Conceptual Curriculum Map (CCM)

Content Area <u>CTE</u>

Course <u>Personal Finance</u>

Grade Level <u>10-12</u>

Unit 1 Financial Goals	Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals: Students will be able to independently use their learning to TG1: Construct a financial SMART goal TG2: Recognize the role of goal setting in financial planning GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge. GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience. GC: (Collaboration/Articulated Thoughts): Articulates thoughts using specific evidence and reasoning in writing, speaking, and/or multimedia to meet an objective.		
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Focus & Timeframe 3 Days	Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 People save money for many different purposes, including large purchases such as cars and homes, education costs, retirement, and emergencies. Savings decisions depend on individual preferences and circumstances and can impact personal satisfaction and financial well-being.	Interpret the role of goal setting as an integral part of financial planning Construct a well-written SMART goal	Rationale Sound financial planning is essential for personal and societal well being. An individual's financial choices will result in benefits, costs, and future consequences. The results and ideals of financial actions are often transferred to future generations.
Unit 2 Paychecks and Taxes	Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals: Students will be able to independently use their learning to TG1: Make decisions on payroll choices relating to the method of payment and deductions TG2: Complete and/or use forms related to taxpayer obligations GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry about the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.		

	GC: (Creativity and Innovation/well-crafted manner designed vand audience. GC: (Collaboration/Articulated evidence and reasoning in writing)	vith a distinct style that is app Thoughts): Articulates though ng, speaking, and/or multime	ropriate for the purpose Its using specific dia to meet an objective.
	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale
Focus & Timeframe	<u>Jump\$tart National Personal</u> <u>Finance Standards 2021</u>	Define terms associated with a paycheck	Taxes pay for services that benefit society.
3 Days	Thance Standards 2021	with a payeneek	benefit society.
o Days	Compensation for a job or	Compare the	Many people will be
	career can be in the form of	advantages and	required to complete a
	wages, salaries, commissions,	disadvantages of three methods for paying	W-2, W-4, and I-9 for
	tips, or bonuses, and may also include contributions to	employees	employment.
	employee benefits, such as	employees	
	health insurance, retirement	Systematic deductions	The rate of taxes you pay
	savings plans, and education	are removed from each	in the United States are
	reimbursement programs.	paycheck	based on value, income,
	Social Security is a federal		and wealth.
	government program that		
	taxes workers and employers		
	to provide retirement,		
	disability, and survivor income benefits for workers		
	or their dependents.		
	People are required to pay taxes on most types of		
	income, including wages,		
	salaries, commissions, tips,		
	earnings on investments, and		
	self-employment income.		
Unit 3	Long-Term Outcomes/Transfe		
Banking	Students will be able to indepe	endently use their learning to)
Basics	TG 1: Operate a checking and sa	vings account	
	GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem related to the provided problem	0	: Engages in inquiry
	•		
	GC: (Creativity and Innovation/well-crafted manner designed vand audience.		
	GC: (Collaboration/Articulated evidence and reasoning in writi		
	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale
Focus &	Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021	Identify the functions of a checking account	Financial institutions offer
Timeframe	Thiance Standards 2021	a checking account	a wide range of products

3 Days	Checking and saving deposit accounts in many financial institutions are insured up to certain limits by the federal government. Deposit account interest rates and fees vary between financial institutions and depend on market conditions and competition.	Describe the procedure of using checks and a debit card Demonstrate how to use all elements of a checking account	and services in a competitive marketplace.
Unit 4 Spending Plans (Budgeting)	Long-Term Outcomes/Transfe Students will be able to indepe TG 1: Draft, evaluate, and adjust GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem related to the provided problem GC: (Creativity and Innovation/well-crafted manner designed vand audience. GC: (Collaboration/Articulated evidence and reasoning in writi Standards	endently use their learning to a budget aligned to SMART fi Solving and Solution Finding, a, investigation, or challenge. Presentation): Presents an ide with a distinct style that is app	nancial goals Engages in inquiry a or product in a ropriate for the purpose ats using specific
Focus & Timeframe 6 Days	Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 Creating a budget can help people make informed choices about spending, saving, and managing money to achieve financial goals. Consumer decisions are influenced by the price of products or services, the price of alternatives, the consumer's budget and preferences, and potential impact on the environment, society, and economy Having an organized system for keeping track of spending, saving, and investing makes it easier to make financial decisions. Long-Term Outcomes/Transfe	Analyze the spending plan process Create a spending plan	The budget cycle helps make financial decisions.

