו וְנַתַן לְתוֹךְ הַכַּף, הַנָּדוֹל לְפִי גַּדְלוֹ, וָהַקַּטַן לִפִּי קַטָנוֹ, וָכַרְ הַיִּתַה מַדַתַה. נַטַל אֶת הַמַּחָתַה בִּימִינוֹ וְאֵת הַכַּף בִּשָּׂמֹאלוֹ. הַיָה מְהַלֵּךְ בַהַיכַל, עַד שַׁמַגִּיעַ לְבֵין שָׁתֵּי הַפַּרכות הַמַּבְדִּילוֹת בֵּין הַקֹּדֵשׁ וּבֵין קדש הַקַּדשִׁים, ובֵינֵיהון אַמַה. רַבִּי יוֹסֵי אוֹמֵר, לֹא הַיִּתַה שַׁם אֵלַא פַרֹכַת אַחַת בִּלְבַד, שַׁנַאַמַר (שמות כו), וַהָבְדִּילָה הַפַּרֹכֵת לַכֵם בֵּין הַקֹּבָשׁ וּבֵין קֹבָשׁ הַקַּבַשִׁים. הַחִיצוֹנַה הַיִּתַה פָרוּפַה מִן הַדַּרוֹם, וָהַפָּנִימִית מָן הַצַּפוֹן. מְהַלֵּךְ בֵּינֵיהֵן, עד שֶׁמַגִּיעַ לַצַפוֹן. הָגִיעַ לַצַפוֹן, הופר פַניו לַדַּרוֹם, מְהַלֵּךְ לְשָּׁמֹאלוֹ עם הַפַּרֹכָת עַד שָהוּא מַגִּיעַ לַאַרוֹן. הָגִיעַ לַאַרוֹן. נוֹתֵן אֵת הַמַּחִתַּה בֵּין שָׁנֵי הַבַּדִּים. צַבַר אֵת הַקְּטֹרֵת עַל גַּבֵּי גַחַלִּים, וְנִתְמַלֵּא כַל הַבַּיִת כִּלוֹ עַשַׁן. יַצַא ובָא לוֹ בְדֶרֶךְ בֵּית כָּנִיסָתוֹ, וּמְתָפַּלֵל תִפְלַה קצַרָה בַּבַּיִת הַחִיצוֹן, וִלֹא הַיַה מַאַרִיך בָּתִפִּלָּתוֹ, שֶׁלֹּא לְהַבְעִית אֶת

- (2) After the Ark was taken into exile, there was a rock in the Holy of Holies from the days of the early prophets, David and Samuel, who laid the groundwork for construction of the Temple, and this stone was called the foundation rock. It was three fingerbreadths higher than the ground, and the High Priest would place the incense on it.
- (ב) מִשֶּׁנִּטַל הָאָרוֹן, אֶבֶן הָיְתָה שָׁם מִימוֹת נְבִיאִים רִאשׁוֹנִים, וּשְׁתִיָּה הָיְתָה נִקְרֵאת, גְּבוֹהָה מִן הָאָרֶץ שָׁלשׁ אֶצְבָּעוֹת, וְעָלֶיהָ הִיָּה נוֹתֵן:
- (3) After the High Priest left the Holy of Holies, he took the blood of the bull sacrificed as a sin-offering from the one who was stirring it, so it would not coagulate. He entered into the place that he had previously entered, the Holy of Holies, and stood at the place where he had previously stood to offer the incense, between the staves. And he sprinkled from the blood, one time upward and seven times downward. And he would neither intend to sprinkle the blood upward nor to sprinkle it downward, but rather like one who whips, with the blood sprinkled in a single column, one drop below the other. And this is how he would count as he sprinkled, to avoid error: One; one and one; one and two; one and three; one and four; one and five; one and six; one and seven. The High Priest then emerged from there and placed the bowl with the remaining blood on the golden pedestal in the Sanctuary.
