

Unit Title:	Solve Problems Involving Geometry
Unit Vocabulary:	Angle pair relationship, angles, vertex, scale drawing, scale factor, similar triangles, equivalent rations, supplementary, complimentary, vertical, adjacent angles
Upcoming Common Assessments (MasteryConnect):	Major Test #2 : September 26, 2025 (Friday)

Teacher: Vander Wal Grade/Subject: Math 7

	Standard(s) + Learning Objective	Activating Experience  (Opening, may include "Scholar Starter")	Learning Experience  (Work Time: SB Materials and Resources, Vocab, Scaffolds/Supports, SWRL, Costas)	Formative or Summative Assessment(s)	Summarizing Experience (Closing)	WICOR, AVID and/or ELLevation Strategies  (aligned with learning objective)
M O N D A Y	7.MGSR.2.3 Identify the relationships and measures among angles formed by two intersecting lines, given the measure of one angle. Limit to supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent relationships.  Learning Objective Skill (what), Content (why), Product (how): I can identify and explain complementary and adjacent angles, and solve	Spiral Review  Cycle 6  Think-Pair-Shar  e  Scholars solve the question, then explain their process to a partner. One pair shares out using academic voca bulary.	Teacher Materials: Direct Instruction (I Do, You Do, We Do)  • McGraw-Hill Textbook  - Page 71-78  Student Materials:  • McGrawHill Textbook  - Page 71 Exploring Part  - Page 73 Vertical Flight  • Angle Pair Relationship  Content/Academic Vocabulary:  - Angles  - Vertex  - Ray  - Right angle  - Adjacent	Observation during Guided Practice  Exit Slip  Practice Drill Activity	Exit Ticket  Vocabulary Check (1 point each):  Define the following terms in your own words:  a. Complementary angles:	Think-Pair-Share Activity  Vocabulary Check  Scaffolded Practice

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at least 20	- Complementary	b. Adjacent	
problems using	- vertical	angles:	
their angle		<b>→</b>	
relationship.	ILAP/IEP/504 Scaffolds & Supports:		
	Partner Work with Peer Coach		
	Pair with a high-performing peer for		
	textbook practice. One explains while the		
	other solves.		
	Scaffolded Practice		
	Scanolided Fractice		
	Begin with simpler shapes or angle		
	diagrams, then gradually increase		
	complexity during the spiral review.		
	Opportunities to SWRL:		
	Speaking: Explain your thinking clearly while your		
	partner solves the problem.		
	Writing:		
	Complete written practice problems progressively.		
	complete written produce problems progressively.		
	Reading:		
	Read the problem carefully to understand what is		
	being asked.		
	Listening:		
	Listen to instructions and feedback during practice.		
	Costa's Levels of Thinking/Questioning:		
	Level 1:What do the interior angles of a triangle add up		
	to?		
	Level 2: How can you tell whether two angles are		
	adjacent or vertical in a diagram?		

T U E S D A Y	Standard (write out):  7.MGSR.2.3 Identify the relationships and measures among angles formed by two intersecting lines, given the measure of one angle. Limit to supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent relationships.  Learning Objective Skill (what), Content (why), Product (how):  I can identify and explain vertical and supplementary angles, and solve problems using their relationships by completing a textbook drill with accurate steps and justifications.	Spiral Review  Cycle 6  Numbered Heads Together  In teams, all solve the question. The teacher calls a number, and that scholar explains their group's answer.	Level 3:Create a diagram with multiple intersecting lines. Identify and label all vertical, adjacent, complementary, and supplementary angles. Explain how you found each one.  Standards Based Materials & Resources:  Teacher Materials: Direct Instruction (I Do, You Do, We Do)  McGraw-Hill Textbook  Page 71-78  Student Materials: McGrawHill Textbook  Page 77-78  Angle Pair Relationship  Content/Academic Vocabulary: Angles Vertex Ray Right angle Adjacent Complementary Vertical Supplementary  ILAP/IEP/504 Scaffolds & Supports:  Check-In/Check-Out System  Brief verbal or written goal check at the start and end of class to monitor understanding and focus on daily success.  Audio Instructions or Read-Aloud Support	Observation during Guided Practice  Exit Ticket  Practice Drill Activity	Self-Reflection (1 point)  How confident do you feel about identifying and solving problems with vertical and supplementary angles?  Very confident  Somewhat confident  Still need help	Numbered Heads Together Read Aloud Support Check In/Out System
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			<ul> <li>Provide access to digital or teacher-read instructions and word problems, especially during independent work or assessments.</li> </ul>			
			Opportunities to SWRL:			
			Speaking: The chosen scholar explains their team's answer aloud using terms like adjacent, complementary, supplementary, vertex, and angle pair relationship.			
			Writing: Each scholar records the group's solution and their own notes before anyone is selected to speak.			
			Reading: All scholars read the problem and any diagrams or instructions together to understand what is being asked.			
			Listening: Scholars listen to word problems, directions, or vocabulary read aloud (by a teacher or digital tool).			
			Costa's Levels of Thinking/Questioning:			
			Level 1:What do the interior angles of a triangle add up to?			
			<b>Level 2:</b> How can you tell whether two angles are adjacent or vertical in a diagram?			
			Level 3:Create a diagram with multiple intersecting lines. Identify and label all vertical, adjacent, complementary, and supplementary angles. Explain how you found each one.			
W E	Standard (write out):	Spiral Review	Standards Based Materials & Resources:  Teacher Materials:	Observation during Guided Practice	Exit Ticket	Gallery Walk
D N E	7.MGSR.2.3	Cycle 6	Direct Instruction (I Do, You Do, We Do)  • McGraw-Hill Textbook  - Page 71-78	Exit Ticket	Confidence Check (1 point)	

S D A Y	Identify the relationships and measures among angles formed by two intersecting lines, given the measure of one angle. Limit to supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent relationships.  7.MGSR.2.4 -Write and solve equations to solve mathematical and real-world situations involving the relationships among angles formed by two interesting lines. Limit to supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent relationships.  Learning Objective Skill (what), Content (why), Product (how):  I can solve for missing angles using angle relationships by completing a practice drill with correct steps and	Sticky Note Gallery Walk  Scholars solve sticky notes and post them. They read two peers' work and add a v if correct or a ? for questions.	Student Materials:  McGrawHill Textbook Study guide for Major Quiz #2  Angle Pair Relationship  Angle pair relationship Angles Vertex Ray Right angle Adjacent Complementary vertical  ILAP/IEP/504 Scaffolds & Supports:  Provide visual templates for volume/surface area steps (e.g., box chart showing formula, values, substitution, and answer).  Visual Timer or Checklist for Task Completion Support time management by displaying a timer or task checklist for each part of the spiral review or drill.  Opportunities to SWRL: Speaking: Discuss reasoning with a partner. Writing: Write a simple factual answer.	Practice Drill Activity	How do you feel about solving angle problems?  Got it! Almost there Need more help	
	reasoning.		Writing: Write a simple factual answer.			

			Reading: Read the direct question.		
			Listening: Listen to peers share responses.		
			Costa's Levels of Thinking/Questioning:		
			<b>Level 1:</b> Define complementary, supplementary, vertical, and adjacent angles.		
			Level 2: Use a number sentence or equation to show how you found a missing angle from a straight angle.  Level 3:Compare two different methods for finding a missing angle. Which one is more efficient and why? Explain.		
T H U R S D A Y	Standard (write out):  7.MGSR.2.4 -Write and solve equations to solve mathematical and real-world situations involving the relationships among angles formed by two interesting lines. Limit to supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent relationships.  Learning Objective Skill (what), Content (why), Product (how):	Spiral Review  Cycle 6	Explain.  Unit 2 (2nd Half) Review  1). Scale Factor and Scale Drawings - solving with a proportion  2). Solving Equations with Angle Relationships  3). Finding the missing angle measure using angle relationships  Content/Academic Vocabulary:  - Angle pair relationship  - Angles  - Vertex  - Ray  - Right angle  - Adjacent  - Complementary  - vertical  ILAP/IEP/504 Scaffolds & Supports:	Observation during Guided Practice  Exit Ticket  Practice Drill  Activit	
	I can solve for missing angles using angle relationships by		Use of Graphic Organizers		

	completing a practice drill with correct steps and reasoning.		<ul> <li>Provide visual templates for volume/surface area steps (e.g., box chart showing formula, values, substitution, and answer).</li> <li>Visual Timer or Checklist for Task Completion</li> <li>Support time management by displaying a timer or task checklist for each part of the spiral review or drill.</li> </ul>			
			Opportunities to SWRL:  Speaking: Discuss reasoning with a partner.			
F R I D A Y	I can solve for missing angles by identifying angle relationships and writing equations, and show what I know on Major Test #2 by solving geometric problems with accurate steps and justifications.	Sentence Frame Cold Call  A student explains their answer using a frame like: "I used because, so the answer is"	Writing: Write a simple factual answer.  Standards Based Materials & Resources:  Teacher Materials: Direct Instruction (I Do, You Do, We Do)  McGraw-Hill Textbook  Student Materials: Study Guide for Major Quiz # 2  ALEKS for early completers  Content/Academic Vocabulary: Angle pair relationship Angles Vertex Ray Right angle Adjacent Complementary	Major Quiz #2 Observation during Guided Practice Exit Ticket	Exit Ticket  Circle how you feel about today's topic:  I can explain angle relationships and solve equations on my own I understand most of it, but I need more practice I still need help understanding angle relationships and equations	Sentence Frame Cold Call Reference Chart Exit Ticket
			- vertical  ILAP/IEP/504 Scaffolds & Supports:			

Provide a personalized or standardized math formula chart, including labeled diagrams of prisms, pyramids, and angle relationships.		
Extended Time		
<ul> <li>Scholars receive time-and-a-half or double time to complete the test, depending on individual need.</li> </ul>		
Opportunities to SWRL:		
Speaking: During review time, scholars explain their comparison out loud to a partner or small group using academic language (e.g., "Vertical angles are congruent because").		
Writing: Scholars complete written problem-solving steps with more time to reflect and show work clearly.		
Reading: Scholars read test directions, problems, and diagrams carefully without being rushed.		
Listening: Scholars listen to peer explanations to build understanding or clarify misconceptions.		
Costa's Levels of Thinking/Questioning:		
<b>Level 1:</b> What is the total number of degrees in a straight angle?		
<b>Level 2:</b> Solve for the missing angle in a diagram using an equation and explain your steps.		

	Level 3:Compare how solving for a missing angle in		
	vertical angles is different from solving for one in		
	adjacent angles.		