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# Try to make a small program, illustrating R2 in
# linear, logistic, and Cox models
setwd("f:\\book\\R\\Rdata")
library(Hmisc)
library(Design)
library(foreign)

# Import samples from GUSTO-I
sample5 <- as.data.frame(read.spss('f:/Book/SPSS/sample5.sav'))
sample4 <- as.data.frame(read.spss('f:/Book/SPSS/sample4.sav'))
gusto <- as.data.frame(read.spss('f:/Book/SPSS/gusto.sav'))
gustoB <- as.data.frame(read.spss('f:/Book/SPSS/gustoB.sav'))

gustos <- sample5
gustos <- sample4 # choose one of the samples for illustration

gustos[1,] # simple name for use during procedure
describe(gustos) # overview of the data

# Fit a full model in sample5; 17 predictors
full <- lrm(DAY30~SHO+A65+ANT+DIA+HYP+HRT+TTR+SEX+PMI+HEI+WEI+HTN+SMK+LIP+PAN+FAM+ST4,
            data=gustos,x=T,y=T,linear.predictors=F)
# Fit a model with 8 previously specified predictors
full8 <- lrm(DAY30~SHO+A65+HIG+DIA+HYP+HRT+TTR+SEX, data=gustos,x=T,y=T,linear.predictors=T)
# Fit with continuous versions of age and shock (Killip)
full8 <- lrm(DAY30~KILLIP+AGE+HIG+DIA+HYP+HRT+TTR+SEX, data=gustos,x=T,y=T,linear.predictors=T,
            maxit=99)

# Internal validation by bootstrapping
val.full8 <- validate(full8, B=200)

# Look at the results
full
full8

# Make predictions for gustoB, an independent part for validation
ruleLP <- predict(full, gustoB, type="lp")
ruleLP <- predict(full8, gustoB, type="lp")
ruleLP[1:10] # Lp values negative, on average prob needs to be around 7%
probLP <- plogis(ruleLP) # from linear predictor to probabilities
mean(probLP) # On average prob needs to be around 7%

# Use val.prob function for validation graph; val.prob.ci function is even nicer
val.full <- val.prob(probLP,gustoB$DAY30, pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 0.7),
                    xlab="Predicted probability according to full model",
                    ylab="Observed probability in external
data",riskdist='predicted',cex=1, statloc=F)
text(x=c(.3,.1,.3), y=c(.6,.5,.5),
     c(paste("C (ROC)=", round(val.full[2],2),sep=""),"",
       paste("Calibration slope=", round(val.full[13],2),sep="") ),adj=1)

# Perform bw stepwise selection
bw5 <- fastbw(full8, rule="p", type="individual", sls=0.05)
bw5
# Validate by bootstrapping, including the selection procedure
val.full8stepwise <- validate(full8, bw=T,rule="p", type="individual", sls=0.05, B=200)

# Fit stepwise selected model
step5 <- lrm.fit(y=full8$y, x=as.matrix(full8$x[,bw5$factores.kept]))
ruleLP5 <- predict(step5, gustoB, type="lp")
ruleLP5[1:10]
probLP5 <- plogis(ruleLP5)
mean(probLP5)

# Use val.prob function for validation graph; val.prob.ci function is even nicer
val5 <- val.prob(probLP5,gustoB$DAY30, pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 0.7),
                 xlab="Predicted probability according to stepwise model",
                 ylab="Observed probability in external
data",riskdist='predicted',cex=1, statloc=F)
text(x=c(.3,.1,.3), y=c(.6,.5,.5),
     c(paste("C (ROC)=", round(val5[2],2),sep=""),"",
       paste("Calibration slope=", round(val5[13],2),sep="") ),adj=1)

# Selection with p<.50
bw50 <- fastbw(full, rule="p", sls=0.5)

#### Validation in gustoB #####

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names(gustoB)
[1] "DAY30" "SEX" "AGE" "A65" "KILLIP" "SHO" "DIA" "HYP"
[9] "HRT" "ANT" "PMI" "HEI" "WEI" "HTN" "SMK" "LIP"
[17] "PAN" "FAM" "STE" "ST4" "TTR" "ESAMP" "GRPL" "GRPS"
[25] "REGL" "HIG"
XB <- as.matrix(gustoB[,2:21])

# Order: "SEX" "AGE" "A65" "KILLIP" "SHO" "DIA" "HYP" "HRT" "ANT"
"PMI" "HEI" "WEI" "HTN" "SMK" "LIP" "PAN" "FAM" "STE" "ST4" "TTR"
XB[1,]
rule <- -9.9 +XB %*% (c(0, 0.063, 0, 1.28, 0, 0, 1.29, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, .78, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1.40, 0))
rule[1:10]
prob <- plogis(rule)
mean(prob) # Should be around 7%
val.prob(prob,gustoB$DAY30,pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 0.8),
xlab="Predicted probability according to Monique model",
ylab="Observed probability",riskdist='predicted',cex=1)

# Order: "SEX" "AGE" "A65" "KILLIP" "SHO" "DIA" "HYP" "HRT" "ANT"
"PMI" "HEI" "WEI" "HTN" "SMK" "LIP" "PAN" "FAM" "STE" "ST4" "TTR"
rule <- -11.2 +XB %*% (c(0, 0.07, 0, 1.26, 0, 0, 1.25, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0.86, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.24, 0, 0.73))
rule[1:10]
prob <- 1/(1+exp(-rule))
mean(prob)
val.prob(prob,gustoB$DAY30,pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 1),
xlab="Predicted probability according to Huub model",
ylab="Observed probability",riskdist='predicted',cex=1)

# Order: "SEX" "AGE" "A65" "KILLIP" "SHO" "DIA" "HYP" "HRT" "ANT"
"PMI" "HEI" "WEI" "HTN" "SMK" "LIP" "PAN" "FAM" "STE" "ST4" "TTR"
rule <- -10.2 +XB %*% (c(0, 0.064, 0, 1.18, 0, 0, 1.23, 0.52, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0.7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1.27, 0.58))
rule[1:10]
prob <- 1/(1+exp(-rule))
mean(prob)
val.prob(prob,gustoB$DAY30,pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 0.8),
xlab="Predicted probability according to Floris 1 model",
ylab="Observed probability",riskdist='predicted',cex=1)

# Order: "SEX" "AGE" "A65" "KILLIP" "SHO" "DIA" "HYP" "HRT" "ANT"
"PMI" "HEI" "WEI" "HTN" "SMK" "LIP" "PAN" "FAM" "STE" "ST4" "TTR"
rule <- -7.8 +XB %*% (c(0, 0.08, 0, 0.41, 0, 0.62, 0.8, 0.88, 0.56, 0.51,
0, -0.02, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.11, 0, 0.68))
rule[1:10]
prob <- 1/(1+exp(-rule))
mean(prob)
val.prob(prob,gustoB$DAY30,pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 0.8),
xlab="Predicted probability according to Floris 2 model",
ylab="Observed probability",riskdist='predicted',cex=1)

# Order: "SEX" "AGE" "A65" "KILLIP" "SHO" "DIA" "HYP" "HRT" "ANT" "PMI"
"HEI" "WEI" "HTN" "SMK" "LIP" "PAN" "FAM" "STE" "ST4" "TR"
rule <- -10 +XB %*% (c(0, 0.073, 0, 1.2, 0, 0, 1.25, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0.89, 0, 0, 0, 0.21, 0, 0.66))
rule[1:10]
prob <- 1/(1+exp(-rule))
mean(prob)
val.prob(prob,gustoB$DAY30,pl=T,smooth=T,logistic.cal=F, g=10,lim=c(0, 1),
xlab="Predicted probability according to UMCU model",
ylab="Observed probability",riskdist='predicted',cex=1)

##### OLD MATERIAL #####
# Bootstrap validation
val.full <- validate(full8,B=200)
val.full
val.bw5 <- validate(full8,B=200, bw=T,rule="p", type="individual", sls=0.05)
val.bw5
val.bw50 <- validate(full8,B=100, bw=T,rule="p",type="individual", sls=0.5)
val.bw50
val.bw5.cheat <- validate(step5,B=200)
val.bw5.cheat
# AIC

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val.bwAIC <- validate(full8,B=200, bw=T,rule="aic")
val.bwAIC
val.bwAIC.cheat <- validate(step5,B=200)
val.bwAIC.cheat # validation without replaying selection per bootstrap sample

### Random permutations of gustos (sample5 or sample4) to approximate Ye's procedure
### First: Harrell's: method="random" in validate
val.fullr <- validate(full8,B=200,method="random")
val.fullr # validation results randomly permuted
val.bw5r <- validate(full8,B=200, bw=T,rule="p", sls=0.05, method="random")
val.bw5r # validation results randomly permuted

### Second: own program
R2sum <- R2sum5 <- j <- 0 # starting values
for (i in 1:1000) { # repeat many times
  gustos$DAY30r <- sample(gustos$DAY30) # outcome permuted
  full8 <- lrm(DAY30r~SHO+A65+HIG+DIA+HYP+HRT+TTR+SEX,
    data=gustos,x=T,y=T,linear.predictors=F) # 8 predictor model
  bw5 <- fastbw(full8, rule="p", sls=0.05) # bw stepwise selection
  R2sum <- R2sum + full8$stat[10] # always calculate R2 full
  if (length(bw5$factors.kept>0)) { # often no predictors selected
    fitbw <- lrm.fit(y=full8$y, x=as.matrix(full8$x[,bw5$factors.kept]))
    R2sum5 <- R2sum5 + fitbw$stat[10]
    j <- j+1 } # if model fitted, add R2, keep track of number of fits

  if (i%10==0) # print only per 10
  cat(i,j, "Full R2",full8$stat[10], "Step R2",fitbw$stat[10],
    "Mean R2", R2sum / i, "Unconditional mean step R2", R2sum5 / i,
    "Conditional mean step R2", R2sum5 / j, "\n")
  } # end for loop

## ROC curves ###
library(ROCR)
pred <- prediction(full8$linear.predictors, full8$y)
perf <- performance(pred,"tpr","fpr")
plot(perf)
lines(x=c(0,1), y=c(0,1), type='l')
perfauc <- performance(pred,"auc")
text(x=.1,y=.9,paste("AUC (c):",round(slot(perfauc,"y.values")[[1]],2)),adj=0)

## END OLD MATERIAL #####

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