- (ג) נָטַל אֶת הַדָּם מִמִּי שֶׁהָיָה מְמָּבּס בּוֹ, נִכְנַס לַמָּקוֹם שֶׁנִּכְנַס, וְעָמַד בַּמָּקוֹם שֻׁעָמַד, וְהִזָּה מִמֶּנוּ אַחַת לְמַעְלָה וְשֶׁבַע לְמַטְה, וְלֹא הָיָה מִתְכַּנֵּן לְהַזּוֹת לֹא לְמַעְלָה וְלֹא לְמַטָּה, אֶלָּא כְמַצְלִיף. וְכָךְ הָיָה מוֹנֶה, אַחַת, אַחַת וְאַחַת, אַחַת וּשְׁתַּיִם, אַחַת וְשָׁלשׁ, אַחַת וְאַרְבַּע, אַחַת וְחָמֵשׁ, אַחַת וָשֵׁשׁ, אַחַת וְשֶׁבַע. יָצָא וְהִנִּיחוֹ עַל כַּן הַזָּהָב שֵׁבַּהִיכָל:
- (4) They brought him the goat to be sacrificed as a sin-offering to God. He slaughtered it and received its blood in the bowl. He again entered into the place that he had previously entered, the Holy of Holies, and stood at the place that he previously stood, and sprinkled from the blood of the goat one time upward and seven times downward. And this is how he would count, just as he counted when sprinkling the blood of the bull: One; one and one; one and two; etc. The High Priest then emerged from the Holy of Holies and placed the bowl with the remaining blood on the second golden pedestal in the Sanctuary. Rabbi Yehuda says: There was only one pedestal there, and he took the blood of the bull from the pedestal and placed the blood of the goat in its place. And he sprinkled from the blood of the bull on the curtain opposite the Ark from outside the Holy of Holies, one time upward and seven times downward, and he would not intend, etc. And this is how he would count, etc. When he concluded, he took the blood of the goat from the pedestal and placed blood of the bull in its place on the pedestal. And
- (ד) הֶבִיאוּ לוֹ אֵת הַשַּׁעִיר, שְׁחֲטוֹ וְקָבֶּל בַּמְזָרַק אָת דַמוֹ. נְכָנַס לְמַקוֹם שַנְכְנַס, וְעַמַד בִּמַקוֹם שֶׁעַמַד, וְהָזֵה ָמְמַנוּ אַחַת לְמַעַלָה וָשֶׁבַע לְמַטַה, וָלֹא הַיָּה מִתְכַּוּן לְהַזּוֹת לֹא לְמַעְלַה ּוְלֹא לְמַטָּה, אֶלָּא כְמַצְלִיף. וְכַךְ הָיָה מוֹנָה, אַחַת, אַחַת וְאַחַת, אַחַת ושָׁתַיִם, אַחַת ושַלשׁ, אַחַת וָאַרִבַּע, אַחַת וְחָמֵשׁ, אַחַת וְשֵׁשׁ, אַחַת וַשֶּׁבַע. יַצַא וְהַנִּיחוֹ עַל כַּן הַשַּׁנִי שֶׁהָיָה בַהֵּיכָל. רַבִּי יְהוּדַה אוֹמֶר, לא הַיָה שָׁם אֵלַא כַּן אַחַד בַּלְבַד. נַטַל דַם הַפַּר וְהִנִּיחַ דַם הַשַּּעִיר, וְהָזַה מִמֵּנוּ עַל הַפַּרכֵת שַׁכַּנֵגֶד הַאַרוֹן מְבַּחוּץ, אַחַת לְמַעָלַה וְשֶׁבַע לְמַטָּה, וְלֹא הַיַה מַתַּכַּוּן לְהַזּוֹת לֹא לְמַעַלָה וְלֹא

he sprinkled from the goat's blood on the curtain opposite the Ark from outside, just as he did with the blood of the bull, one time upward and seven times downward, etc. Afterward, he poured the blood of the bull into the blood of the goat and placed the blood from the full bowl into the empty bowl, so that the blood would be mixed well. לְמַטָּה, אֶלָּא כְמַצְלִיף. וְכָךְ הָיָה מוֹנֶה, אַחַת, אַחַת וְאַחַת, אַחַת וּשְׁתִּים, אַחַת וְשָׁלֹשׁ, אַחַת וְאַרְבַּע, אַחַת וְחָמֵשׁ, אַחַת וָשֵׁשׁ, אַחַת וָשֶׁבַע. נָטַל דַּם הַשָּׁעִיר וְהִנִּיחַ דַּם הַפָּר, וְהִוָּה מִמֶּנוּ עַל הַפָּרֹכֶת לְמַעְלָה וְשֶׁבַע לְמַשְׁה, וְלֹא הָיָה מְתְכַּוּן לְהַזּוֹת לֹא לְמַעְלָה וְלֹא לְמַטָּה, אֶלָּא כְמַצְלִיף. וְכָךְ הָיָה מוֹנֶה, אַחַת, אַחַת וְשֻׁלֹשׁ, אַחַת וְאַרְבַּע, אַחַת וְחָמֵשׁ, אַחַת וְשֵׁלֹשׁ, אַחַת וְאַרְבַּע, וָשֶׁבַע. עֵרָה דַם הַפָּר לְתוֹךְ דַּם הַשָּּעִיר, וְנָתַן אֶת הַמָּלֵא בָבִיקָן:

(5) It is stated: "And he shall go out to the altar that is before the Lord, and make atonement for it; and he shall take of the blood of the bull, and of the blood of the goat, and place it upon the corners of the altar round about" (Leviticus 16:18). This altar is the golden altar, since the outer altar is not before the Lord in the Sanctuary. He began to cleanse the altar, sprinkling the blood downward. From where does he begin? He begins from the northeast corner, and proceeds to the northwest corner, and then to the southwest corner, and finally to the southeast corner. A way to remember this is: At the place where he begins sprinkling the blood for a sin-offering sacrificed on the outer altar, the southeast corner, there he finishes sprinkling the blood on the inner altar. Rabbi Eliezer says: The priest would not circle the altar; rather, he stood in one place and sprinkled the blood from there. Since the altar was only one square cubit, he could sprinkle the blood on all four corners without moving. And on all the corners he would present the blood from below upward, except for that corner that was directly before him, on which he would present the blood from above downward.

(ה) וְיָצָא אֶל הַמִּזְבֵּחַ אֲשֶׁר לִפְנֵי יְיָ,
זֶה מִזְבַּח הַזָּהָב. הִתְחִיל מְחַטֵּא
וְיוֹבֵד. מֵהִיכָן הוּא מַתְחִיל, מִקֶּרֶן
מְזְרָחִית צְפּוֹנִית, צְפּוֹנִית מַעַרָבִית,
מַצְרָבִית דְּרוֹמִית
מְזְרָחִית. מְקוֹם שֶׁהוּא מַתְחִיל
בַּחַטָּאת עַל מִזְבַּחַ הַחִיצוֹן, מִשָּׁם
הַיָּה גוֹמֵר עַל מִזְבַּחַ הַחִיצוֹן, מִשָּׁם
הָיָה גוֹמֵר עַל מִזְבַּחַ הַפְּנִימִי. רַבִּי
אֱלִיעֶזֶר אוֹמֵר, בִּמְקוֹמוֹ הָיָה עוֹמֵד
וּמְחַטֵּא. וְעַל כָּלָּן הָיָה נוֹתֵן מִלְּמַטָּה
וֹמְעַלָּה, חוּץ מִזּוֹ שֶׁהָיְתָה לְפָנִיו,
שַׁעַלֵיהַ הַיַה נוֹתֵן מִלְמַעְלַה לְמַטָּה:
שַׁעַלֵיהַ הַיָּה נוֹתֵן מִלְמַעְלַה לְמַטָּה:

- (6) He sprinkled blood on the pure gold of the altar seven times after clearing away the ashes. And he would pour the remainder of the blood on the western base of the outer altar. On a related topic, the mishna teaches that he would pour the remaining blood of an offering, after it was sprinkled, on the outer altar, on its southern base. These remainders of blood from the outer altar and those remainders of blood from the inner altar are mixed in the canal beneath the altar and flow out with the water used to rinse the area to the Kidron River. This water was sold to gardeners for use as fertilizer. The gardeners paid for this water and thereby redeemed it from its sanctity. Failure to do so would render them guilty of misuse of consecrated property.