Time	Students will be able to indepe	endently use their learning to)
Value of Money	TG1 : Calculate and understand the importance of compound interest		
	GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.		
	GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience. GC: (Collaboration/Articulated Thoughts): Articulates thoughts using specific evidence and reasoning in writing, speaking, and/or multimedia to meet an objective.		
	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale
Focus & Timeframe 3 Days	Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 Interest rates and fees vary by type of lender, type of credit, and market conditions.	Learn the benefits of compound interest and the impact interest rates have on spending or saving.	Interest is the price of money. Compound interest has an exponential effect on the
	The longer a loan repayment period and the higher the interest rate, the larger the total amount of interest paid by a borrower.		borrower and saver.

Unit 6 Credit Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals: Students will be able to independently use their TG1: Make informed financial decisions when it of credit.		tes and forms of		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.			
	GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience.			
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Standards Conceptual Ove	erview Ration	nale		
Focus & CSDE Iump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 Interest rates and fees vary by type of lender, type of credit, and market conditions. Weigh the costs benefits of choose different types of and the impact of on the overall concredit	sing to use to your of credit of interest and parts of using are all	close to attention r credit, the amount dit you accumulate, nying bills on time factors in managing responsibly.		

The longer a loan repayment period and the higher the interest rate, the larger the total amount of interest paid by a borrower. Credit cards typically charge higher interest rates on	The importance of meeting credit obligations and the potential for financial trouble from the misuse of credit	Excessive debt can have costly consequences. Practicing responsible management of credit can help in correcting excessive debt.
balances due compared with rates on other types of loans.		Establishing credit provides financial independence.

Unit 7 Investing

Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals:

Students will be able to independently use their learning to...

TG1: Differentiate investment products by their characteristics and risk/return trade off.

GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.

GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience.

GC: (Collaboration/Articulated Thoughts): Articulates thoughts using specific evidence and reasoning in writing, speaking, and/or multimedia to meet an objective.

	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale
Focus & Timeframe 6 Days	Impstart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 Investors in financial assets expect an increase in value over time (capital gain) and/or receipt of regular income, such as interest or dividends. Investors who buy corporate or government bonds are lending money to the issuer in exchange for regular interest payments. Investors who buy corporate stock become part-owners of a business, benefit from potential increases in the value of their shares, and may receive dividend income.	Define risk vs. return in investment terms Compare basic investment vehicles Discuss appropriate investment strategies along the life continuum Create and monitor an online stock portfolio Enumerate personal investment goals	A savings plan acts as a safety net for unplanned events. Saving and investing may benefit in providing additional income through gaining interest and dividends. Depending on individual financial goals, investments may include savings accounts, employee or individual retirement arrangements, stocks, or bonds.

Different types of investments expose investors to different	
degrees of risk.	

Unit 8 Owning and Operating a Vehicle

Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals:

Students will be able to independently use their learning to...

TG1: Purchase and operation of a car

GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.

GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience.

GC: (Collaboration/Articulated Thoughts): Articulates thoughts using specific evidence and reasoning in writing, speaking, and/or multimedia to meet an objective.

operating a vehicle

Conceptual Overview

Focus & Timeframe 3 Days

Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021

Standards

Making an informed purchase decision requires a consumer to critically evaluate price, product claims, and quality information from a variety of sources.

When evaluating information about goods and services, a consumer can better assess the quality and usefulness of the information by understanding the incentives of the information provider.

Consumers may be influenced by how prices of goods and services are advertised, and whether prices are fixed or negotiable.

Discover the decisions and costs for purchasing and costs

Consider income and monthly payments to create a reasonable budget

Choosing to buy or lease a car depends on an individual's income, lifestyle, needs, and wants.

Rationale

There are basic costs involved in operating a car such as gas, insurance, routine maintenance, however, additional costs may occur depending on individual needs and wants

Unit 9 Insurance

Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals:

Students will be able to independently use their learning to...

TG1: Use insurance to help manage those risks by accepting, reducing, or transferring them to others

GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.

GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience.

GC: (Collaboration/Articulated Thoughts): Articulates thoughts using specific evidence and reasoning in writing, speaking, and/or multimedia to meet an objective.

	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale
Focus & Timeframe 3 Days	Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 Making an informed purchase decision requires a consumer to critically evaluate price, product claims, and quality information from a variety of sources. When evaluating information about goods and services, a consumer can better assess the quality and usefulness of the information by understanding the incentives of the information provider. Consumers may be influenced by how prices of goods and services are advertised, and whether prices are fixed or negotiable.	Explore the different types of insurance (health, home, auto, life) Describe how insurance works and its benefits	Individuals can protect themselves from risk by obtaining proper insurance. As individuals face different stages and events in their life, different types of insurance to protect their assets may be required.

Unit 10 Housing

Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Goals:

Students will be able to independently use their learning to...

TG1: What are the advantages/disadvantages of owning a home vs renting?

GC: (Critical Thinking/Problem Solving and Solution Finding): Engages in inquiry related to the provided problem, investigation, or challenge.

GC: (Creativity and Innovation/Presentation): Presents an idea or product in a well-crafted manner designed with a distinct style that is appropriate for the purpose and audience.

GC: (Collaboration/Articulated Thoughts): Articulates thoughts using specific evidence and reasoning in writing, speaking, and/or multimedia to meet an objective.

	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale
Focus & Timeframe 3 Days	Iump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021 Consumer decisions are influenced by the price of products or services, the price of alternatives, the consumer's budget and preferences, and the potential impact on the environment, society, and economy. When purchasing a good that is expected to be used for a long time, consumers consider the product's durability, maintenance costs, and various product features. Housing decisions depend on individual preferences, circumstances, and costs, and can impact personal satisfaction and financial well-being.	Recognize the variety of forms for rental agreements Identify the components of a lease agreement Describe the purpose of security deposits Consider the importance of rental insurance	Housing often comprises a significant portion of an individual or family budget. While buying a home incurs costs and responsibilities, it is also a strategy to build equity and increase net worth over time.

Unit 11 Paying for College	Long-Term Outcomes/Transfer Students will be able to independent of the control o	endently use their learning to ecisions when it comes to into Solving and Solution Finding	erest rates and forms of
	GC: (Creativity and Innovation/well-crafted manner designed vand audience.	Presentation): Presents an ide	•
	GC: (Collaboration/Articulated evidence and reasoning in writi	0)	.
	Standards	Conceptual Overview	Rationale

Focus &
Timeframe
3 Days

Jump\$tart National Personal Finance Standards 2021

Post-secondary education is often financed by students and families/caregivers through a combination of scholarships, grants, student loans, work-study, and savings.

Federal student loans have lower rates and more favorable repayment terms than private student loans, and may be subsidized. Describe the different sources of funding for postsecondary education.

Identify scholarships and grants for which they are eligible.

Paying close attention to your credit, the amount of credit you accumulate, and paying bills on time are all factors in managing credit responsibly.

Excessive debt can have costly consequences.
Practicing responsible management of credit can help in correcting excessive debt.

Establishing credit provides financial independence.