

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To enable the students to

- ☐ Describe the trends in the physical and chemical properties and
- ☐ preparations of P-block elements of groups 13,14,15 & 16 which are used in the manufacture of various products in daily life.
- ☐ Discuss the special properties of transition elements and inner transition elements and Predict the trends in properties
- ☐ Describe general characteristics of solids, classification and imperfections, assessing the packing efficiency of different types of cubic unit cells.
- ☐ Predict the behavior of real gases and liquid crystals under varied conditions and use them optimally to match the needs
- ☐ Explain the formation of different types of solution, examine concentrations, describe the colligative properties and correlate them with molar masses of solutes.
- ☐ Explain theories of bonding in metals, describe conductors, semi conductors and insulators which helps in building their career in battery industry.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- ☐ Understand the basic concepts of p-block elements
- ☐ Explain the difference between solid, liquid and gases in terms of intermolecular interactions.
- ☐ Apply the concepts of gas equations, pH and electrolytes while studying other chemistry courses.

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY: 24

UNIT- I:

CHEMISTRY OF P-BLOCK ELEMENTS: 8h

Group 13: Preparation & structure of Diborane, Borazine

Group 14: Preparation, classification and uses of silicones

Group 15: Preparation & structures of Phosphonitrilic halides
 $\{(PNCI_2)_n\}$ where $n=3, 4$

Group 16: Oxides and Oxoacids of Sulphur (structures only)

Group 17: Pseudohalogens, Structures of Interhalogen compounds.

UNIT - II:

1. CHEMISTRY OF D-BLOCK ELEMENTS: 6h

Characteristics of d-block elements with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valence, magnetic properties, catalytic properties and ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states.

2. CHEMISTRY OF F-BLOCK ELEMENTS: 6h

Chemistry of lanthanides - electronic structure, oxidation states, lanthanide contraction, consequences of lanthanide contraction, magnetic properties. Chemistry of actinides - electronic configuration, oxidation states, actinide contraction, comparison of lanthanides and actinides.

3.THEORIES OF BONDING IN METALS:

4h

Valence bond theory and Free electron theory, explanation of thermal and electrical conductivity of metals based on these theories, Band theory- formation of bands, explanation of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

36h

UNIT- III

SOLID STATE:

10h

Symmetry in crystals. Law of constancy of interfacial angles. The law of rationality of indices. The law of symmetry. Miller indices, Definition of lattice point, space lattice, unit cell. Bravais lattices and crystal systems. X-ray diffraction and crystal structure. Bragg's law. Powder method. Defects in crystals. Stoichiometric and non-stoichiometric defects.

UNIT – IV:

1. GASEOUS STATE

6h

van der Waal's equation of state. Andrew's isotherms of carbon dioxide, continuity of state. Critical phenomena. Relationship between critical constants and van der Waal's constants. Law of corresponding states. Joule- Thomson effect. Inversion temperature.

2. LIQUID STATE

4h

Liquid crystals, mesomorphic state. Differences between liquid crystal and solid/liquid. Classification of liquid crystals into Smectic and Nematic. Application of liquid crystals as LCD devices.

UNIT – V:

SOLUTIONS, IONIC EQUILIBRIUM & DILUTE SOLUTIONS

1. SOLUTIONS

6h

Azeotropes -HCl-H₂O system and ethanol-water system. Partially miscible liquids-phenol- water system. Critical solution temperature (CST), Effect of impurity on consolute temperature. Immiscible liquids and steam distillation. Nernst distribution law. Calculation of the partition coefficient. Applications of distribution law.

2. IONIC EQUILIBRIUM

3h

Ionic product, common ion effect, solubility and solubility product. Calculations based on solubility product.

3. DILUTE SOLUTIONS

7h

Colligative properties- RLVP, Osmotic pressure, Elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for the determination of molar mass of a non-volatile solute using osmotic pressure, Elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Abnormal colligative properties. Van't Hoff factor.

CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES AND ASSESSMENT METHODS

1. Continuous Evaluation: Monitoring the progress of student's learning

2. Class Tests, Worksheets and Quizzes
3. Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhance critical thinking skills and personality
4. Semester- end Examination: critical indicator of student's learning and teaching methods adopted by teachers through out the semester.

List of Reference Books

1. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron
2. Solid State Chemistry and its applications by Anthony R. West
3. Text book of physical chemistry by K L Kapoor
4. Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
5. Advanced physical chemistry by Bahl and Tuli
6. Inorganic Chemistry by J. E. Huheey
7. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by Cotton and Wilkinson
8. A textbook of qualitative inorganic analysis by A. I. Vogel
9. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry Ed., Oxford University Press 10th Ed (2014).
10. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
11. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
12. Barrow, G. M. Physical Chemistry

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ST.JOSEPH'S COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) VISAKHAPATNAM
I SEMESTER **CHEMISTRY** **Time:2Hrs/Week**
CH 1252(2) **INORGANIC&PHYSICALCHEMISTRY** **Max.Marks:50**
20-21 admitted batch-"20AH" PRACTICAL SYLLABUS – IA

Qualitative inorganic analysis (Minimum of Six mixtures should be analysed)

50 M

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- ☐ Understand the basic concepts of qualitative analysis of inorganic mixture
- ☐ Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- ☐ Apply the concepts of common ion effect, solubility product and concepts related to qualitative analysis

Analysis of SALT MIXTURE

50M

- ☐ Analysis of mixture salt containing two anions and two cations (From two different groups) from the following:

Anions: Carbonate, Sulphate, Chloride, Bromide, Acetate, Nitrate, Borate, Phosphate. **Cations:** Lead, Copper, Iron, Aluminium, Zinc, Nickel, Manganese, Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Potassium and Ammonium.

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