- (ו) הָזָּה עַל טָהְרוֹ שֶׁל מִזְבֵּחַ שֶׁבַע פְּעָמִים, וּשְׁיָרֵי הַדָּם הָיָה שׁוֹפֵּךְ עַל יְסוֹד מַעֲרָבִי שֶׁל מִזְבֵּחַ הַחִיצוֹן, וְשֶׁל מִזְבֵּחַ הַחִיצוֹן הָיָה שׁוֹפֵּךְ עַל יְסוֹד דְּרוֹמִי. אֵלּוּ וָאֵלּוּ מִתְעָרְבִין בָּאַמָּה וְיוֹצְאִין לְנַחַל קִדְרוֹן, וְנִמְכָּרִין לַגַּנָּנִין לְזֶבֶל, וּמוֹעַלִין בָּהֶן: וְנִמְכָּרִין לַגַּנָּנִין לְזֶבֶל, וּמוֹעַלִין בָּהֶן:

- (7) Each action performed in the context of the service of Yom Kippur stated in the mishna, as in the Torah, is listed in order. If the High Priest performed one of the actions before another, he has done nothing. If he performed the sprinkling of the blood of the goat before the sprinkling of the blood of the bull, he must repeat the action and sprinkle the blood of the goat after sprinkling the blood of the bull, so that the actions are performed in the proper order. And if the blood spills before he completed the presentations that were sprinkled inside the Holy of Holies, he must slaughter another bull or goat, and bring other blood, and then repeat all the services from the beginning inside the Holy of Holies. And similarly, if the blood spills before he finishes the presentations in the Sanctuary, he must begin the service in the Sanctuary from the beginning, and likewise with regard to the sprinkling of blood on the golden altar. Since they are each acts of atonement in and of themselves, there is no need to repeat the service of the entire day from the beginning. Rather, he need only repeat the specific element that he failed to complete. Rabbi Elazar and Rabbi Shimon say: From the place that he interrupted that particular service, when the blood spilled, there he resumes performance of that service. In their opinion, each individual sprinkling in each of these services is an act in and of itself, and there is no need to repeat what he has already done.
- (ז) כָּל מַעֲשֵׂה יוֹם הַכָּפּוּרִים הָאָמוּר עַל הַפֶּדָר, אִם הִקְּדִּים מַעֲשֶׂה לַחֲבֵרוֹ, לֹא עֲשָׂה כְלוּם. הִקְדִּים דַּם הַשָּׂעִיר לְדֵם הַפָּר, יַחֲזֹר וְיֵזֶּה מִדַּם הַשָּׂעִיר לְאַחַר דַּם הַפָּר. וְאָם עַד שֶׁלֹּא גָמֵר אֶת הַמַּתָּנוֹת שֶׁבִּפְנִים נִשְׁפַּךְ הַדָּם, יָבִיא דָם אַחֵר וְיַחֲזֹר וְיֵזֶה בַתְּחִלָּה בִּפְנִים. וְכֵן בַּהֵיכָל, וְכֵן בְּמִזְבַּח הַזָּהָב, שֶׁכָּלָן כַּפָּרָה וְכֵן בְּמִזְבַּח הַזָּהָב, שֶׁכָּלָן כַּפָּרָה הַבְּמִין אוֹמְרִים, מִמְּקוֹם שֶׁפָּסַק, משׁם הוּא מתחיל: